Table 119 Escaping the housing benefit poverty trap: Gross weekly earnings levels at which housing benefit entitlement ceases f per week

Household type	Housing benefit allowances	Earnings disregards	Rent levels:							
			£50	£60	£70	£80	£90	£100	£110	£120
Single person >25	60.50	5.00	157	179	193	245	269	291	314	336
Couple >25	94.95	10.00	214	236	212	263	314	349	371	393
Lone parent + 1 child <19	129.84	25.00	95	110	141	199	250	301	352	404
Lone parent + 2 children <19	182.43	25.00	94	110	141	199	250	301	353	404
Couple + 1 child <19	164.29	10.00	115	154	212	264	315	366	417	451
Couple + 2 children <19	216.88	10.00	115	155	212	264	315	366	417	469
Couple + 3 children <19	269.47	10.00	115	155	212	264	315	366	418	469
Couple + 4 children <19	322.06	10.00	115	155	213	264	315	366	418	469

Notes: All figures based on standard income support and housing benefit rates as they apply from April 2007. The figures for lone parent households are for post-April 1998 claimants. Figures are for cases without child care costs eligible for assistance under the working families tax credit scheme. The housing benefit allowances and earnings disregards are set against net earnings (and child benefit and tax credits). For consistency all figures assume an adult working 30 or more hours per week, unless this implies earnings below the level of the minimum wage at April 2008 (£5.52 per hour). The cases based on an adult working less than 30 hours per week are shown in *italics*. For single people and childless couples working less than 30 hours it means that they do not qualify for working tax credit, and this has a significant impact on the earnings level at which they cease to qualify for housing benefit.