

Atmospheric Heterogeneous Reactivity Of Pesticides:

Parameters Influencing the Degradation Kinetics

Coraline Mattei

Etienne Quivet – Henri Wortham



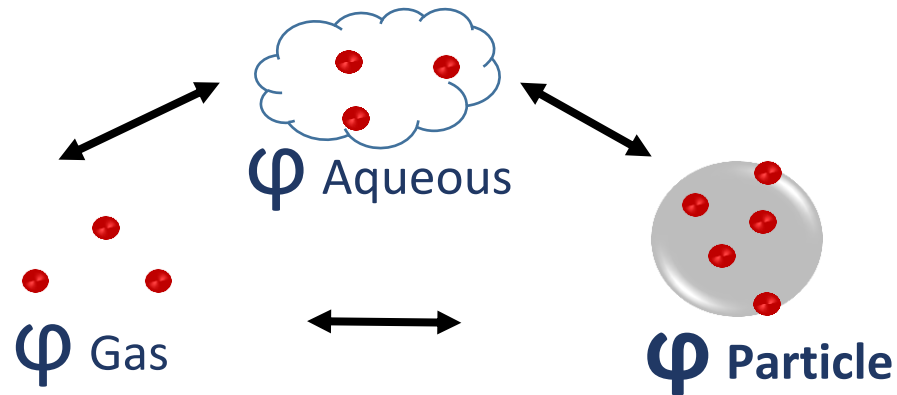
Région
Provence
Alpes
Côte d'Azur



Heterogeneous degradation



Heterogeneous degradation



Degradation by

O_3

$\cdot OH$

$NO_3\cdot$

$h\nu$

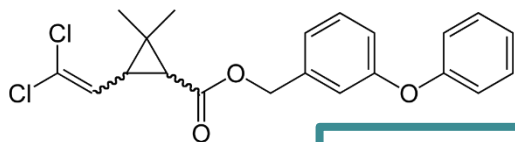
O_3 formed mainly by photolysis of
 O_2 , NO_x , VOCs

$\approx 10^{12}$ molecule. cm^{-3}
 ≈ 40 ppb

$\cdot OH$ formed mainly by photolysis of
ozone

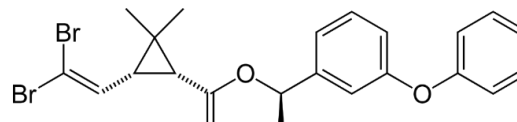
$\approx 10^7$ molecule. cm^{-3} by day
Very reactive

What are ye studying?



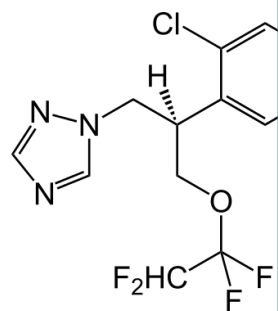
Permethrin

$K_{part}=0.97$



Difenoconazole (f)

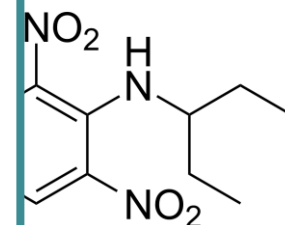
$K_{part}=0.99$



Tetraconazole

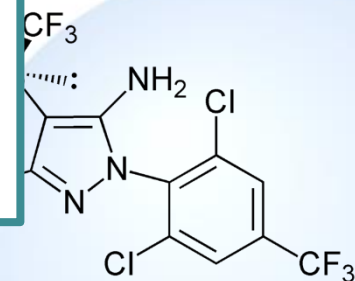
$K_{part}=0.38$

What are the parameters influencing the **heterogeneous** degradation kinetics of pesticides by **ozone** and **$\cdot\text{OH}$ radicals** ?



dimethalin (h)

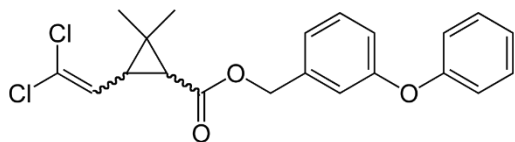
$K_{part}=0.01$



Fipronil (i)

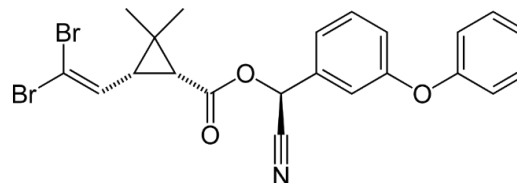
$K_{part}=0.84$

What are ye studying?



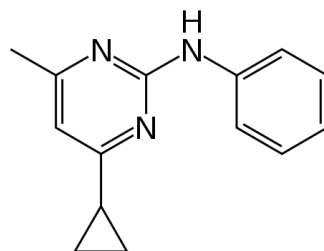
Permethrin (i)

$K_{part}=0.97$



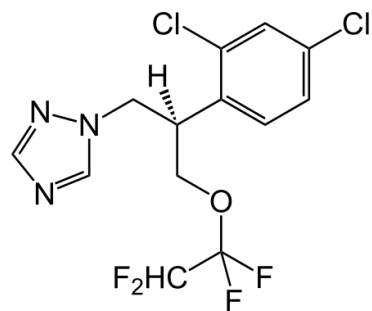
Deltamethrin (i)

$K_{part}=0.91$



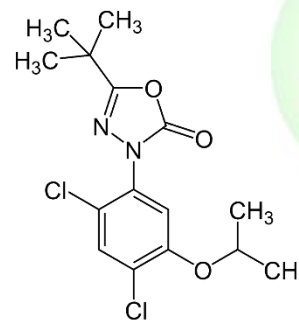
Cyprodinil (f)

$K_{part}=0.07$



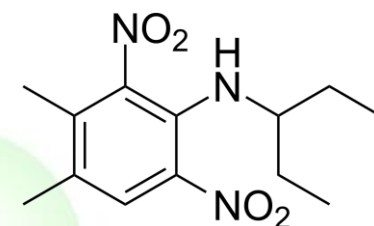
Tetraconazole (f)

$K_{part}=0.38$



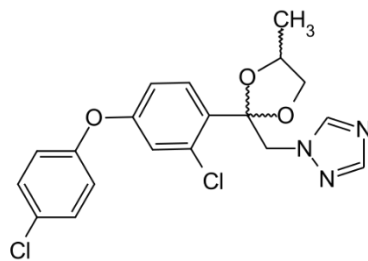
Oxadiazon (h)

$K_{part}=0.62$



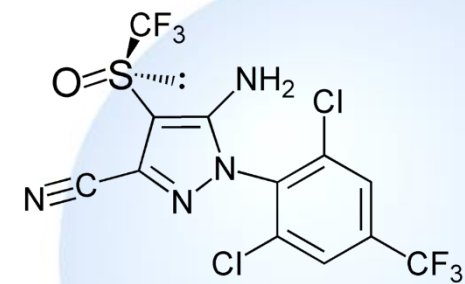
Pendimethalin (h)

$K_{part}=0.01$



Difenoconazole (f)

$K_{part}=0.99$



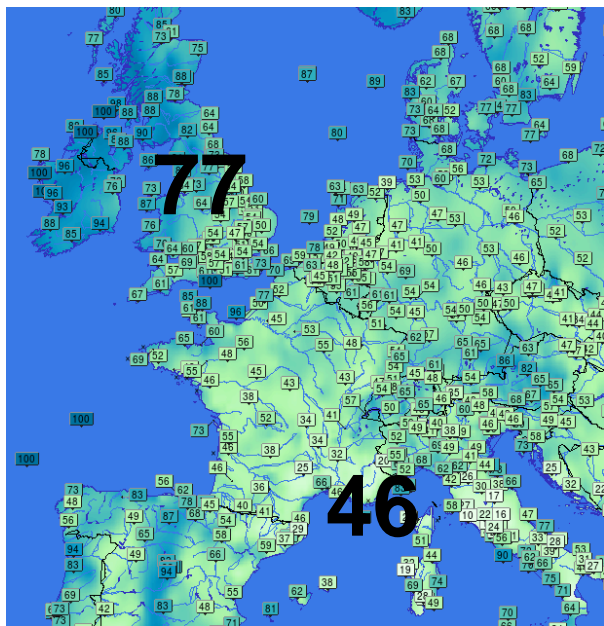
Fipronil (i)

$K_{part}=0.84$

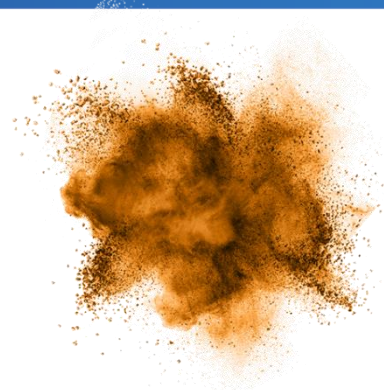
Parameters under study



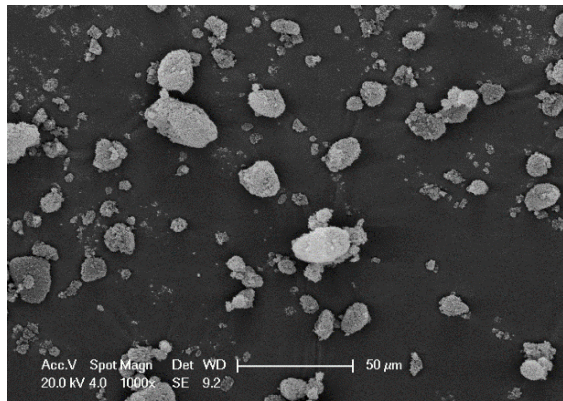
Humidity



0-80% RH



Hydrophilic silica R812



X 1000

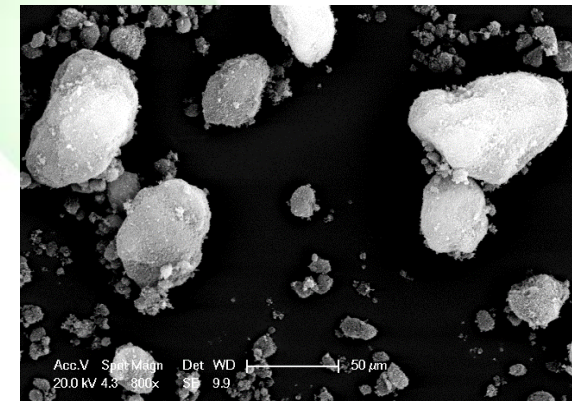
Specific surface area: 255 m².g⁻¹

5 nm to 50 nm
Agglomerates 5 µm to 25 µm

Surface : mainly silanols

Particle type

Hydrophobic silica Aerosil 255



X 800

Specific surface area : 260 m².g⁻¹

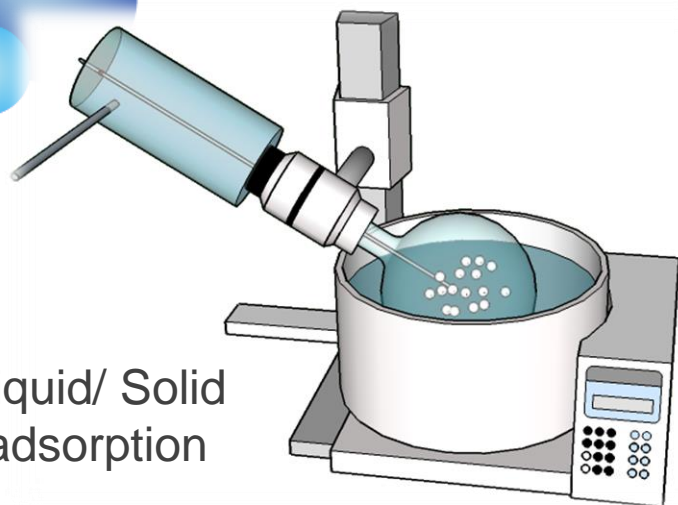
5 nm to 50 nm
Agglomerates 5 µm to 25 µm

Surface :mainly siloxanes

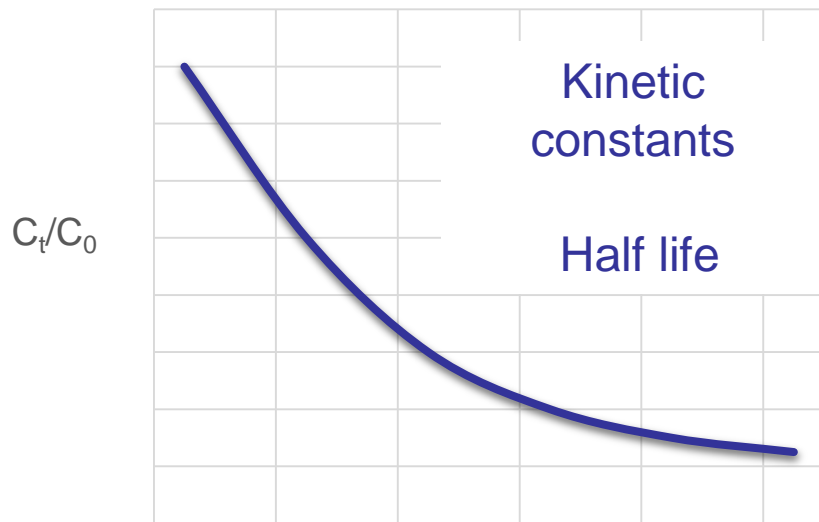
Experimental Method

Simulation of atmospheric conditions

Liquid/ Solid adsorption



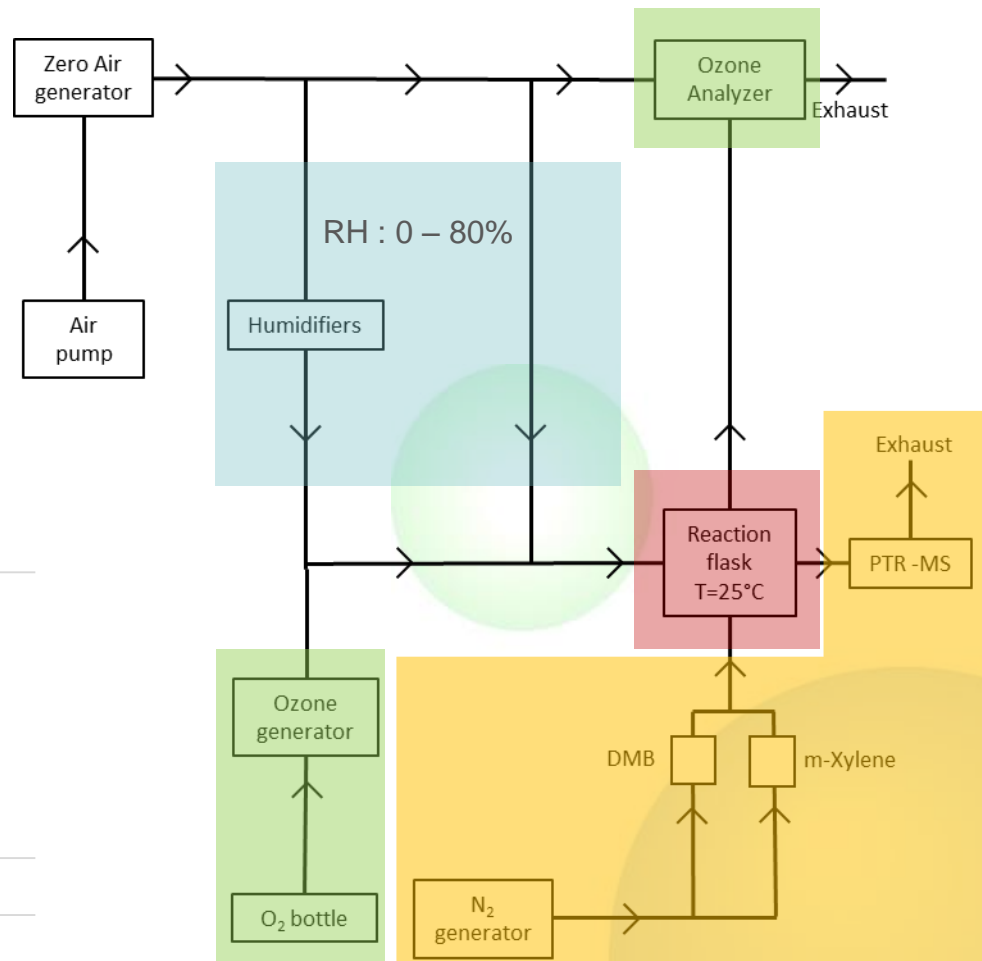
Surface coverage: 3 %



Kinetic constants

Half life

Analysis : GC-MS/MS

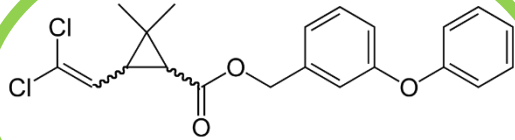


O_3 : 400 ppb

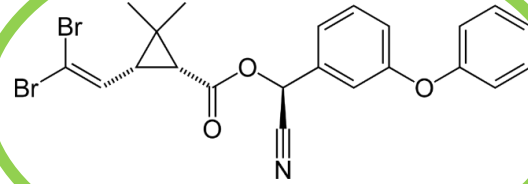
$\cdot OH$: 10^7 molecule. cm^{-3}

Results

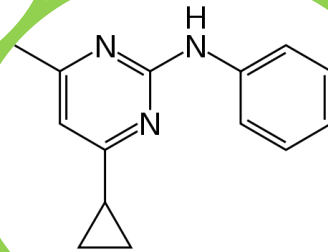
8 pesticides under study



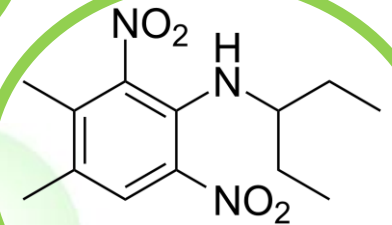
Permethrin



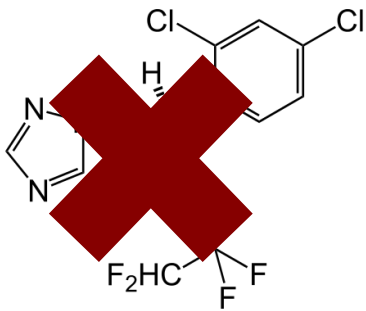
Deltamethrin



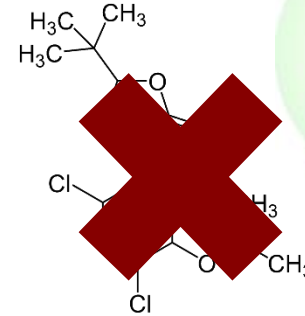
Cyprodinil



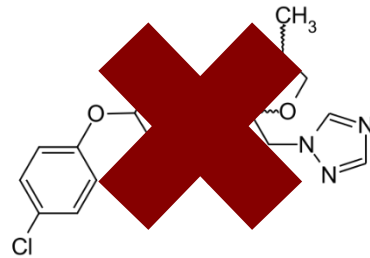
Pendimethalin



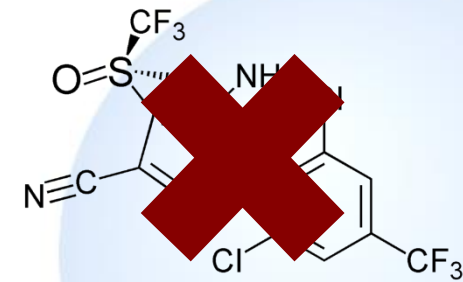
Tetraconazole



Oxadiazon



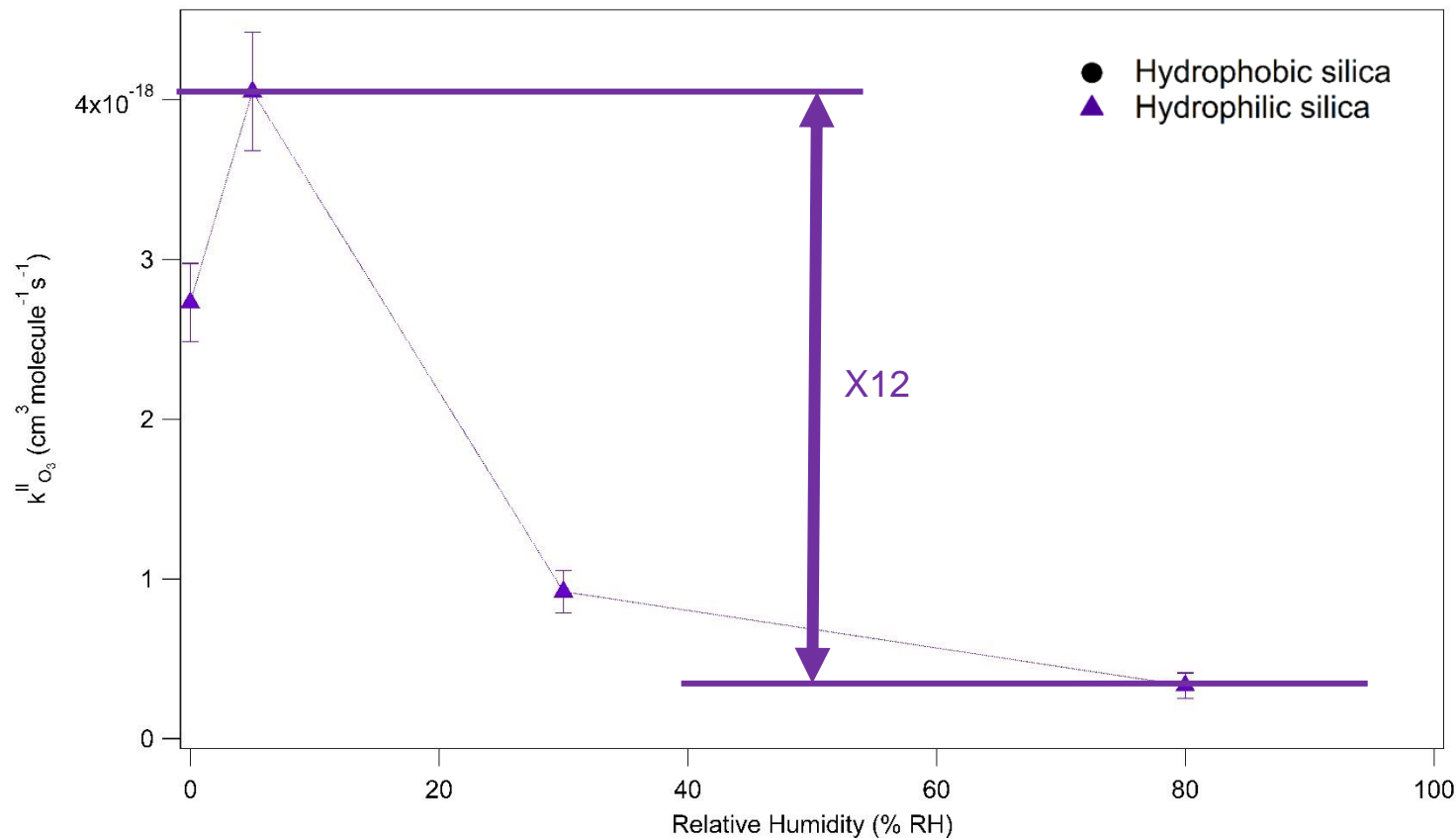
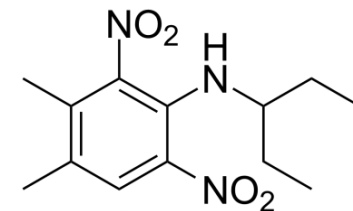
Difenoconazole



Fipronil

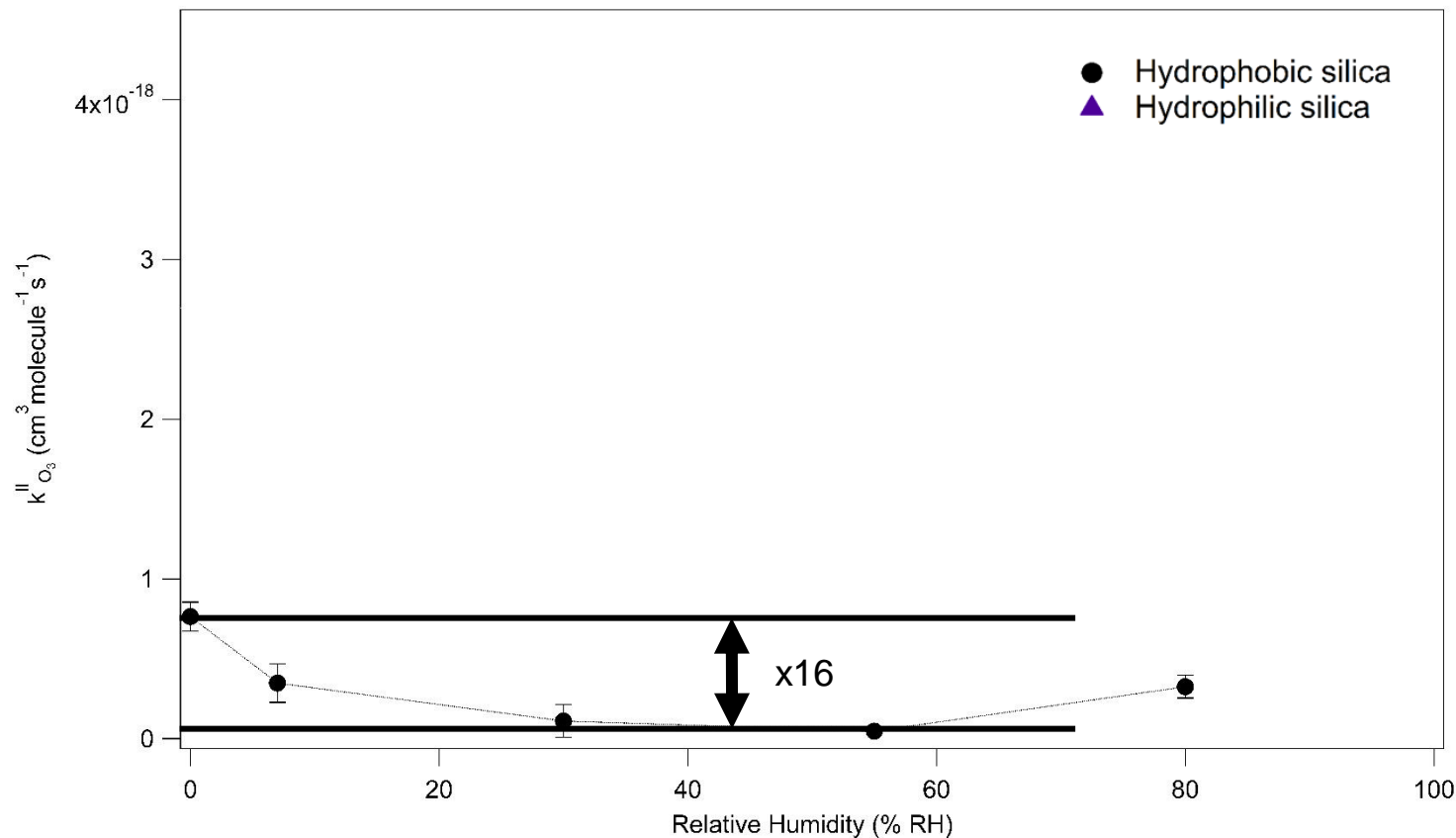
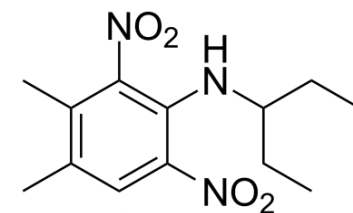
Ozone degradation

Pendimethalin - O₃ Hydrophilic silica



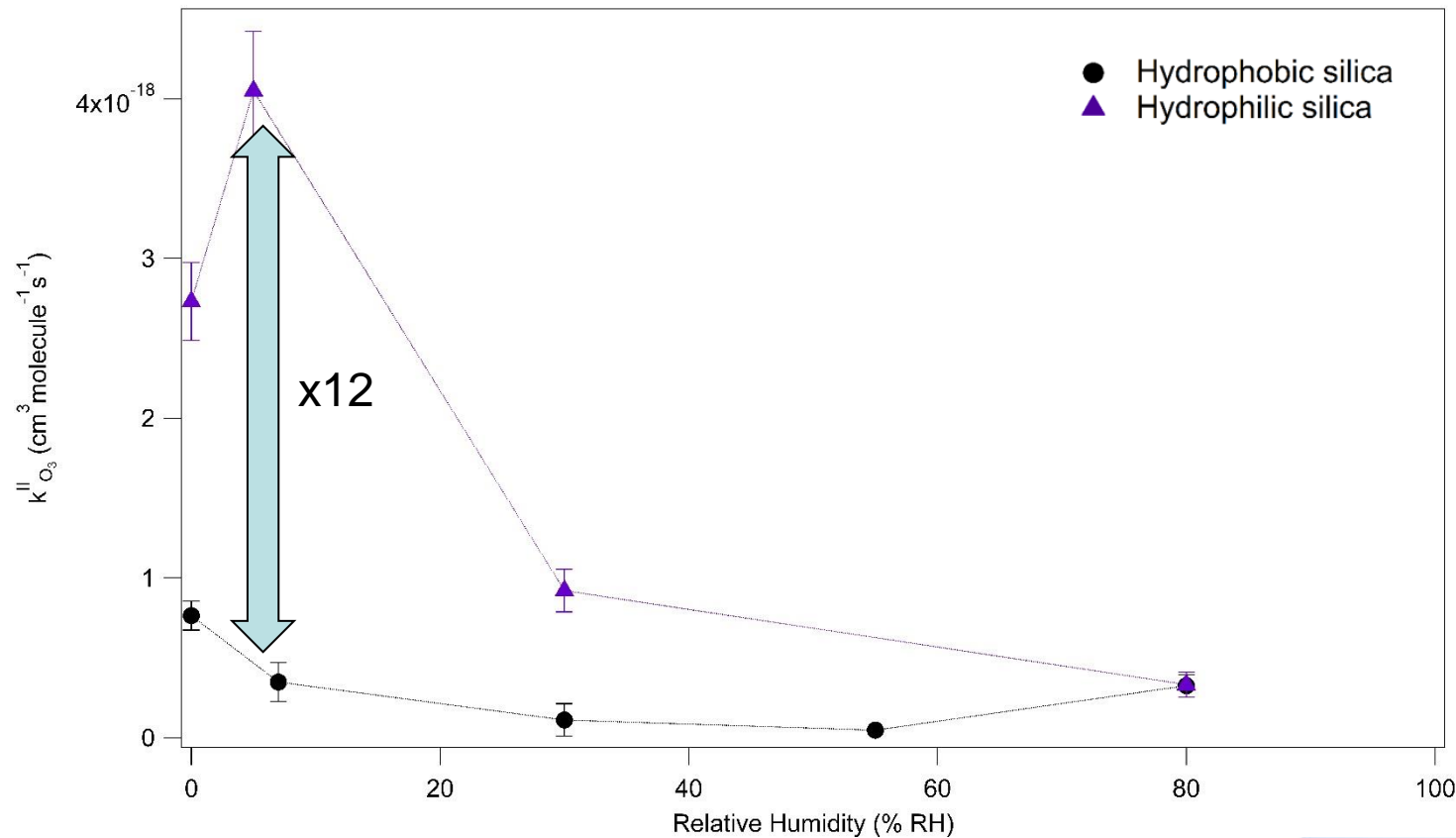
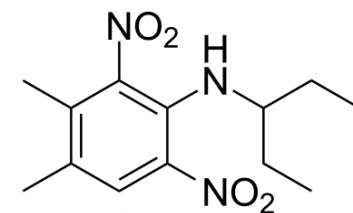
Hydrophilic silica: reactivity \searrow
when humidity \nearrow

Pendimethalin - O₃ Hydrophobic silica



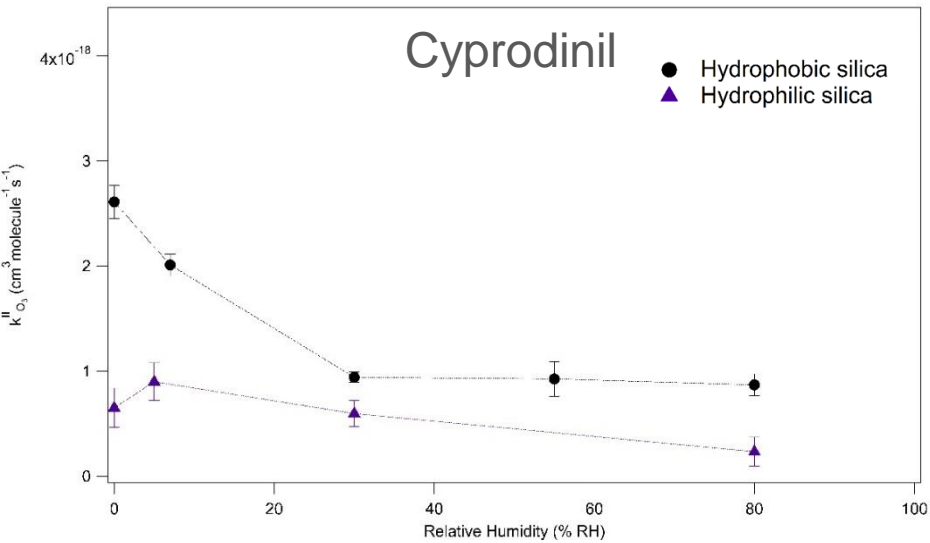
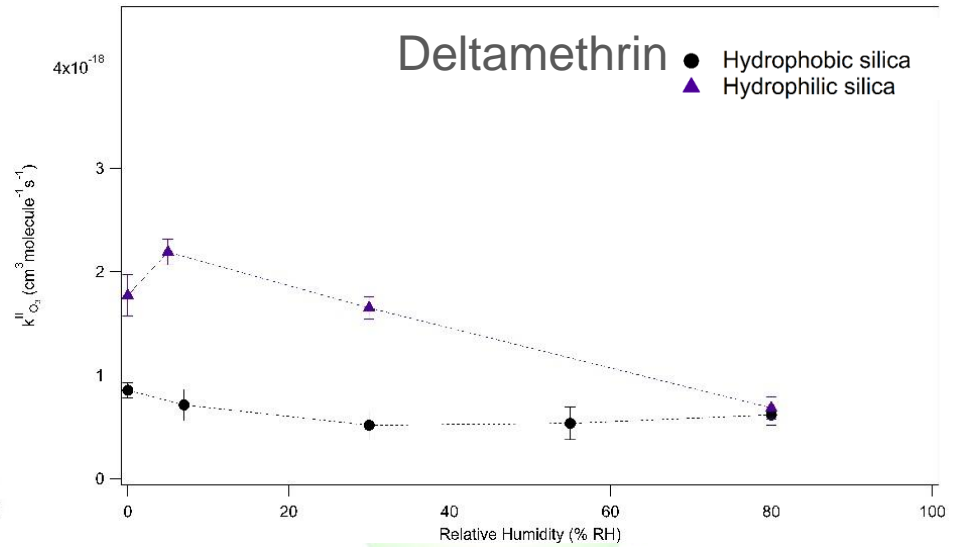
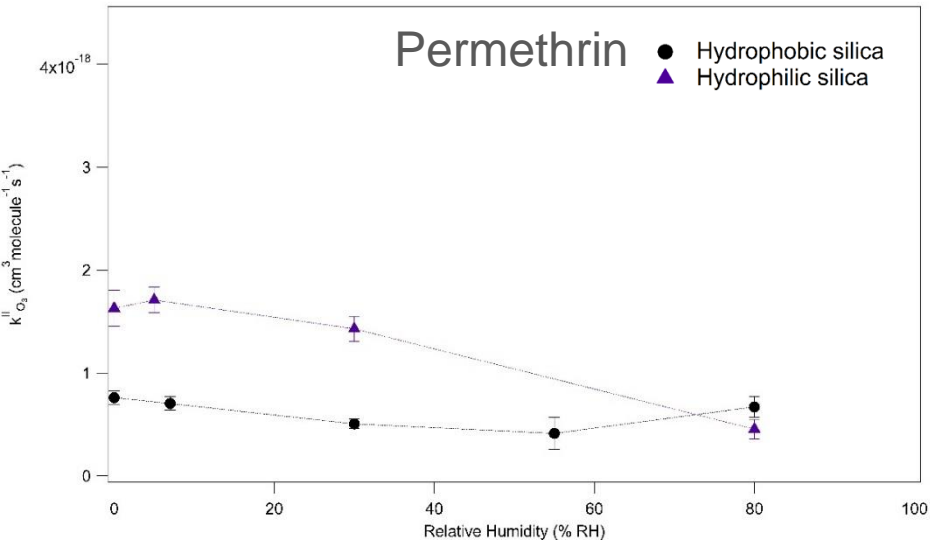
Hydrophobic silica: reactivity \searrow
when humidity \nearrow

Pendimethalin - O₃ Hydrophobic silica



Reactivity faster on hydrophilic silica under 80 % RH

Degradation by ozone



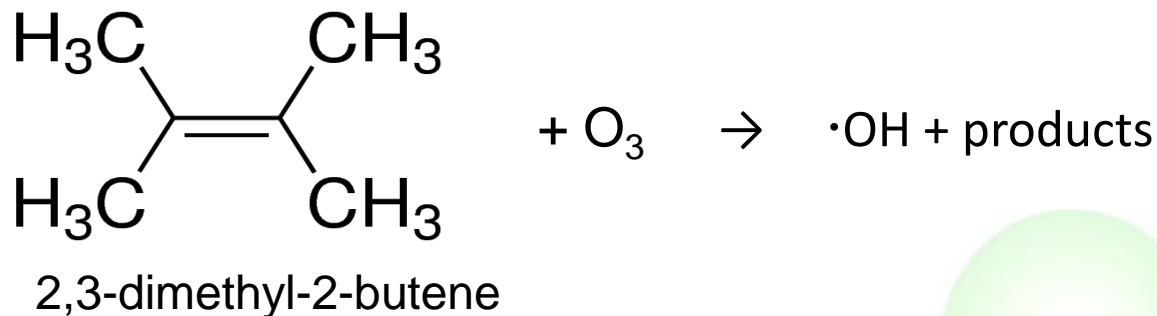
Reactivity :

Low humidity > high humidity

hydrophilic silica > hydrophobic silica
Except cyprodinil

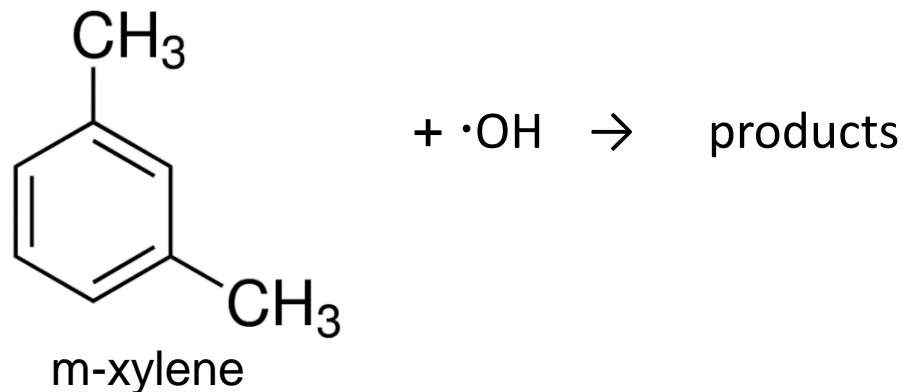
·OH radical degradation

Production:



•OH : 10⁷ molecule.cm⁻³

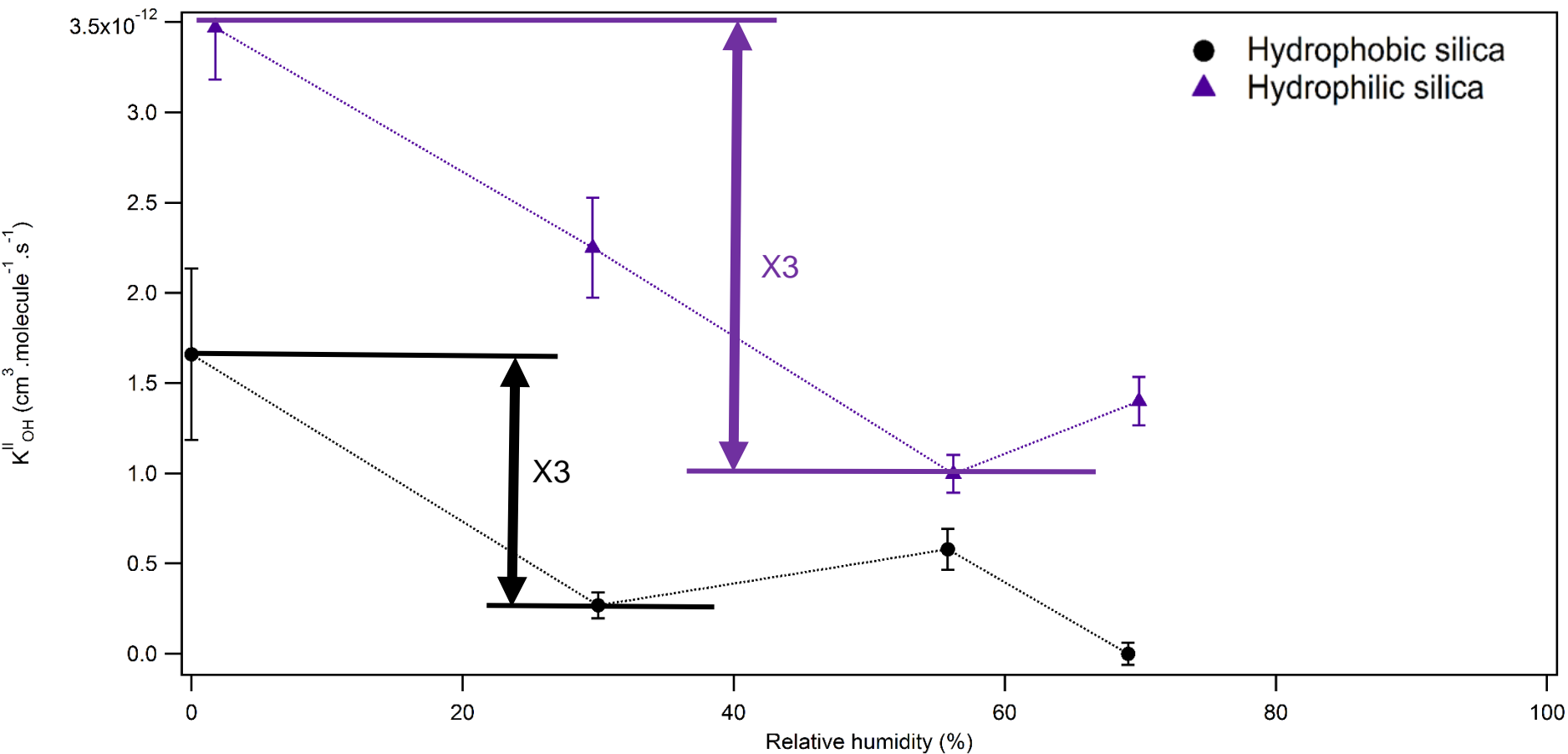
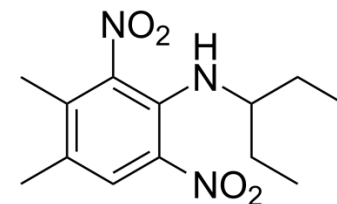
Analysis:



PTR-MS

Example of pendimethalin

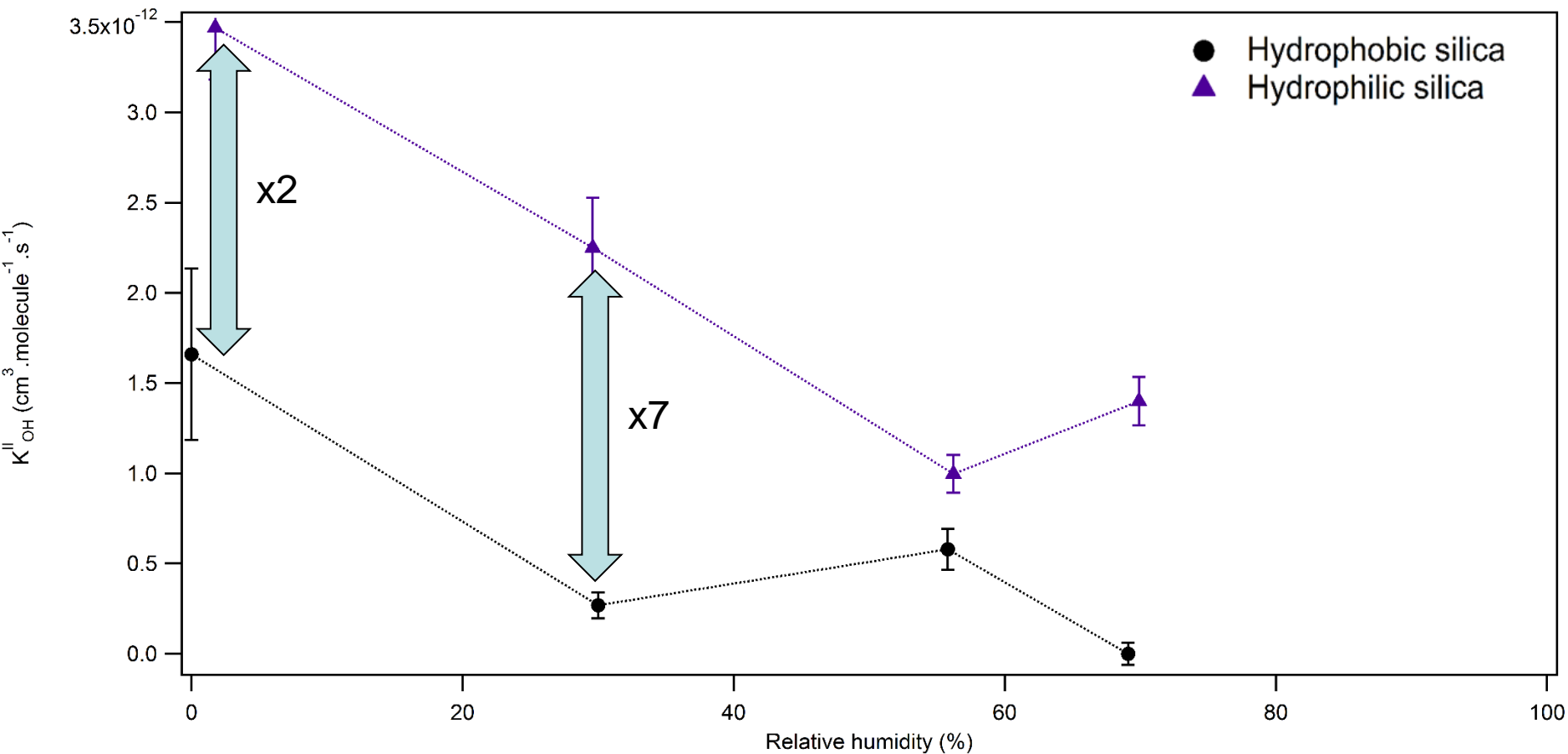
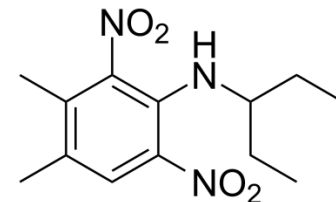
Degradation by $\cdot\text{OH}$



Relative humidity influences the kinetics

Example of pendimethalin

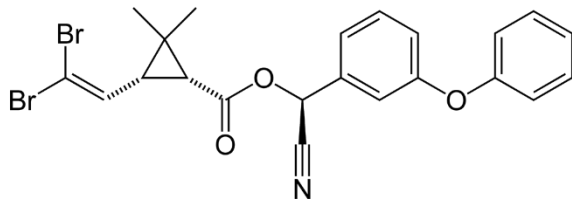
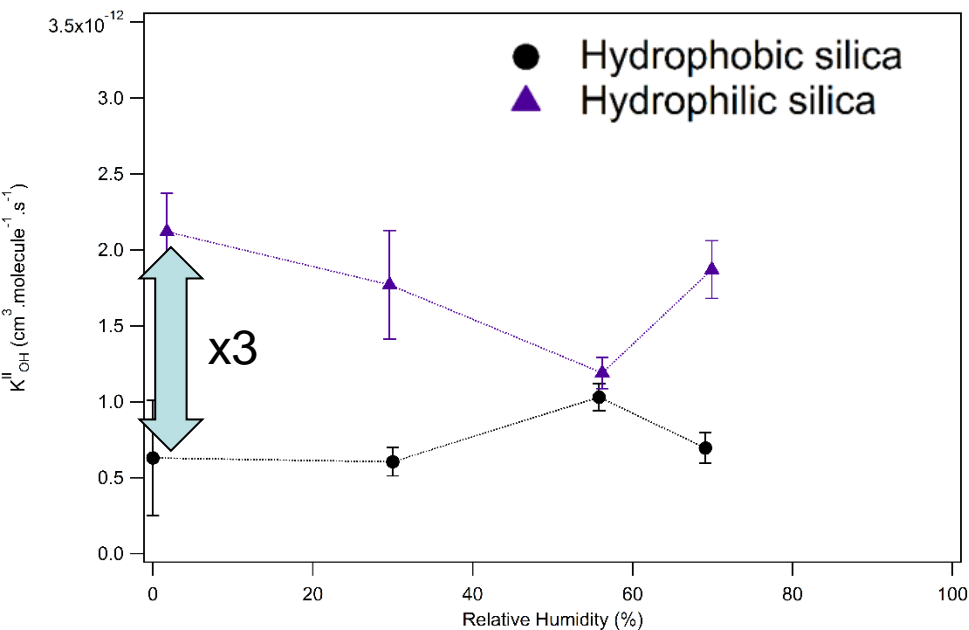
Degradation by $\cdot\text{OH}$



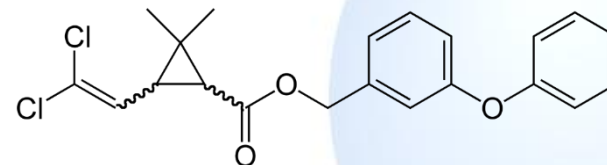
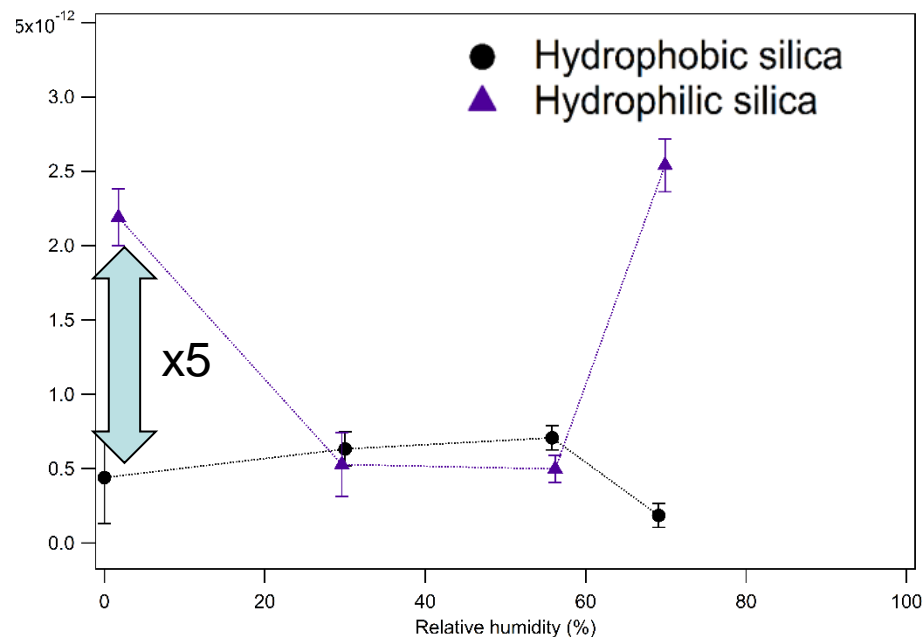
Particle type influences the kinetics

Degradation by $\cdot\text{OH}$

Deltamethrin



Permethrin



Relative humidity and particle type influences the degradation kinetics

Pesticide	Oxidant	$t_{1/2part}$ (days)
Cyprodinil	Ozone	0.4 - 91
	·OH	/
Pendimethalin	Ozone	0.2 - 17
	·OH	3 - 40
Deltamethrin	Ozone	4 - 35
	·OH	5 - 18
Permethrin	Ozone	5 - 20
	·OH	4 - 57

Persistent Organic Pollutant: $t_{1/2total} \geq 2$ days

Stockholm convention, 2001

Ozone and $\cdot OH$ radicals degradation

degradation kinetics are influenced by :

- ✓ **Relative humidity** reactivity \searrow when RH \nearrow
- ✓ **particle type** Hydrophilic > Hydrophobic
- ✓ **Pesticide nature**

Realistic kinetic constants **can hardly be estimated at 0% RH**

Follow up :

Heterogeneous degradation by $NO_3\cdot$

Heterogeneous degradation on Arizona dust

- Project COPP'R “*Modelling of atmospheric contamination by plant protection products at the regional scale*”



- Ph.D. grant



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Thank you
for your
attention