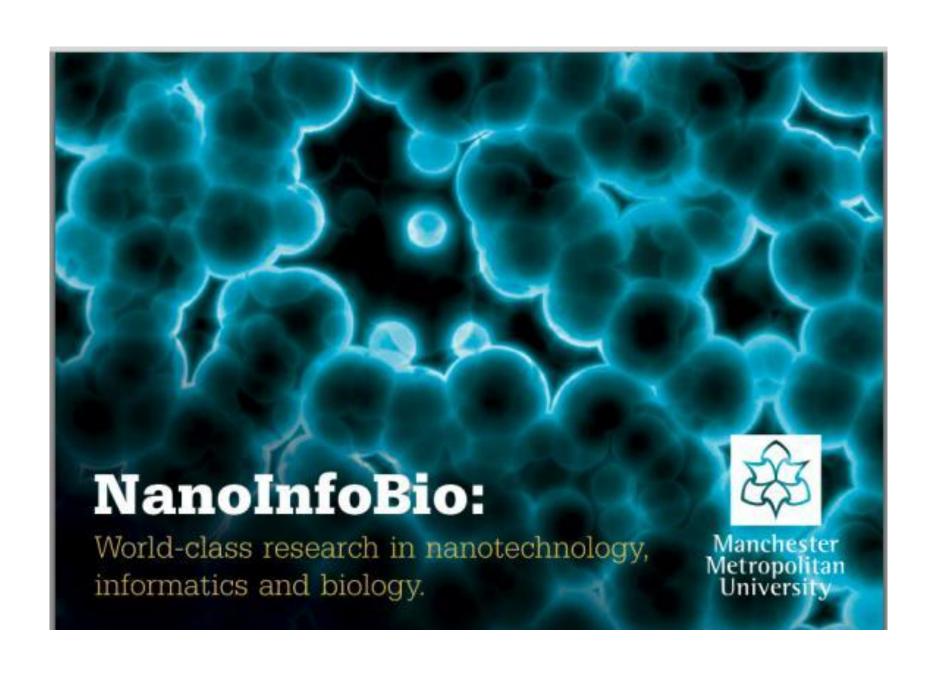


# Bridging the Gaps: NanoInfoBio

Project Lifecycle











- EPSRC 'Bridging the Gaps' Funded
- PI Martyn Amos, School of Computing,
   Mathematics and Digital Technology
- Total funding: £360,118.75
- Start date: September 2009
- Completion date: September 2011

Current status – 2/3 complete



### Our goals...

- To build (and strengthen) links between computational scientists/mathematicians/engineers and their counterparts in the natural/life/health sciences.
- Fine-grained project support that will maximise opportunity for involvement and encourage serendipitous contact between different disciplines



### NanoInfoBio

Nanotechnology

Informatics

Biology



Linkages between the three



### Who is NIB?

Databases Network security Material sciences Health Science

Optimisation Maths quantum dots Biology Engineering and Technology experimental

Embedded/low power systems Soil Expanded and Fluidised Bed Bioprocesses Biomining Technology

Public engagement Microbiology Modeling and simulation Plant-microbe interactions

Electronic design automation tools electrochemistry

zeolites Computing Synthetic organic/medicinal chemistry physics ODEs Inflammation

Immunology Magnetism and electromagnetism nanoparticles Data mining

sensor design Programming Structured Porous Materials Patenting and IPR Data analysis Muscle physiology

Env. and Geog. Science High performance/distributed computing Vascular

physiology Nanocages Environmental instrumentation

Software development (Python, Java, C, C++) Complex and dynamical systems wastewater treatment

### Chemistry/materials

Fermentation Evolutionary computation metals Molecular and cellular biology Microcirculation



### How to achieve results?

**E**xplore

Bootstrapping

Skills audit

Networking Away

Days

**E**ngage

Development

Early Adopter Projects

Sandpit Away Days

**E**ffect

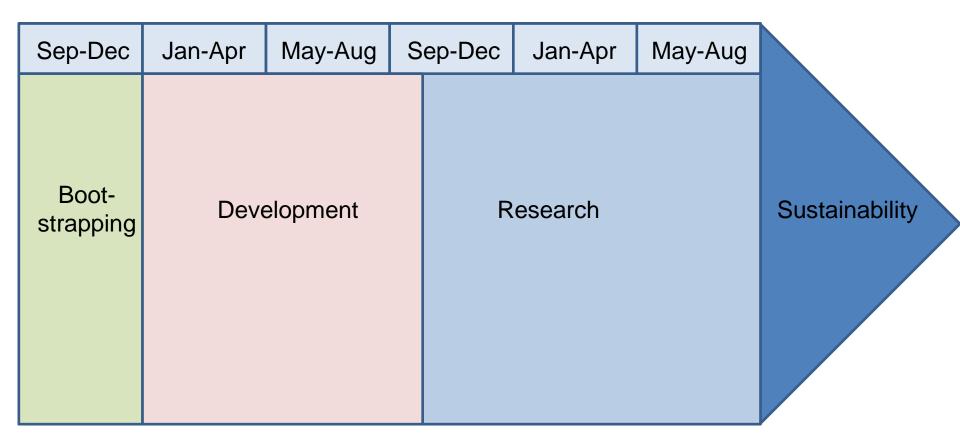
Research

Large Projects

Funding applications

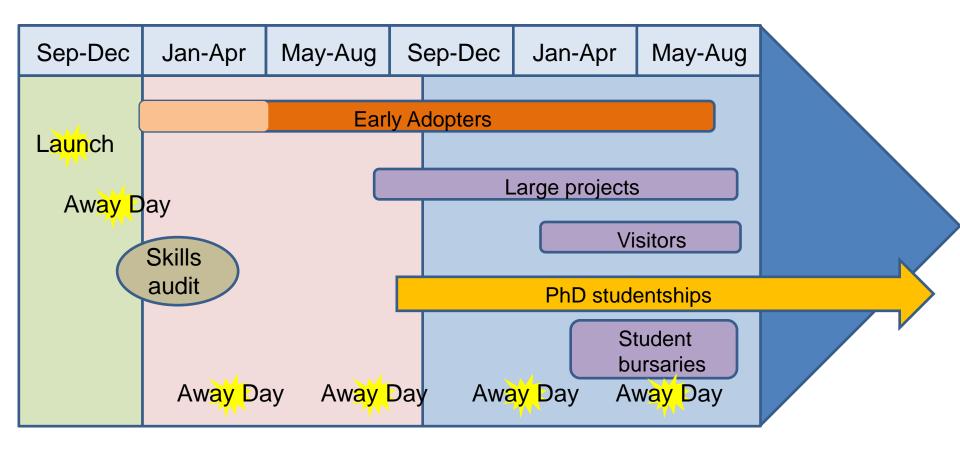


# Project lifecycle





# Project lifecycle





### Research – Case studies

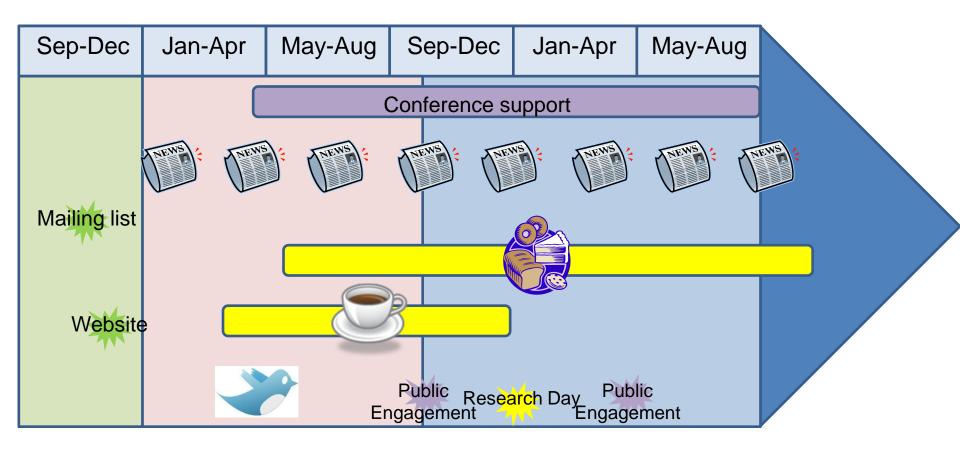
- Early Adopters
  - Computer visual tracking of muscle contraction
  - Development of an image analysis package for objective plaque identification
  - Nanotoxological influence of nanoparticles on small blood vessel function
  - Antibacterial nanostructures and their application for water purification



### Research – Case studies

- Large projects
  - Determining the extent of fungal deterioration of cine films using nanosensors
  - Muscle analysis via GPUs (based on Early Adopter)
  - DNA hashpooling: A new technique for environmental sample analysis

# Communication and networking





# Networking and Outreach









# Networking and Outreach





### Feedback

"More events like this please"

"You guys rock!"

"Effie (age 5) really enjoyed making the robot. I really enjoyed making something so simple but so impressive"



### **Impact**

- Intra-institutional impact
  - New research community
  - Over 15 brand new collaborations
  - Raising awareness of interdisciplinary research importance and barriers



### **Impact**

- Research impact
  - Biomedical applications
    - Oncology
    - Physiotherapy
    - Cardiovascular disease
    - Dental science
  - Environmental applications
    - Water purification
    - Fungal spore identification environmental health



# Media coverage



8 September 2010 Last updated at 12:23



#### Emerging fungal threat to historical film archives

By Pamela Rutherford

Reporter, BBC News

A record of British life on film could be threatened from an emerging 'disease' which eats away at film.

Home movies on cine film, videos and even TV and film archive can end up covered in fungal mould if they are not stored correctly.

Researchers hope to develop special sensors to detect the mould before it does serious damage.

Gavin Bingley is investigating films stored at the North West Film Archive at Manchester Metropolitan University



Mould on badly stored film can eat away and destroy its contents

Cinematographic film has a layer of gelatin on its surface. This emulsion layer is where the image is formed but also provides ideal food for fungi like Aspergillus and Penicillium.



### **Impact**

- Public engagement impact
  - Three events at Manchester Science Festival
  - Approx 200 people directly engaged
  - Association with Girl Geeks Manchester and Madlab
  - Bollington SciBar over 50 attendees



### What next?

- Proposal assistance
- Networking and external links
- External visitors
- Student bursaries
- Public engagement
- Conference support
- Funding identification