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Assessment of biological remains from 41-49 Walmgate York (site code 1999.941)

by

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Summary

Excavations carried out at 41-49 Walmgate, York, as part of the Time Team Live programme, yielded a total of 34 samples and a single box of bone and shell. Of the samples, 22 (SRS and BS samples) were processed on site and eight GBA samples were processed at the EAU. Analysis was limited to Anglo-Scandinavian and medieval deposits with secure dating evidence.

Preservation of biological remains within these deposits was exceptional in a number of ways, particularly the presence of dried (and not rewetted) plant remains and charred insects in association with waterlogged material. The range of plant and insect species was very similar to that observed in Anglo-Scandinavian deposits in other areas of York. The species present were indicative of the interiors of buildings, including moist floor environments and possibly also thatch. Dyeplants and invertebrates associated with wool were present in several deposits, as in many Anglo-Scandinavian deposits from York, suggesting textile processing in the vicinity.

The shell and vertebrate assemblages, whilst being well preserved, were too small to provide any useful insights into the economy of the site, other than that they mainly represent food waste.

The exceptional preservation of all bioarchaeological remains from this site and the quantity of information gained from such a small scale intervention, has once again highlighted the potential of deposits in this area for yielding a wealth of information on the environment and economy of Anglo-Scandinavian York. It would be expected that a large scale excavation in this area would generate bioarchaeological data on a scale similar to the work at 16-22 Coppergate.

KEYWORDS: 41-9 WALMGATE; YORK; ASSESSMENT; PLANT REMAINS; CHARRED REMAINS; MICROFOSSILS; PHYTOLITHS; DIATOMS; INTESTINAL PARASITE EGGS; *TRICHURIS*; INSECTS; SHELLFISH; OYSTERS; VERTEBRATE REMAINS; FOOD; DYEPLANTS

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Introduction

Excavations at 41-49 Walmgate (NGR SE607515) took place over the weekend of 3th-5th September 1999, as part of the 'Time Team Live' television programme for Channel 4. The excavation was undertaken by York Archaeological Trust. An on-site sieving programme (using both coarse-riddling and bulk-sieving) was undertaken by staff from the EAU and the Archaeological Resource Centre, York. Samples were also taken for further analysis at the EAU.

The Time Team excavations included the re-excavation of a trench dug in 1990, by York Archaeological Trust, which revealed well-preserved deposits just under the ground surface. Work carried out on deposits recovered from that excavation (Carrott *et al* 1991) showed the potential for the recovery of useful quantities of well preserved biological remains.

Samples and vertebrate material from the 1999 intervention were recovered from layers dating to the Anglo-Scandinavian, medieval and post-medieval periods. Six phases of activity were identified and are dated as follows:

Phase 1 - Anglo-Scandinavian

Phase 2 - 11th-12th Century

Phase 3 - ?12th-14th Century

Phase 4 - Late medieval

Phase 5 - Late medieval / post-medieval

Phase 6 - Modern

Methods

Sediment samples

Descriptions of the lithologies of all of the samples were recorded using a standard *pro forma*. Siteriddling (coarse-sieving) was undertaken on site using a riddling frame with a 10 mm mesh, after disaggregation in a cement-mixer. Bulk-sieving was also performed on site using a modified S raf tank with a 1mm mesh and 1mm washover sieves. In addition, 'GBA' samples (*sensu* Dobney *et al.* 1992) were taken; these were processed at the EAU, following procedures of Kenward *et al.* (1980; 1986), for the recovery of plant and insect remains.

The samples were examined for the eggs of parasitic nematodes using the 'squash' technique of Dainton (1992).

Plant remains and other components of the GBA and BS samples

Plant remains were examined in the dried bulk-sieving (BS) residues and washovers, and wet GBA residues and flots. A semi-quantitative record of the abundance of tax a was recorded using a three-point scale for the BS material (and for some 'finds' from BS residues resulting from on-site sorting), and a four-point scale for the GBA samples. At the same time, records were made of all other components of

these fractions—items such as bark, charcoal, wood, bone of various kinds, shell, and a variety of materials from occupation, such as pottery and brick/tile. The maximum size of most of these components was also noted. Records were made directly to a computer database form.

Insect remains

Insects in paraffin flots from GBA samples were identified by comparison with modern reference material and using the standard works. Adult beetles and bugs, other than aphids and scale insects, were recorded fully quantitatively in order to put data on record for a synthesis project currently underway. A minimum number of individuals was estimated on the basis of the fragments present. Other inverte brate macrofoss ils were recorded semi-quantitatively using the scale described by Kenward *et al.* (1986) and Kenward (1992), using estimates for extremely abundant taxa.

Recording of the macro-invertebrates was essentially 'detailed' in the sense of Kenward (1992): many of the identifications were pushed further than is normal under 'scan' recording. Recording of the state of preservation of invertebrates followed Kenward and Large (1998), making use of the sheet illustrated in their fig. 2.

Data pertaining to invertebrate remains were transferred from a paper record to computer databases (using *Paradox* software) for analysis and long-term storage.

Shell

A small quantity of shell recovered by both hand-collection and on-site riddling of sediment samples was submitted: a volume of approximately two litres, representing material from eight contexts. Five of these were poorly dated or modern and shell recovered from them was not recorded. Brief notes were made on the preservational condition of the shell and the remains identified to species where possible.

For oyster (Ostrea edulis L.) shell, additional notes were made regarding: numbers of left and right valves; evidence of the oysters having being opened using a knife or similar implement; measurability of the valves; damage from other marine biota (polychaete worms and dog whelks); encrustation by barnacles.

Vertebrate remains

For the hand-collected vertebrate remains, data were recorded electronically directly into a series of tables using a purpose-built input system and *Paradox* software. Subjective records were made of the state of preservation, colour of the fragments, and the appearance of broken surfaces ('angularity'). Additionally, semi-quantitative information was recorded for each context concerning fragment size, dog gnawing, burning, butchery and fresh breaks.

Where possible, fragments were identified to species or species group, using the reference collection at the Environmental Archaeology Unit, University of York. Fragments not identifiable to species were described as the 'unidentified' fraction. Within this fraction fragments were grouped into a number of categories: large mammal (assumed to be cattle, horse or large cervid), medium-sized mammal (assumed to be caprovid, pig or small cervid), bird, fish, small mammal and totally unidentifiable. As well as counts of fragments, total weights were recorded for all identifiable and unidentifiable categories.

Vertebrate remains from the samples were recorded in a similar manner.

Results

The results of these investigations are presented in the following account, supported by Table 3 for plants, Tables 4-9 for invertebrates, Table 10 for shell and Tables 11-14 for vertebrates.

Sediment samples

A list of samples, together with notes on their treatment, is given in Table 1. The material is discussed in phase order, earliest to latest.

Phase 1

Context 1003 [?floor deposit]

Sample 11/GBA (2kg subsample and microfos sil 'squash')

Moist, mid to dark grey-brown, unconsolidated (working soft), clay sandy silt. Very small stones (2-6mm) were present together with charcoal.

The microfossil 'squash' was mostly organic detritus with a little inorganic material and very many phytoliths. No eggs of intestinal parasitic nematodes were seen.

The residue and flot from this subsample were characterised by the presence of rather large amounts of charred herbaceous material including stems (mostly unidentified, but with some grass and/or cereal stem nodes and traces of trigonous stem fragments, perhaps bulrush or sea clubrush, *Scirpus lacustris/maritimus*) and some extremely well preserved rachis (ear-stalk) fragments of rye (*Secale cereale*). The latter, which were sometimes on lightly charred ('toasted') bore the characteristic rows of stiff hairs along their margins. Also present were fragments of the lemma (part of the flower) of rye with their distinctive coarse marginal cilia. Some of the charred plant remains exhibited a 'lumpy', irregular charred surface perhaps result of smoke-blackening rather than charring in fire, suggesting they may be from rye straw in thatch which was subsequently partly burnt in a fire. The presence of rather frequent charred seeds of comcockle *Agrostemma githago* is consistent with this interpretation.

For the rest, the residue included large amounts of charcoal and some uncharred wood chips, sand and daub, the last consistent with the presence of material from a building. There were also some small concretions of ashy material, containing fine charred herbaceous stems, similar to material found in quantity at the Middle-Late Saxon site at Flixborough, N. Lincolnshire (Hall, in preparation) though the precise mechanism whereby these concretions form is as yet unknown. Other seeds included a range of weeds (mostly charred) with traces of uncharred flax (*Linum usitatissimum*) capsule, and charred grains or spikelets of oats (*Avena sativa*), barley (*Hordeum*), rye and bread/club wheat (*Triticum 'aestivo-compactum'*). The presence of traces of charred *Triglochin maritima* (sea arrow-grass) fruits also resonates with the evidence from Flixborough, where remains of plants from the salt-marsh habitat (though not *Triglochin* itself) were quite often encountered in ash-rich deposits.

Although a 2kg subsample of the deposit was processed, rather few invertebrates were recovered: 52 individuals of 32 beetle and bug taxa, modest numbers of mites, and smaller numbers of a few other groups. The main statistics of the beetle and bug assemblages (Table 4) were broadly similar to those for deposits at comparable sites, e.g. 16-22 Coppergate (Kenward and Hall 1995). The upper ranks of abundance included several taxa regarded traditionally as 'house fauna' (Kenward and Hall 1995, 662-7) and placed in a group typical of floors by statistical analysis (Group A, Carrott and Kenward 2000): *Xylodromus concinnus* (7 individuals); *Atomaria* sp. (4); *Cryptophagus* sp. (3); and *Cratara ea suturalis* and *Lathridius minutus* group (2 each), with single individuals of various others falling in this category. Of the beetles and bugs, 44% (23) fell in Carrott and Kenward's core Group A (Table 8), and there were also two human fleas, so that there is little doubt that this was either a floor deposit or rich in floor

sweepings.

There may have been traces of foul matter present, as indicated by two *Platystethus arenarius*, but this very mobile species may have arrived accidentally with the various 'outdoor' elements recorded. On balance, a fairly clean floor is indicated.

Charred insect remains were—exceptionally—fairly abundant in this deposit. Those which could be recognised are listed in Table 9 (there were other burned remains which may have been badly damaged invertebrates). The remains seem to have been charred in the floor *in situ*, although they may just possibly have been reduced in burning roo fing material.

Context 1004 [?floor deposit]

Sample 12/GBA (1kg subsample and microfossil 'squash')

Moist, dark brown-black, stiff and compressed (working crumbly), slightly humic, very slightly sandy, clay silt. Very small stones (2-6 mm) were present. Other inclusions were charcoal, wood and large mammal bone fragments.

The microfossil 'squash' was approximately half-and-half organic detritus and inorganic material with a few fungal spores and hyphae. No eggs of intestinal parasitic nematodes were seen.

There were moderate amounts of well preserved waterlogged (and sometimes also charred) plant remains in the residue and flot from this sample, the matrix consisting largely of small wood chips, bark, charcoal and herbaceous detritus. There were some uncharred oats (*Avena*) spikelets which looked as if they had dried and been rewetted (almost as if they were rather decayed modern specimens which had not long been buried). Some fragments of hazel (*Corylus avellana*) nutshell showed evidence of knife marks at the apex (cf. Kenward and Hall, 1995, fig. 191g, h). There were also traces of three plants likely to have been used in textile dyeing: stems fragments of the clubmoss *Diphasium complanatum*, a root fragment of madder (*Rubia tinctorum*) and a pod fragment of woad (*Isatis tinctoria*), all recorded regularly from Anglo-Scandinavian deposits in York (e.g. Kenward and Hall 1995).

Substantial numbers of beetles were recovered from this sample: 167 individuals of 77 taxa. Other invertebrates were moderately abundant. In addition to those mentioned below there were 'many' proctotrupoid wasps and mites, 'several' earthworm egg capsules, fly puparia and beetle larvae, and three froghopper nymphs.

The beetles were somewhat mixed ecologically, but 'house fauna' taxa were numerically predominant: the most abundant species was *Xylodromus concinnus*, with 29 individuals, and there were ten *Lathridius minutus* group, eight *Cratara ea suturalis*, six *Cryptophagus scutellatus*, and three each of *Ptinus ?fur* and *Atomaria nigripennis*. Carrott and Kenward's (2000) core Group A accounted for 45% of the adult beetles (Table 8), so the interpretation of this deposit as a floor seems reasonable. There were also eight human fleas (*Pulex irritans*), which would have bred in floor litter. Many of the other species recorded would have found habitats in litter which was somewhat damp, but not objectionable to humans. There were, however, some beetles typical of rather more foul conditions, notably *Platystethus arenarius* (4), and *Anotylus nitidulus* and *Gyrohypnus angustatus* (3 each). These may have been strays, or indicative of local (and perhaps very small) patches of foul matter.

The cleaning of wool or fleeces was indicated by two adult and one puparial sheep ked, *Melophagus ovinus*. The dung deposited in cleanings ('dags') may have attracted the 'foul' beetles mentioned above, and also the dung beetle *Aphodius ?prodromus*, of which there were two.

This deposit may have formed in a well-protected situation within a building, for the proportion of

'outdoor' insects (PNOB, Table 4) was low by comparison with samples from 16-22 Coppergate and other sites. This is supported to some extent by a provisional record of a head capsule of a newly-emerged individual of the very cryptic and synanthropic ground beetle *Sphodrus leucophthalmus*.

A single eel vertebra and vole/mouse (microtine/murine) astragalus were the only vertebrate remains recovered from this sample.

Sample 13/BS

See Sample 12 for description.

The small washover of about 100cm³ from this sample, consisted mostly of woody debris but included some cereal chaff with grades between charred and uncharred, some of it rye rachis. It was noted during recording that this material might have been 'dry-preserved' (as in thatch) before being buried. The presence of saw-sedge (*Cladium mariscus*) and sedge (*Carex* spp.) nutlets with their perigynia (outer 'coats') perhaps adds weight to the interpretation that whole dried plants were becoming incorporated then buried into the deposit. As in Context 1003, there were fragments of rye lemma and rachis (and also some tentatively identified waterlogged rachis fragments), though these were not seen in the GBA subsample.

Vertebrate remains comprised two herring vertebra.

Sample 14/BS

See Sample 12 for description

A spot find of hazelnutshell was recovered from this sample. In addition, 'unidentified' vertebrate remains (weighing 9.5g) were recovered, falling into the large- and medium-sized mammal, bird, and completely unidentified categories. Preservation of the vertebrate remains appeared mixed.

Context 1005 [black humic layer]

Sample 6/SRS

Moist, dark brown, soft, very slightly humic, very slightly sandy, clay silt. Stones up to 20mm were present, together with wood fragments.

A spot find of hazel nutshell was recovered from sample 6/SRS. Vertebrate remains comprised a single bird bone and three unidentified fragments (weighing 4.2g).

Sample 8/BS

See Sample 6 for description.

The washover from sample 8/BS yielded traces of clubmoss, woad, flax, and distinct wetland (fen/marsh) and cut grassland taxa. The frequent wood fragments were rather pale and spongy, giving an appearance of material that had been dried and rewetted at some point.

Although vertebrate remains were numerous (89 fragments, weighing 9.7 g), almost all (86) were very small and unidentifiable. The remaining three consisted of a single bird bone and two fish fragments. Overall preservation was good and colour dark brown. A few battered fragments were noted. More than half the fragments were burnt, which explains the high degree of fragmentation.

Sample 10/GBA (1kg subsample and microfossil 'squash') See Sample 6 for description.

The microfossil 'squash' was mostly organic detritus with a little inorganic material and many phytoliths.

No eggs of intestinal parasitic nematodes were seen.

The large residue consisted of less than 10% by volume of mineral material (sand and grit), the rest being rather granular to flaky woody debris (including some chips) and bark fragments. The abundant small (<2mm) wood fragments may perhaps represent 'sawdust'. Together with fragments of clubmoss there was a single decayed woad pod fragment. Other plant remains included moderate numbers of well preserved seeds and fruits of a broad range weeds (especially stinking mayweed, *Anthemis cotula*) and fat hen (*Chenopodium album*), a variety of mosses, and traces of a few plants which might represent heathland/moorland habitats (brought, for example, in peat or turves?).

Insect remains were abundant and included 184 adult individuals of 88 beetle and bug taxa. Mites were very abundant, and there were moderate numbers of earthworm egg capsules and proctotrupoid wasps. The assemblage included two main components: 'house fauna', and species found in somewhat foul, but open-textured, matter such as stable manure (and probably dyeplant waste at 16-22 Coppergate). The first group included *Xylodromus concinnus* (20 individuals), *Aglenus brunneus* (14), *Cryptophagus scutellatus* (8), and three each of *Cryptophagus* sp., *Lathridius minutus* group, *Crataraea suturalis* and *Atomaria nigripennis*. There were also three human fleas. Beetles and bugs in Carrott and Kenward's core Group A contributed 42% of the assemblage, and an origin for this deposit within a building seems extremely likely.

The second ecological group was typified by *Ptenidium* sp. and *Leptacinus pusillus* (5 each), *Gyrohypnus fracticornis* (4), *Carpelimus fuliginosus* and *Oxytelus sculptus* (3 each), and some of the less common taxa. Species representing extremely foul conditions were rare, however, and it seems likely that most of the fauna exploited various aspects of the interior of a building. That this was fairly well closed is suggested by the relative rarity of 'outdoor' insects: single individuals of 17 taxa, many of which may in any case have been imported with water or cut wetland vegetation.

Context 1014 [make up for floor]

Sample 19/BS

Just moist, light grey through mid grey and mid grey-brown to dark grey, stiff to crumbly (working soft), clay silt. Small (6-20mm) and medium-sized (20-60mm) stones and large mammal bone were present in this sample.

The very small washover (which included much undisaggregated sediment) contained flaky pale-coloured wood fragments with quite large numbers of well-preserved seeds, mainly weeds of various kinds. Flax, hop (*Humulus lupulus*) and clubmoss were all recorded. Fifty vertebrate fragments (weighing 60g) were recovered, including cattle, pig, bird, large mammal and unidentified remains. Preservation of the vertebrate remains was generally good, although a few battered fragments were noted. Colour was recorded as dark brown. Between a quarter and half the fragments were burnt.

Sample 20/GBA (1kg subsample and microfossil 'squash') See Sample 19 for description

The microfossil 'squash' was mostly of inorganic material with some organic detritus and a few fungal hyphae and diatoms. No eggs of intestinal parasitic nematodes were seen.

This subsample yielded only a small residue consisting mainly of bark and wood fragments on the one hand, and concreted sediment (including 'root moulds'), grit and sand, on the other. There were low concentrations of moderately well-preserved seeds of which only stinking mayweed, fat hen and annual nettle (*Urtica urens*) were present in more than trace amounts. There were a few fragments of clubmoss and madder root, but otherwise most plant remains were from weeds or other wild-growing taxa.

The GBA subsample gave a modest-sized assemblage of adult beetles and bugs (44 taxa, 60 individuals) of rather mixed character. Of the other invertebrates noted, only mites and earthworm egg capsules were at all common. A quarter of the beetles (only 15 individuals) were from 'outdoor' forms, mostly probably representing open-air habitats on the site (ground beetles, dung beetles), a few probably further-travelled (e.g. the chafer *Hoplia philanthus*). There was a trace of house fauna (a fifth of the beetles, including three *Xylodromus concinnus*, two human fleas and a sheep ked), but no more than might be present in an outdoor deposit on an occupation site, brought to level a floor, and certainly no more than might be subsequently trampled into it.

Sample 21/SRS

See Sample 19 for description.

This was an SRS sample processed on site; no biological remains were recovered.

Context 1034 [organic silt layer]

Sample 31/GBA (1kg subsample and microfos sil 'squash')

Moist, mid-dark grey brown, crumbly, very humic silt with fine and coarse herbaceous detritus. Lumps of compressed, layered, sediment were present—possibly the same as the matrix but less disturbed. Wood and ?'straw' were present. A modern contaminant in the form of a lollypop stick was noted!

The microfossil 'squash' was mostly of organic detritus with a little inorganic material and many phytoliths. No eggs of intestinal parasitic nematodes were seen.

This subsample gave a very large residue of about 450cm³ of which all but a few tens of cm³ were organic fragments, mainly wood with some bark and charcoal. The remainder was sand and gravel. There were also a few small (<5mm) lumps of sticky material with plant remains, including seeds, pressed into it which is thought to be sealing wax (it melted easily and with a characteristic smell and hardened to a dark brittle layer on a glass slide); this may also have been responsible for the rather pronounced yellowish colouration of the ethanol in the flot.

Seeds from this sample were mostly well preserved but not especially abundant (except for stinking mayweed, which was very frequent), though there traces of root and root bark of madder and moderate numbers of stem fragments of clubmoss. *Cladium* nutlets with their perigynium present were also recorded, as were achenes of the sea aster, *Aster tripolium*, a plant characteristic of salt-marsh (and likely to have arrived, like the *Triglochin* from Samples 11, 13 and 20. There was also a distinct grassland component in Sample 31 which may have arrived in hay or stable manure.

The assemblage of adult beetles and bugs was rather limited in size (N = 65, S = 36), although a substantial range of other invertebrates was recorded. These included numerous mites, and 'several' fly puparia and proctotrupoid wasps (this group of wasps include many species parasitic in fly puparia, which are probably their main source in deposits such as these).

The beetles (and a few bugs) had an ecologically mixed character, and a quarter of the individuals were of 'outdoor' taxa. There were (limited) indications of 'house fauna' from four *Xylodromus concinnus* (the most abundant beetle), four human fleas, and a very few others, and hints of fouler matter from the oxyteline staphylinids (*Carpelimus pusillus* group and *Platystethus arenarius*, with three individuals each, being the most abundant).

Overall, this deposit appears to have formed in the open and to have received contributions from a wider range of sources. Subjectively, the insects offer a hint of the presence of material from heath or moor habitats, but the relevant taxa were too eroded and fragmentary for confident identification.

A notable record was a larval segment (bearing the characteristic spines illustrated by Peacock 1993) of the larder beetle *Dermestes lardarius*.

Three herring (*Clupea harengus*) vertebrae and two unidentified fish bones (weighing 0.2g) were recovered from this context.

Context 1035 [fill of small cut 1036]

Sample 32/GBA (1kg subsample and microfossil 'squash')

Moist, light grey to mid to dark grey brown (and points in between), unconsolidated (working soft), slightly clay sandy silt. Fragments of rotted mortar and pot sherds were present in this sample.

The microfossil 'squash' was mostly of organic detritus with a little inorganic material and many phytoliths. A live soil nematode was also noted.

The moderate-sized to large residue of about 300cm³ was less than one-third grit, sand and gravel, the rest being wood (including chips) and charcoal and bark fragments. Again, there were rather low concentrations of mostly well-preserved seeds, mainly of weeds but with remains of flax (seeds and capsule fragments), clubmos s and rye (rachis).

Mites were rather abundant, but other invertebrates, including beetles and bugs, were rare (N = 52, S = 36). The presence of nine Aglenus brunneus, four Cryptophagus scutellatus, three Xylodromus concinnus, and single individuals of some other taxa, suggests the presence of a house fauna component (and indeed half of the fauna fell into Carrott and Kenward's core Group A). There were a few remains of taxa suggesting foul conditions, but no evidence that any of them established breeding populations. There is nothing from the fauna to indicate whether this cut was located indoors, or was outdoors and received sediment containing house fauna.

Single gadid (cod family) and herring (*Clupea harengus*) vertebrae were recovered from this sample (total weight 1.2g).

Context 1039 [organic silt layer]

Sample 33/GBA (1kg subsample and microfossil 'squash')

Moist, dark brown, layered and compressed to unconsolidated, silt with fine and coarse herbaceous detritus. Rotted wood, 'straw' and moss were present.

The microfossil 'squash' was mostly of organic detritus with a little inorganic material, some fungal spores and hyphae, and many phytoliths. No eggs of intestinal parasitic nematodes were seen.

There was a very large residue of about 750cm³ of which only a few cm³ were dense material (mainly bone and gravel), the rest woody detritus, mainly wood (including chips) and bark, with some charcoal. The >2mm fractions were particularly 'flaky' in appearance.

A wide range of mosses was present, all in small amounts, representing woodland habitats, especially bark and shaded rocks and trees. There were only a few seeds in the coarse fractions but these included a few well-preserved charred cereals (oats and barley) and moderate numbers of flax seeds; there were also traces of clubmoss and madder, and a single small fragment of dyer's greenweed *Genista tinctoria*) stem. Particularly noticeable in the residue (and also in the flot) was the presence of fine herbaceous detritus with a 'grassy' or 'strawy' character, together with several grassland taxa represented by seeds or fruits. These may have originated in cut vegetation such as hay or straw, perhaps from stable manure. Traces of small concretions appeared to be of the kind seen in deposits rich in this kind of material rather than in deposits

of human faecal matter and, indeed, an additional test for parasite eggs on one fragment of concretion proved negative.

Beetles and bugs were not abundant (72 individuals of 50 taxa being recorded), but there were very large numbers of fly puparia, mostly Sphaeroceridae, and numerous mites. Although there was a small house fauna element (core Group A accounting for a fifth of the fauna), the more abundant taxa suggest formation under fairly foul conditions in the open. *Platystethus arenarius* was the most numerous species (with five individuals), followed by *Carpelimus pusillus* group and *Anotylus complanatus*—a group of species seen repeatedly in pits at 16-22 Coppergate. The rarer taxa continued this pattern, the presence of single individuals of four *Aphodius* dung beetles being notable. The family Sphaeroceridae includes many species whose immature stages are typically found under very foul conditions.

Three large mammal shaft fragments (weighing 17.8 g) were the only vertebrate remains recovered from this sample

Phase 3

Context 1031 [?dumping/build up in backyard]

Sample 26/BS

Moist, mid-dark brown, soft (working soft/plastic), very slightly sandy silty clay. Stones under 20mm and over 60mm were present. The only other inclusion noted was large mammal bone fragments.

The very small washover included traces of seeds of a few weeds, charred ?heather (*Calluna vulgaris*) root/twig fragments and flax seeds, and at least one charred 6-row barley (*Hordeum vulgare*) grain, as well as oats and bread/club wheat.

Of the 163 fragments of bone (weighing 66.4 g) recovered from this sample, 12 were identifiable. Species present included pig, mouse (Murine sp.), cod (Gadus morhua), eel (Anguilla anguilla) and herring (Clupea harengus). The unidentified fraction contained fragments of bird, fish, large- and medium-sized mammal bones together with 105 completely unidentifiable small pieces. Preservation was described as good and colour as dark brown. Angularity was recorded as variable with rounded, battered and spiky fragments all present.

Sample 27/SRS

See sample 26 for description.

Two small fragments (to 23mm) of ?oyster shell were recovered from this sample.

Phase 4

Context 1013 [fill of pit 1029]

Sample 16/SRS

Moist, mid-brown, crumbly (working sticky), slightly sandy silty clay. Stones ranging from 2-60+mm were present, together with brick/tile, mortar/plaster, pottery, marine mollusc shelland large mammal bone fragments.

A spot find of hazel nutshell was recovered from this sample.

The marine mollusc shell consisted of four left and two right oyster (Ostrea edulis) valves, fourteen fragments of oyster shell (largest to 40mm), and a single fragment of mussel (Mytilus edulis) shell. In

addition, three fragments of land snail (Helix sp.) were noted (probably all from one individual).

The vertebrate assemblage from this sample was quite extensive and reasonably well-preserved. A total of 278 fragments (weighing 949.8g) was recovered. Species present included cattle (8 fragments), pig (7) and caprovid (4), chicken (2), cod (*Gadus morhua*) (6 fragments), gadid (cod family) and haddock (*Melanogrammus aeglefinus*). The unidentified fraction included fragments of bird (7 fragments), fish (3), large (43) and medium-sized mammal (56) bones, in addition to 140 completely unidentified fragments.

Context 1030 [fill of pit 1029]

Sample 22/BS

Moist, mid-dark grey-brown, crumbly to soft (working soft), very slightly sandy clay silt. Small stones (up to 20mm) were present together with brick/tile, wood and land snails.

The small wet residue of a few hundred cm³ of woody debris was scanned very quickly: much of the material was rather spongy and floated, as if it had dried out and then been rewetted. Again, clubmoss was present, though it was very decayed. Two further taxa, recorded only from this sample amongst the assemblages from this site, were walnut (*Juglans regia*) and pea (*Pisum* cf. *sativum*).

A total of 342 bone fragments (weighing 77.3 g) was recovered from this sample. Species identified included pig, caprovid, gadid (cod family), eel (*Anguilla anguilla*) and herring (*Clupea harengus*). The unidentified fraction included fragments of bird, fish, large- and medium-sized mammal bones together with completely unidentified remains. Preservation was generally good, although a few battered fragments were noted and the colour was brown and dark brown. Burnt fragments formed 20-50% of the assemblage.

Sample 23/SRS

See Sample 22 for description.

Four small fragments (to 35mm) of ?oyster shell and two fragments (to 23mm) of mussel shell were recovered from this sample.

Two cod (Gadus morhua) vertebrae and a single haddock (Melanogrammus aeglefinus) vertebra (weighing together 5g) were recovered from this sample.

Sample 24/GBA (1kg subsample and microfossil 'squash') See Sample 22 for description.

The microfossil 'squash' was approximately half-and-half inorganic material and organic detritus. A few fungal spores and phytoliths and a single *Trichuris* egg were noted. This last was somewhat pale but otherwise well-preserved (and measurable).

There was a moderate-sized residue of about 300cm³ of which less than a third was mineral (sand, gravel, brick/tile); the rest mainly fine organic material (mainly very decayed wood). There was a little moss and some (?wool) yarn fragments but no suggestion of the presence of faecal material. There was also a possible peat/turf component. The presence of clubmoss in this late medieval context suggests that reworking of Anglo-Scandinavian material had taken place. Though preservation was generally good, the concentration of identifiable remains was low.

Only a small assemblage of adult beetles, and a single bug, was recovered (N = 36, S = 33) and other remains were rare apart from 'many' mites. Although no species was represented by more than two individuals, the beetle fauna had echos of many recorded from pits at 16-22 Coppergate, the most

numerous species being Carpelimus? bilineatus, C. pusillus group and Platystethus arenarius (only two of each, however). The presence of foul matter is supported by the proportion of taxa coded 'rf' (although the number of individuals is of course small, Table 5). Many of the remains were poorly preserved, and it is possible that some had completely decayed, but it seems equally likely that the deposit was buried too rapidly for a large insect population to develop following initial invasion by a range of species.

Although this deposit is dated to the late medieval period, it included no grain pests (a very constant signal in assemblages of such late date) and had a strongly 'Anglo-Scandinavian' character. This accords with the botanical evidence, strongly indicating that the layer consisted primarily of re-excavated earlier material.

Two herring (Clupea harengus) vertebrae, a single eel (Anguilla anguilla) vertebra and a bank vole (Clethrionomys glareolus) maxillary molar were recovered from this context. All were very well preserved.

Phase 6

Context 1000 [Backfill of previous excavation trench]

Samples 1, 2, 3 and 5

Moist, mid to dark brown, crumbly to unconsolidated (working crumbly), very slightly clay, slightly silty sand. Stones ranging from 2-60+mm were common. Other inclusions noted were mortar/plaster, brick/tile, pottery, metal, glass, tarmac, plastic, charcoal and wood. Sample 5 contained humic material and fewer stones.

These were SRS and BS samples processed on site; no further action was taken, except that material from Sample 5/BS was checked briefly for the presence of dyeplants; traces of stem fragments of the clubmoss, *Diphasium complanatum* (recorded from most samples, see below), were recovered.

Context 1001 [cleaning of previous trench]

Sample 4/SRS

Moist, mid to dark slightly greyish brown, crumbly (working soft), slightly clay, sandy silt. Stones ranging from very small to large (2-60+mm) were common. Brick/tile, twigs and large mammal bone fragments were also present. Modern roots and rootlets, together with earthworm bioturbation were noted.

The sample was processed on site, no further action as the context was a cleaning layer.

Context 1011 [machine excavated, mostly medieval finds]

Samples 7 and 17

Moist, mid-brown, crumbly to soft (working soft), sandy clay silt. Stones ranging from 2 to 60+mm were present. Mortar/plaster and pottery were also present, whilst brick/tile fragments were common. Sample 17 was darker in colour and contained less rubble.

These were SRS and BS samples processed on site; no further action was taken as the context was machine-dug. A single spot find of hazel nutshell was noted from Sample 7/SRS.

Context 1012 [cleaning of previous trench]

Samples 9 and 15

Moist, mid orange-brown, crumbly to stiff (working soft), slightly sandy clay silt. Orange and white

speckles were noted Stones were present from 6-60+mm in size. Brick/tile, mortar/plaster and charcoal were also present.

These were SRS and BS samples processed on site, no further action was taken as the context was a cleaning layer.

Context 1037 [machine excavated, mostly medieval and Anglo-Scandinavian finds] Samples 28, 29 and 30

Moist, mid-dark brown (with 1-10mm scale yellowish mottles), so ft to sticky (working plastic), sandy silty clay. 2-6mm and 20-60mm stones were present. Other inclusions noted were mortar/plaster, brick/tile, wood, twigs and large mammal bone fragments.

These were SRS and BS samples processed on site; no further action was taken as the context was machine dug. A spot find of hazel nutshell, some specimens with apical knife marks, were noted from Sample 29/SRS.

Hand-collected shell

A small quantity of hand-collected oyster shell was recovered from the deposits. The material from the three well-dated contexts is summarised in Table 10.

Vertebrate remains

Vertebrate material was recovered from a total of 15 contexts (12 by hand-collection). Material (amounting to ½ box) was recorded from ten of these. The bones from the remaining five (amounting to ½ box) were not recorded, as the contexts were described as either to psoil, back-fill of the previous trench, or machine-excavated deposits. Hand-collected vertebrate material was recorded from seven contexts and bone recovered from four SRS, five BS and 5 GBA samples was also recorded (some contexts having multiple samples).

Preservation records were made for material from three hand-collected contexts and five samples (sometimes from the same contexts). Overall preservation was good, although a few fragments were noted as fair. Colour was slightly variable, being described as brown and dark brown, but the material did not appear mixed in terms of colour. However, the angularity did indicate a degree of reworking of material with battered and rounded fragments present within most contexts.

The degree of fragmentation of the hand-collected material was moderate with most fragments falling between 5 and 20cm in largest dimension. However, the whole assemblage contained a large proportion of small (less than 5cm) fragments. Dog gnawing was noted on less than 10% of the material in two contexts (1013, 1014), whilst fresh breakage was noted in similar quantities but on material in most contexts and samples. Evidence of butchery was noted on up to 20% of the fragments in four contexts.

A total of 1164 fragments (weighing 3024 g) was recorded, of which 104 (weighing 879 g) were identifiable to species or species group. Table 11 shows the numbers of fragments by species together with numbers of measurable and unfused bones, mandibles and loose teeth (of use for ageing or sexing) and weights.

Mammalian species present included the remains of domesticated cattle, caprovid, pig and cat, together with commensal/wild species such as mouse (Murine sp.), bank vole (Clethrionomys glareolus) and

vole/mouse. Bird species were limited to domestic chicken and a duck which (on the basis of size) could be either wild or domestic. Most of the fish species identified were marine varieties, including herring (Clupea harengus), cod (Gadus morhua), haddock (Melanogrammus aeglefinus) and gadid. Eel (Anguilla anguilla) was the only non-marine species present.

The unidentified fraction (1060 fragments) consisted chiefly of completely unidentifiable fragments (688), with large mammal, medium-sized mammal, bird and fish also represented.

Table 12 gives the numbers of fragments by phase and shows that about three-quarters of the fragments were recovered from Phase 4 (all from one context). The numbers of fragments are too small for any differences between phases to be significant. Table 13 shows the numbers of fragments recovered by different techniques. The results are much as would be expected, with the larger more robust fragments recovered by hand-collection and most of the small (particularly fish) bones coming from the fine sieving (BS and GBA samples).

A preliminary examination of the skeletal element representation for the main domesticates (Table 14) indicates that most of the fragments from this site were from non meat-bearing elements (i.e. head and lower limb) for all three species. However, it should be born in mind that the number of fragments was very small and the trends observed may not be significant.

Of the 104 identified fragments, nine were measurable, two had unfused epiphyses, and two mandibles and three isolated teeth (yielding ageing or sexing information) were present.

Discussion and statement of potential

Sediment samples

Plant remains from these samples were generally rather well preserved, either by charring or waterlogging, and in some cases (and unusually) specimens which were only partly charred were recorded. More than one assemblage gave evidence of remains which seemed to have entered the deposit dry and never properly to have become wetted and these, and some material with a sooty 'crust' may indicate the presence of detritus from old thatch. The rye rachis material from at least two contexts was often superbly preserved and occasionally in unbroken lengths of 1-3 cm, an unusual find for deposits in York.

The presence of dyeplant remains, especially of the clubmoss *Diphasium complanatum*, is entirely consistent with the Anglo-Scandinavian date of most of the deposits (and its presence in a context with late medieval pottery warns us against forgetting that it is quite durable and therefore likely to be reworked; the reworking of organic remains preserved by anoxic waterlogging is discussed by Dobney *et al*, 1997). Though never abundant, the remains seem rather unlikely to have reached these deposits by long-distance transport from the huge concentrations seen at 16-22 Coppergate and suggest that dyeing was also practised in the vicinity of Walmgate, though not necessarily at this particular site.

Also characteristic of Anglo-Scandinavian occupation deposits are hazel nuts exhibiting apical knife marks; they were recorded here from Contexts 1004 (Sample 12, 13 and 14), 1005 (8), 1014 (19) and 1037 (29).

No concentrations of intestinal parasitic nemato de eggs were encountered. The single observed *Trichuris* egg (Context 1030) was well-preserved, however, implying that none of the examined deposits had a high content of faecal material (rather than that the evidence had not survived).

Preservation of insect remains was much as was observed in Anglo-Scandinavian deposits at 16-22

Coppergate (Kenward and Hall 1995) and Pavement (Hall et al. 1983), although perhaps more variable and sometimes showing a considerable degree of erosion or fragmentation (Table 7). Sometimes preservation varied continuously, but in other cases part of the fauna appeared to be in a different preservational state from the majority, and may have had a different origin (e.g. the subjectively recognised heath or moor component in Sample 31, Context 1034). The frequency of charred insects in an identifiable state in one of the samples (Context 1003, Sample 11/T) was exceptional, but charred remains were noted in some of the other samples too.

The overall character of the insect fauna was very similar to material from Coppergate and Pavement. The range of common beetles was indistinguishable, and even the rarer taxa were generally repeatedly observed at Coppergate. 'House fauna' was often abundant (Table 8), reflecting an association of most of the Walmgate deposits with buildings. The interiors seems to have been acceptably clean, with indications that conditions became rather moist here and there but probably never really foul. Human fleas were consistently present, sometimes in moderately large numbers, continuing the pattern seen at numerous other sites. Sheep keds, both adults and puparia, and presumably shed by wool cleaning, were present in most of the samples, but not abundant. An aquatic component was generally present (beetles, occasional water fleas of three kinds, and the bryozoan *Lophopus cristallinus*), but no more than might have arrived as background fauna (the site is close to the River Foss) or in water brought to the site.

A number of notable records were made from this material, including the ground beetles ?Sphodrus leucophthalmus (a rarely recorded strongly synanthropic form) and Odacantha melanura (found in reed beds and outside its present range at Y ork, Lindroth 1974), the 'thread-legged bug' Empicoris culiciform is (a genus very rarely recorded from archaeological deposits but likely to have lived in thatch and birds' nests in the Anglo-Scandinavian town), the delicately patterned froghopper Paramesus nervosus (provisionally identified through lack of reference material, a marshland species just outside its present range (Le Quesne 1969, 77), perhaps from the same source as O. melanura), and the chafer Hoplia philanthus.

Shell

The shell assemblage is too small to be of interpretative value beyond noting that the damage from a knife (or similar implement) to some of the oyster valves indicates the consumption of these shellfish by humans.

Vertebrate remains

The vertebrate assemblage from 41-49 Walmgate was quite small and as such is of limited interpretative value. The preservation was generally good, although the variable angularity of fragments indicates the presence of reworked material. The range of vertebrate species present (particularly fish and small mammals), and the number of small artefacts recovered, has been significantly increased by the extensive sieving programme employed on this site. This shows the value of sieving, even on a small scale excavation, for highlighting the biological and artefactual potential of deposits.

Whilst the recovery of small bones and good preservation of vertebrate material from this excavation has again highlighted the potential deposits in this area of York have for yielding an interesting and useful vertebrate assemblage, the scale of the assemblage recovered is too small for any further work to be undertaken.

Recommendations

No further investigation of the microfossil content of these deposits is recommended.

A proper record of the plant remains from at least some of the samples from this site is required, not least to permit comparison with material of Anglo-Scandinavian date from other sites in York: perhaps Contexts 1003, 1034 and 1039 are the most important. Provision should be made for the preparation of a photographic record of some of the charred rye material, given that it is unusual and extremely well preserved.

The insect remains are clearly important both for reconstructing conditions at the site and in wider synthesis. It would be useful to record remains from larger subsamples in order to make more valid comparisons with sites such as Coppergate and Lloyds Bank.

No further work is recommended on the shell assemblage.

Whilst the vertebrate assemblage is too small to warrant further analytical work, it should be recorded to archive level.

Retention and disposal

All the existing material should be retained and the samples of unprocessed sediment stored under suitable conditions to prevent decay.

Archive

All material is currently stored in the Environmental Archaeology Unit, University of York, along with paper and electronic records pertaining to the work described here.

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Table 1. List of samples from 41-49 Walmgate, York with notes on their treatment. Ph-phase

Sample no.	Context	Ph	Approx. sample volume (l.)	Processed? (where?)	Notes	Retain?
1	1000	6	450	Y (On-site)	SRS (10mm mesh)	N/A
2	1000	6	8	Y (On-site)	BS (1mm mesh and washover)	N/A
3	1000	6	60	Y (On-site)	SRS (10mm mesh)	N/A
4	1001	6	120	Y (On-site)	SRS (10mm mesh)	N/A
5	1000	6	15	Y (On-site)	BS (1mm mesh and washover)	N/A
6	1005	1	15	Y (On-site)	SRS (10mm mesh)	N/A
7	1011	6	330	Y (On-site)	SRS (10mm mesh)	N/A
8	1005	1	15	Y (On-site)	BS (1mm mesh and washover)	N/A
9	1012	6	330	Y (On-site)	SRS (10mm mesh)	N/A
10	1005	1	20	Y (EAU)	GBA 1kg subsample, sieved to 300μm with paraffin flotation. 'Squash'.	Y
11	1003	1	10	Y (EAU)	GBA 2kg subsample, sieved to 300µm with paraffin flotation. 'Squash'.	Y
12	1004	1	10	Y (EAU)	GBA 1kg subsample, sieved to 300μm with paraffin flotation. 'Squash'.	Y
13	1004	1	10	Y (On-site)	BS (1mm mesh and washover)	N/A
14	1004	1	10	Y (On-site)	BS (1mm mesh and washover)	N/A
15	1012	6	15	Y (On-site)	BS (1mm mesh and washover)	N/A
16	1013	4	495	Y (On-site)	SRS (10mm mesh)	N/A
17	1011	6	15	Y (On-site)	BS (1mm mesh and washover)	N/A
19	1014	1	10	Y (On-site)	BS (1mm mesh and washover)	N/A
20	1014	1	10	Y (EAU)	GBA 1kg subsample, sieved to 300μm with paraffin flotation. 'Squash'.	Y
21	1014	1	10	Y (On-site)	SRS (10mm mesh)	N/A
22	1030	4	15	Y (On-site)	BS (1mm mesh and washover)	N/A
23	1030	4	210	Y (On-site)	SRS (10mm mesh)	N/A

Sample no.	Context	Ph	Approx. sample volume (l.)	Processed? (where?)	Notes	Retain?
24	1030	4	10	Y (EAU)	GBA 1kg subsample, sieved to 300μm with paraffin flotation. 'Squash'.	Y
25	1030	4	(2 bags)	SPOT		Y
26	1031	3	30	Y (On-site)	BS (1mm mesh and washover)	N/A
27	1031	3	90	Y (On-site)	SRS (10mm mesh)	N/A
28	1037	6	15	Y (On-site)	BS (1mm mesh and washover)	N/A
29	1037	6	420	Y (On-site)	SRS (10mm mesh)	N/A
30	1037	6	10	N		N
31	1034	1	10	Y (EAU)	GBA 1kg subsample, sieved to 300μm with paraffin flotation. 'Squash'.	Y
32	1035	1	10	Y (EAU)	GBA 1kg subsample, sieved to 300μm with paraffin flotation. 'Squash'.	Y
33	1039	1	10	Y (EAU)	GBA 1kg subsample, sieved to 300μm with paraffin flotation. 'Squash'.	Y
34	1037	6	10	N		N

Table 2. Complete list of plant and animal remains recorded from samples from the 41-49 Walmgate, York (Time Team) site, in taxonomic order. Although one sample came from a supposedly later medieval deposit, its flora and fauna appeared to be of Anglo-Scandinavian date and the records for it are included here. Order and nomenclature follow Tutin et al. (1964-90) for vascular plants, Smith (1976) for mosses, and Kloet and Hincks (1964-77) for insects. Plant material not specifically noted as being preserved by charring can be taken to be uncharred. Where both secure and tentative identifications for a given taxon were recorded, only the former are listed here. For invertebrates, * = not used in calculating assemblage statistics (Table 8); ecode - ecological code used in generating main statistics (Tables 4 and 6); Sp(p). - species not previously listed; Sp(p). indet. - may be a species already listed.

BRYOPHYTA (all remains were leaves and/or shoots unless otherwise specified)

Sphagnum sp(p). leaves

Ceratodon purpureus (Hedw.) Brid.

Dicranum scoparium Hedw.

Leucobryum glaucum (Hedw.) Ångstr.

Barbula sp(p).

Racomitrium canescens (Hedw.) Brid.

Ulota sp(p).

Leucodon sciuroides (Hedw.) Schwaegr.

Antitrichia curtipen dula (Hedw.) Brid.

Neckera complanata (Hedw.) Hüb.

Thuidium tamariscinum (Hedw.) Br. Eur.

cf. Cratoneuron filicinum (Hedw.) Spruce

Campylium stellatum (Hedw.) Lange & Jens.

C. cf. elodes (Lindb.) Kindb.

cf. Amblystegium riparium (Hedw.) Br. Eur.

Drepanocladus sp(p).

Scorpidium scorpioides (Hedw.) Limpr.

Calliergon cf. giganteum (Schimp.) Kindb.

C. cuspidatum (Hedw.) Kindb.

Isothecium myurum Brid.

I. myosuroides Brid.

Homalothecium sericeum (Hedw.) Br. Eur./H. lutescens (Hedw.) Robins.

Eurhynchium striatum (Hedw.) Schimp.

Eurhynchium sp(p).

Hypnum cf. cupressiforme Hedw.

Rhytidiadelphus cf. squarrosus (Hedw.) Warnst.

Rhytidiadelphus sp(p).

Hylocomium cf. brevirostre (Brid.) Br. Eur.

H. splendens (Hedw.) Br. Eur.

PTERIDOPHYTA

Diphasium complanatum (L.) Rothm. (complanate clubmoss) charred and uncharred shoot fragments

Pteridium aquilinum (L.) Kuhn (bracken) pinnu le fragments

ANGIOSPERMAE

Salix sp(p). (willow) buds

Populus sp(p). (poplar/aspen) buds and/or bud-scales

Myrica gale L. (bog myrtle/sweet gale) leaf fragments

Juglans regia L. (walnut) nutshell fragments Betula cf. pendula Roth (?silver birch) bark fragments

Betula sp(p). (birch) female catkin scales, fruits Alnus glutinosa (L.) Gaertner (alder) buds and/or bud-scales, fruits

Corylus avellana L. (hazel) charred and uncharred nuts and/or nutshell fragments, immature nuts

Quercus sp(p). (oak) buds and/or bud-scales, wood fragments

Ficus carica L. (fig) seeds

Humulus lupulus L. (hop) achenes

Cannabis sativa L. (hemp) achenes

Urtica dioica L. (stinging nettle) achenes

U. urens L. (annual nettle) achenes

Polygonum aviculare agg. (knotgrass) charred and uncharred fruits

P. hydropiper L. (water-pepper) fruits

P. persicaria L. (persicaria/red shank) fruits

P. persicaria/lapathifolium (persicarias) charred and uncharred fruits

P. lapathifolium L. (pale persicaria) fruits

Bilderdykia convolvulus (L.) Dumort. (black bindweed) charred and uncharred fruits and uncharred fruit fragments

Rumex ace to sella agg. (sheep's sorrel) fruits

Rumex sp(p). (docks) charred and uncharred fruits, perianth s/perianth segments,

cf. Rumex sp(p). (?docks) flowering stem fragments Chenopodium Section Pseudoblitum (red

goosefoot, etc.) seeds

C. murale L. (nettle-leaved goosefoot) seeds

C. album L. (fat hen) charred and uncharred seeds

Atriplex sp(p). (oraches) charred and uncharred

Stellaria media (L.) Vill. (chickweed) seeds S. palustris Retz./S. graminea L. (marsh/lesser

stitchwort) seeds

Spergula arvensis L. (com spurrey) seeds

Agrostemma githago L. (comcockle) charred and uncharred seeds and uncharred seed fragments

Silene vulgaris (Moench) Garcke (bladder campion) seeds

S. alba (Miller) Krause in Sturm (white campion) seeds

Caltha pa lustris L. (marsh marigold) seeds
Ranunculus Section Ranunculus
(meadow/creeping/bulbous buttercup) achenes

R. sardous Crantz (hairy buttercup) achenes

R. flammula L. (lesser spearwort) achenes

Cruciferae (cabbage family) pedicels, seeds

Isatis tinctoria L. (woad) pod fragments

Camelina sativa (L.) Crantz (gold-of-pleasure) pods

Thlaspi arvense L. (field penny-cress) seeds Brassica rapa L. (tumip) seeds

Brassica sp(p). (cabbages, etc.) seeds

Brassica sp./Sinapis arvensis (brassica/charlock)
mineralised cotyledons and uncharred seeds

Raphanus raphanistrum L. (wild radish) charred and uncharred pod segments and/or fragments and uncharred seeds

Reseda luteo la L. (weld/dyer's rocket) seeds
Filipendula ulmaria (L.) Maxim. (meadowswe et)

Rubus fruticosus agg. (blackberry/bramble) seeds Rubus/Rosa sp(p). (blackberry, etc./rose) prickles Rosa sp(p). (roses) achenes

Potentilla palustris (L.) Scop. (marsh cinquefoil) achenes

P. cf. erecta (L.) Räuschel (?tormentil) achenes Fragaria cf. vesca L. (?wild strawberry) charred and uncharred achenes

Aphanes arvensis agg. (parsley-pierts) achenes

Malus sylvestris Miller (crab apple) endocam, seeds
and seed fragments

Prunus spinosa L. (sloe) charred and uncharred fruitstones, thorns

P. domestica ssp. insititia (L.) C. K. Schneider (plums, etc.) fruitstones

Leguminosae (pea family) calyx/calyces, flowers and/or petals, immature seeds (waterlogged), pods and/or pod fragments

Genista tinctoria L. (dyer's greenweed) stem fragments, twig epidermis fragments

Vicia faba L. (field bean) waterlogged hila

cf. Vicia sp(p). (?vetches, etc.) charred seeds

Pisum cf. sativum L. (?garden/field pea) charred seeds

Oxalis acetosella L. (wood-sorrel) seeds
Linum usitatissimum L. (cultivated flax) capsule
fragments, charred and uncharred seeds
Euphorbia helioscopia L. (sun spurge) seeds

Viola sp(p). (violets/pansies, etc.) capsule segments, charred and uncharred seeds

Umbelliserae (carrot family) mericarps

Pimpinella saxifraga L. (burnet saxifrage) mericams

Oenanthe cf. aquatica (L.) Poiret in Lam. (?fine-leaved water-dropwort) mericarps

Aethusa cynapium L. (fool's parsley) charred and uncharred mericams

Anethum graveolens L. (dill) mericarps Torilis japonica (Houtt.) DC. (upright

hedge-parsley) mericarps

Daucus carota L. (wild carrot) mericarps

Erica tetralix L. (cross-leaved heath) leaf/leaves

Calluna vulgaris (L.) Hull (heather, ling) shoot

Calluna vulgaris (L.) Hull (heather, ling) shoot fragments

cf. C. vulgaris (?heather, ling) charred and uncharred root and/or basal twig fragments

Primulaceae (primrose family) seeds

Anagallis arvensis L. (scarlet pimpernel) seeds Menyan thes trifoliata L. (bogbean) seeds

Rubia tinctorum L. (dyer's madder) root bark and root fragments

Marrubium vulgare L. (white horehound) nutlets Galeopsis Subgenus Ladanum (hemp-nettles) nutlets

G. Subgenus Galeopsis (hemp-nettles) nutlets
Lamium Section Lamiopsis (annual dead-nettles)

Stachys sp(p). (woundworts) nutlets

Nepeta cataria L. (cat-mint) nutlets

Prunella vulgaris L. (selfheal) nutlets

Satureja hortensis L. (summer savory) nutlets

Hyoscyamus niger L. (henbane) seeds

Pedicularis palustris L. (marsh lousewort) seeds

Plantago major L. (greater plantain) seeds

Sambucus nigra L. (elder) charred and uncharred seeds

Valerianella dentata (L.) Pollich (narrow-fruited cornsalad) fruits

Knautia arvensis (L.) Coulter (field scabious) fruit fragments

Compositae (daisy family) involucres/fragments

Bellis perennis L. (daisy) achenes

Aster tripolium L. (sea aster) achenes

Bidens sp(p). (bur-marigolds) achenes

Anthemis cotula L. (stinking mayweed) charred and uncharred achenes

Arctium sp(p). (burdocks) achenes

Carduus/Cirsium sp(p). (thistles) achenes

Centaurea sp(p). (knapweeds, etc.) achenes

Hypochoeris sp(p). (cat's ears) achenes

Leontodon sp(p). (hawkbits) achenes

Picris hieracioides L. (hawkweed ox-tongue)

Sonchus asper (L.) Hill (prickly sow-thistle) achenes

S. oleraceus L. (sow-thistle) achenes

S. palustris L./S. arvensis L. (marsh/corn sow-thistle) achenes

S. cf. arvensis L. (?corn sow-thistle) achenes	*Daphnia sp. (ephippium)	oa-w
Lapsana communis L. (nipplewort) achenes	*Cladocera sp. (ephippium)	oa-w
Triglochin maritima L. (sea arrowgrass) charred	1 (1 11)	
and uncharred carpels	INSECTA	
Iris pseudacorus L. (yellow flag) seeds	DERMAPTERA	
Juncus cf. compressus Jacq. (?round-fruited rush)	*Forficula auricularia Linnaeus	rt
seeds J. cf. gerardi Loisel. (?mud rush) seeds	Неміртега	
J. bufonius L. (toad rush) seeds	Empicoris culiciformis (Degeer)	rt
Luzula sp(p). (woodrushes) seeds	Lyctocoris camp estris (Fabricius)	rd-st
Gramineae (grasses) charred and uncharred	Chartoscirta ? cocksi (Curtis)	oa-w
caryopsis/es	*Heteroptera sp. (nymph)	u
Gramineae/'Cerealia' (grasses/cereals) charred cult	m Aphrodes sp.	oa-p
fragments, culm nodes, awns/awn fragments,	?Paramesus nervosus (Fallen)	oa-p
caryopses, and rachis fragments and uncharred	Delphacidae spp.	oa-p
culm nodes	Auchenorhyncha spp.	oa-p
cf. Glyceria sp(p). (?sweet-grasses) caryopses	*Auchenorhyncha sp. (nymph)	oa-p
Bromus sp(p). (bromes, etc.) charred caryopses	*Coccoidea sp.	u
Triticum 'aestivo-compactum' (bread/club wheat)	?Hemiptem sp.	u
charred caryopsis/es		
Triticum sp(p). (wheats) charred caryopses	TRICHOPTERA	
Triticum/Secale (wheat/rye) waterlogged caryopses	*?Trichoptera sp.	oa-w
and periderm ('bran') fragments		
Secale cereale L. (rye) charred caryopses, and	LEPIDOPTERA	
lemma and rachis fragments	*Lepidop tera sp. (pupa)	u
cf. Secale cereale L. (?rye) charred caryopses amd	Dinter	
uncharred rachis fragments	DIPTERA *Melophagus ovinus (Linnaeus)(puparium)	١.,
Hordeum vulgare L. (six-row barley) charred	*Melophagus ovinus (Linnaeus) (adult)	oa-w
caryopsis/es, some twisted grains Hordeum sp(p). (barley) charred caryopses	*Diptera sp. (adult)	u
Avena fatua L. (wild oat) charred spikelets/spikele		u
fragments	*Diptera sp. (puparium)	u
A. sativa L. (cultivated oat) charred and uncharred		u
spikelets/spikelet fragments	*Syrphidae sp. (larva)	u
Avena sp(p). (oats) charred caryop ses, chaff,	• • • •	
part-charred spikelets/spikelet fragments,	SIPHONAPTERA	
uncharred caryopses and spikelets/spikelet	*Pulex irritans Linnaeus	SS
fragments	*Siphonaptera sp. indet.	u
Danthonia decumbens (L.) DC. in Lam. & DC.		
(heath grass) caryopses	Coleoptera	
Scirpus maritimus L. (sea club-rush) nutlets	?Sphodrus leucophthalmus (Linnaeus)	oa
S. setaceus L. (bristle club-rush) nutlets	Clivina fossor (Linnaeus)	oa
Eleocharis palustris s.l. (common spike-rush)	Trechus quadristriatus (Schrank)	oa
charred and uncharred nutlets	Trechus micros (Herbst)	u
Eleocharis sp(p). nutlets	?Trechus sp.	ob
Cladium mariscus (L.) Pohl (great	Bembidion (Philochthus) sp.	oa
sedge/saw-sedge) nutlets with perigynium	Bembidion sp.	oa
cf. C. mariscus (L.) Pohl (?great sedge/saw-sedge) charred leaf fragments	Stomis pumicatus (Panzer) Pterostichus (Poecilus) sp.	oa oa
Schoenus nigricans L. (bog-rush) nutlets	Pterostichus sp.	ob
Carex sp(p). (sedges) charred and uncharred nutlet		oa
carex sp(p). (sedges) charred and uncharred nutre	Amara sp.	oa
e-co		oa-d
ANNELIDA: OLIGOCHAETA	Carabidae spp. and spp. indet.	ob
*Oligochaeta sp. (egg capsule) u	Helophorus ?aquaticus (Linnaeus)	oa-w
6	Helophorus aquaticus or grandis	oa-w
CRUSTACEA: CLADOCERA	Helophorus spp.	oa-w

Cercyon analis (Paykull)	rt-sf	Crataraea suturalis (Mannerheim)	rt-st
Cercyon haemorrhoidalis (Fabricius)	rf-sf	Aleocharinae spp.	u
Cercyon unipunctatus (Linnaeus)	rf-st	Staphylinidae sp.	u
Cryptopleurum minutum (Fabricius)	rf-st	Euplectini sp.	u
Acritus nigricornis (Hoffmann)	rt-st	Pselaphidae sp.	u
Histerinae sp.	rt	Trox scaber (Linnaeus)	rt-sf
Ochthebius ?minimus (Fabricius)	oa-w	Aphodius granarius (Linnaeus)	ob-rf
Ochthebius sp. indet.	oa-w	Aphodius prodromus (Brahm)	ob-rf
Hydraena sp.	oa-w	Aphodius spp. and spp. indet.	ob-rf
Ptenidium sp.	rt	Hoplia philanthus Illiger	oa
Acrotrichis sp.	rt	Clambus ?pubescens Redtenbacher	rt-sf
Catops sp.	u	Clambus sp.	rt-sf
Silpha atrata Linnaeus	u	Cyphon sp.	oa-d
Scydmaenus sp.	u	Elateridae spp.	ob
Micropeplus fulvus Erichson	rt	*Dermestes lardarius (larva)	rd-sf
Micropeplus sp. indet.	rt	Anobium punctatum (Degeer)	l-sf
Phyllodrepa?floralis (Paykull)	rt-sf	Ptinus ?fur (Linnaeus)	rd-sf
?Phyllodrepa salicis (Gyllenhal)	rt-sf	Ptinus sp. indet.	rd-sf
Dropephy lla ?ioptera (Stephens)		Ptinidae sp. indet.	rd
Dropephy lla vilis (Erichson)	u 1	Lyctus linearis (Goeze)	l-sf
		Meligethes sp.	oa-p
Dropephy lla sp. indet.	u e	Omosita ?discoidea (Fabricius)	rt-sf
Omalium excavatum Stephens	rt-sf	Omosita sp. indet.	rt-sf
Omalium caesum or italicum	rt-sf	Rhizophagus sp.	u
Omalium ?rivulare (Paykull)	rt-sf	Monoto ma spinicollis Aube	rt-st
Omalium sp. indet.	rt		rt-st
Xylodromus concinnus (Marsham)	rt-st	Monotoma sp. indet.	
Coprophilus striatulus (Fabricius)	rt-st	Cryptophagus scutellatus Newman	rd-st
Carpelimus bilineatus Stephens	rt-sf	Cryptophagus spp.	rd-sf
Carpelimus fuliginosus (Gravenhorst)	st	Atomaria nigripennis (Kugelann)	rd-ss
Carpelimus pusillus group	u	Atomaria spp.	rd
Carpelimus sp.	u	Ephistemus globulus (Paykull)	rd-sf
Platystethus arenarius (Fourcroy)	rf	Orthoperus sp.	rt
Platystethus degener Mulsant & Rey	oa-d	Mycetaea hirta (Marsham)	rd-ss
Platystethus cornutus group indet.	oa-d	Lathridius minutus group	rd-st
Platystethus nitens (Sahlberg)	oa-d	Enicmus sp.	rt-sf
Anotylus complanatus (Erichson)	rt-sf	Corticaria spp.	rt-sf
Anotylus nitidulus (Gravenhorst)	rt	Typhaea stercorea (Linnaeus)	rd-ss
Anotylus rugosus (Fabricius)	rt	Aglenus brunneus (Gyllenhal)	rt-ss
Anotylus sculpturatus group	rt	Tenebrio obscurus Fabricius	rt-ss
Oxytelus sculptus Gravenhorst	rt-st	Salpingidae sp.	1
Stenus spp.	u	Anthicus formicarius (Goeze)	rt-st
Lathrobium sp.	u	Anthicus floralis or formicarius	rt-st
Leptacinus pusillus (Stephens)	rt-st	Phymatodes alni (Linnaeus)	1
Leptacinus sp. indet.	rt-st	Cerambycidae sp.	1
Phacophallus parumpunctatus (Gyllenhal)	rt-st	Phaedon sp.	oa-p
Gyrohypnus angustatus Stephens	rt-st	Phyllotreta nemorum group	oa-p
Gyrohypnus fracticornis (Muller)	rt-st	Phyllotreta sp.	oa-p
Neobisnius sp.	u	Longitarsus sp.	oa-p
Philonthus ?politus (Linnaeus)	rt-st	?Altica sp.	oa-p
Philonthus spp.	u	Chaetocnema?concinna(Marsham)	oa-p
Creophilus maxillosus (Linnaeus)	rt	Chaetocnema sp.	oa-p
Quedius sp.	u	Halticinae sp.	oa-p
Staphylininae spp. and spp. indet.	u	Apion (Oxystoma) ?subulatum Kirby	oa-p
Tachinus laticollis or marginellus	u	Apion spp.	oa-p
Cordalia obscura (Gravenhorst)	rt-sf	?Strophosomus sp.	oa-p
Falagria caesa or sulcatula	rt-sf	Sitona sp.	oa-p
Falagria or Cordalia sp.	rt-sf	Cossoninae sp.	u
_			

D	
Dorytomus sp.	oa-p
Ceutorhynchus contractus (Marsham)	oa-p
Ceutorhyn chus sp.	oa-p
Ceuthorhynchinae sp.	oa-p
Curculionidae sp.	oa
Leperisinus ?varius (Fabricius)	1
*Coleoptera sp. indet. (larva)	u
HYMENOPTERA	
*Proctotrupoidea sp.	u
*Chalcidoidea sp.	u
*Hymenoptera Parasitica sp.	u
*Formicidae sp.	u
*? Apis mellifera Linnaeus	u
*Apoidea sp. indet.	u
*Hymenoptera sp.	u
*Insecta sp. (larva)	u
Arachnida	
*Aranae sp.	u
*Acarina sp.	u
Mollusca	
*Gastropoda sp.	u
BRYOZOA	

VERTEBRATA

PISCES

Clupea Harengus L. (herring) Anguilla an guilla (L.) (eel)

*Lophopus crystallinus (Pallas)

Gadi dae (c od fam ily)

Gadus morhua L. (cod)

Melanogrammus aeglefinus (L.) (haddock)

AVES

Anas sp. (duck)

cf. Gallus f. domestic (?fowl)

Gallus f. domestic (chicken)

$M_{\,AMM\,ALIA}$

Microtine/Murine (vole/mouse)

Clethrionomys glareolus (Screber) (bank vole)

Murinae (mouse species)

Felis f. domestic (cat)

Sus f. domestic (pig)

Bos f. domestic (cattle)

Caprovid (sheep/go at)

oa-w

Table 3. Lists of plants remains and other components of the samples from 41-9 Walmgate (Time Team site), York, in context, sample and subsample order. For each list records are presented in descending order by abundance score (on a 3- or 4-point scale as appropriate for the kind of sample) and for each score in alphabetical order.

Abbreviations: af—achene fragment(s); b—bud(s); br—bract(s); bs—bud-scale(s); caps—capsule(s); ch—charred; c/n—culm-nodes; cot—cotyled on(s); dec—decayed; dim—dimension; end o—end ocarp; epid—epidermis; fcs—female catkin or cone scale(s); ff—fruit fragment(s); fgt/s—fragment/s; fls—flower(s); fr—fruit(s); inc—including; incomp—incompletely; inv—involucre/involucral; lef—leaf epidermis fragment(s); lvs—leaves; max—maximum; mc—male catkin; meso—mesocarp; mf—mericarp fragment(s); min—mineral-replaced ('mineralised'); per—perianth(s); pet—petal(s); pinn—pinnule; rt—root; s—seed(s); segs—segment(s); sf—seed fragment(s); sht—shoot; specn—specimen; spklts—spikelet(s); spr—sprouting; st—stem; tef—twig epidermis fragment(s); tw—twig; twstd—twisted; v—very.

Context 1000, Sample 5/BS		earthworm egg caps	1
Diphasium complanatum	1	fish bone	1 max 2mm
•		Gramineae (ch)	1
		gravel	1 max 20mm
Context 1003, Sample 11/T		herbaceous detritus	1
charcoal	3 max 40mm	Hordeum $sp(p)$.	1
charred herbaceous detritus	3	Linum usitatissimum (caps fgts)	1
sand	3	Menyanthes trifoliata	1 fragment(s)
Agrostemma githago (ch)	2		only
Gramineae/Cerealia (c/n)	2	moss (contaminant)	1
Secale cereale (lemma fgts)	2	Neckera complanata	1
Secale cereale (rachis fgts)	2	Polygonum aviculare agg. (ch)	1
'ash beads'	1	78	1
'char'	1 max 10 mm	Quercus sp(p). (b/bs)	1
'pinched' stems (ch)	1	Raphanus raphanistrum (pod segs/fgts)	1
?daub	1 max 40mm	part-chared	
Aethusa cynapium (ch)	1		('to aste d')
animal hairs	1	Rubus fruticosus agg.	1
Anthemis cotula	1	Rumex sp(p). (ch)	1
Anthemis cotula (ch)	1	Sambuc us nigra	1
ash concretions	1 max 5mm	Sambucus nigra (ch)	1
Atriplex sp(p).	1	Scorpidium scorpioides	1
Avena sativa (spklts/fgts)	1	Secale cereale	1
Avena sp(p).	1	Secale cereale (part-ch rachis fgts)	1
bark fgts	1 max 20mm	snails	1
Bilderdykia convolvulus (ch)	1	Sphagnum sp(p). (lvs)	1
Brassica rapa	1	Triglochin maritima (ch)	1
burnt bark fgts	1 max 10 mm	Triticum aestivo-compactum	1
burnt bone fgts	1 max 20mm	Urtica urens	1
Calliergon cf. giganteum	1	Viola sp(p). (ch)	1
Carex sp(p). (ch)	1	wood chips	1 max 10 mm
Centaure a sp(p).	1	wood chips (ch)	1 some or all
Cere alia in det. (chaff)	1		only partly
Cerealia indet. (rachis fgts)	1		charred; 10
cf. Avena sp(p). (part-ch chaff)	1		mm max
cf. Secale cereale	1		dim
cf. Vicia sp(p).	1 max 2mm		
charred trigonous stems	1		
Chenopodium album	1	Context 1004, Sample 12/T	
Chenopodium album (ch)	1	Anthemis cotula	2
Chenopodium Section Pseudoblitum	1	Atriplex sp(p).	2
Corylus avellana	1	bark fgts	2 max 25mm
		Brassica rapa	2 inc fgts

charcoal	2 max 15mm	Juneus cf. compressus	1
Chenopodium album	2	Juncus cf. gerardi	1
earthworm egg caps	2	Lapsana communis	1
herbaceous detritus	2 mostly	Leucobryum glaucum	1
nor out out down as	<1mm	Linum usitatissimum	1 inc fgts
Raphanus raphanistrum (pod segs/fgts)	2	Linum usitatissimum (caps fgts)	1
sand	2	Marrubiu m vulgare	1
Urtica urens	2	Melophagus ovinus (sheep ked)	1
wood chips	2 max 10 mm	Neckera complanata	1
'char'	1 max 5mm	Polygonum aviculare agg.	1
'coils'	1	Polygonum persicaria	1
?peat/mor humus	1 max 5mm	Potentilla cf. erecta	1
Aethusa cynapium	1	pottery	1 max 30mm
Agrostemma githago	1	Prunella vulgaris	1
Agrostem ma githago (sf)	1	Quercus sp(p). (b/bs)	1
Anagallis arvensis	1	Ranunculus sardous	1
Anthemis cotula (ch)	1	Raphanus raphan istrum (s)	1 fragment(s)
Avena sp(p).	1	only	
Aven a sp(p). (chaff)	1	root/rootlet fgts	1
Avena sp(p). (part-ch spklts/fgts)	1	Rubia tinctorum	1 max 2mm
Avena sp(p). (w/l spklts/fgts)	1	Rumex acetosella agg.	1
Avena sp(p). (w/l)	1	Rume $x sp(p)$.	1
bark chips	1 max 5mm	Sambuc us nigra	1
beetles	1	Satureja hortensis	1
Bellis perennis	1	Scirpus setaceus	1
Bilderdykia convolvulus	1	Scorpidium scorpioides	1
bone fgts	1 max 10 mm	Sonchus asper	1
Brassica sp./Sinapis arvensis	1	Sonchus palustris/arvensis	1
brick/tile	1 max 5mm	Spergula arvensis	1
burnt bone fgts	1 max 5mm	Stellaria media	1
Calliergon cf. giganteum	1	Stellaria palustris/graminea	1
Camelina sativa (pods)	1	teeth	1 fragment(s)
Carex sp(p).	1	37.1 ' 11 1	only
Cenoc occum (sclerotia)	1	Valerianella dentata	1
Cerealia indet. (awns)	1	Viola sp(p).	l
Cere alia in det. (chaff)	1	Viola sp(p). (caps segs)	1
cf. Rumex sp(p). (flg st fgts)	1	wood fgts	1 max 15mm
Corylus avellana	1 including		
	material	C + + 1004 C 1 12/DC	
	with apical	Context 1004, Sample 13/BS	
Death and descentions	knife marks	Anthemis cotula	2
Danthonia decumbens Diphasium complanatum	1	Avena sp(p).	2
•	1 very	Chenopodium album	2
decayed Eleocharis palustris sl	1	Corylus avellana	2 including
fish bone	1 max 10 mm		material
fly puparia	1 1114X 10 111111		with apical knife marks
Galeopsis Subgenus Galeopsis	1	I amagina aamini yiri	
Gramineae Galeopsis	1	Lapsana communis Linum usitatissimum	2 2
Gramineae/Cerealia (ch culm fgts)	1		2 max 20mm
gravel	1 max 20mm	wood fgts	2 max 20mm
grit	1 11147 20111111	Aethusa cynapium	I 1
Hyoscyamus niger	1	Agrostemma githago Agrostemma githago (sf)	1
Hypnum cf. cupressiforme	1	Agrostem ma gitnago (si) Anethum graveolens	1
Isatis tinctoria (pod fgts)	1	Atriplex sp(p).	1
Isothecium myurum	1	Atripiex sp(p). Avena fatua (spklts/fgts)	1
Juncus bufonius	1	Avena sativa (spklts/fgts)	1
V GIIVGO OGIOIII GO	•	11 vena sativa (sprits/1818)	1

Avena sativa (w/l spklts/fgts)	1			spec: tubed
	1	Polygonum aviculare agg.	1	•
bark fgts	1 max 10 mm	Polygonum lapathifolium	1	
bast with sclereids	1	Polygonum persicaria	1	
beetles	1	pottery	1	max 10 mm
Bilderdykia convolvulus	1	Prunella vulgaris	1	
Bild erdyk ia convolvul us (ff)	1	Racomitrium canescens	1	
bone fgts	1 max 20mm	Ranunculus flammula	1	
	1	Ranunculus sardous	1	
	1	Ranunculus Section Ranunculus	1	
	1 max 15mm	Raphanus raphanistrum (pod segs/fgts)	1	
2	1	Rume x sp(p).	1	
Carex sp(p).	1 nutlets with	Sambuc us nigra	1	
	utricles	sand	1	
	and/or free	Scorpidium scorpioides	1	
	utricles	Secale cereale (lemma fgts)	1	a single
	1			spec: tubed
	1	Secale cereale (rachis fgts)	1	
	1	Sonchus asper	1	
(1	Spergula arvensis	1	
111 211111111 (111 1811)	1	Sphagnum sp(p). (lvs)	1	
	1	Stachys sp(p).	1	
(g)	1	Stellaria media	1	
*** (****)	1	Thuidium cf. tamariscinum	1	
	1 max 15mm	Torilis japonica	1	
charred herbaceous detritus	1	Triglochin maritima	1	
Cladium mariscus (with perig)	1	Triticum aestivo-compactum Umbelliferae	1	
	1 max 10 mm		1	max 30mm
Corylus avellana (ch)	1	unwashed organic sediment Urtica dioica	1	max 30mm
Corylus avellana (imm)	1	Urtica urens	1	
	1 very	Valerianella dentata	1	
decayed eggshell fgts	1 max 5mm	Viola sp(p).	1	
Eleocharis palustris sl	1	wattle/wicker fgts		max 25mm
Eurhynchium sp(p).	1	wood chips		max 10 mm
fish bone	1 max 20mm	wood ompo	•	
fish scale	1 max 5mm			
Galeopsis Subgenus Galeopsis	1	Context 1004, Sample 14/SPT		
Gen ista ti ncto ria (te f)	1 a single	Corylus avellana	1	including
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	spec	Coryrus a venana	•	material
gravel	1 max 10 mm			with apical
Hordeum sp(p).	1			knife marks
Hyoscyamus niger	1	Corylus avellana	1	
Hypnum cf. cupressiforme	1	fish bone	1	max 15mm
Legumino sae (cal)	1			
Legumino sae (pods/fgts)	1 max 5mm			
Leonto don sp(p).	1	Context 1005, Sample 8/BS		
Leucobryum glaucum	1	wood fgts	3	max 15mm
Linum usitatissimum (caps fgts)	1	Anthemis cotula	2	
Malus sylvestris	1	Atriplex sp(p).	2	
Malus sylvestris (endo)	1	bark fgts		max 45mm
Malus sylvestris (seed base cups)	1	charcoal		max 20mm
mammal tooth	1	Chenopodium album	2	
Melophagus ovinus (sheep ked)	1	gravel	2	max 20mm
moss (contaminant)	1	grit	2	
Neckera complanata	1	Linum usitatissimum	2	
Pimpinella saxifraga	1 a single			

wood chips2 max 10 mmHylocomium splendens1?daub1 max 30mmHypocho eris sp(p).1Aethusa cynapium1 Iris pseudacorus1 fragment(Arctium sp(p).1onlyAvena cf. sativa (spklts/fgts)1 Isatis tinctoria (pod fgts)1	(s)
?daub1 max 30mmHypocho eris sp(p).1Aethusa cynapium1Iris pseudacorus1 fragment(onlyArctium sp(p).1only	(s)
Arctium sp(p). 1 only	(s)
Arctium $sp(p)$. 1 only	
Avena cf. sativa (spklts/fots) 1 Isatis tinctoria (pod fgts) 1	
1 (Post 16 (ppinto) 1500)	
Avena sp(p). 1 Isothecium myosuroides 1	
Aven a sp(p). (chaff) 1 Isothecium myurum 1	
beetles 1 Juncus bufonius 1	
Bidens sp(p). 1 Knautia arvensis (ff) 1	
Bilderdykia convolvulus 1 Lapsana communis 1	
Bild erdyk ia convolvulus (ff) 1 leather fgts 1 max 10 m	ım
bone fgts 1 max 20mm Legumino sae (cal) 1	
Brassica rapa 1 Legumino sae (fls/pet) 1	
Brassica $sp(p)$. 1 Leonto don $sp(p)$. 1	
Brassica sp./Sinapis arvensis 1 Leucobryum glaucum 1	
brick/tile 1 max 5mm Malus sylvestris 1	
Bromus sp(p). 1 mammal tooth 1	
burnt bone fgts 1 max 20mm Melophagus ovinus (sheep ked) 1	
Calliergon cuspidatum 1 Menyanthes trifoliata 1	
Calluna vulgaris (sht fgts) 1 moss (contaminant) 1	
Caltha palustris 1 Neckera complanata 1	
Campylium stellatum 1 Oenanthe cf. aquatica 1	
Carex sp(p). 1 nutlets with oyster shell fgts 1 max 10 m	ım
utricles Polygonum aviculare agg. 1	
and/or free Polygonum lapathifolium 1	
utricles Polygonum persicaria 1	
cf. Avena sp(p). (chaff) 1 Polygonum persicaria/lapathifolium (ch) 1	
cf. Calluna vulgaris (ch rt-tw fgts) 1 Prunella vulgaris 1	
cf. Calluna vulgaris (rt-tw fgts) 1 Prunus domestica ssp. insititia 1	
cf. Cladium mariscus (ch lf fgts) 1 Quercus (wood) 1 max 25m	m
Chenopodium album (ch) 1 Quercus sp(p). (b/bs) 1	
Chenopodium Section Pseudoblitum 1 Ranunculus flammula 1	
Corylus avellana 1 including Ranunculus sardous 1	
material Ranunculus Section Ranunculus 1	
with apical Raphanus raphanistrum (pod segs/fgts) 1	
knife marks Rosa sp(p).	
Corylus avellana (ch) 1 Rubus fruticosus agg. 1	
Cruciferae (pedicels) 1 Rume x sp(p). 1	
Daucus carota 1 very Sambucus nigra 1	
decayed Sambucus nigra (ch) 1	
Diphasium complanatum 1 sand 1	
Diphasium complanatum (ch) 1 Scorpidium scorpioides 1	
Drepanoc ladus sp(p). 1 Sonchus asper 1	
earthworm egg caps 1 Stachys sp(p). 1	
Eleocharis palustris sl 1 Stellaria media 1	
Euphorbia he lioscopia 1 stones 1 max 70m	ım
Eurhynchium cf. striatum 1 Thlaspi arvense 1	
fish bone 1 max 10 mm Thuidium cf. tamariscinum 1	
fly puparia 1 Triticum aestivo-compactum 1	
fly puparia (min) 1 unwashed peaty sediment 1	
Galeopsis Subgenus Galeopsis 1 Urtica urens 1	
Galeopsis Subgenus Ladanum 1 Valerianella dentata 1	
glassy slag 1 max 10 mm Viola sp(p). 1	
herbaceous detritus (ch) 1 Viola sp(p). (caps segs) 1	
Homalothecium sericeum/lutescens 1 woody root fgts (?modern) 1	
Hordeum sp(p). (inc hulled)	

Context 1005, Sample 10/T		Legumino sae (pods/fgts)	1 max 5mm
	3 max 25mm	Leonto don sp(p).	1 1114 3 111111
wood fgts Anthemis cotula	3 max 25mm 2	Leucodon sciuroides	1
	2 max 40mm	Linum usitatissimum	1 inc fgts
bark fgts		Linum usitatissimum (caps fgts)	1
Chenopodium album earthworm egg caps	2 2	Luzula sp (p).	1
	2 max 5mm	Melophagus ovinus (sheep ked)	1
wood chips		Myrica gale (If fgts)	1
Aethusa cynapium	1 fragment(s)	Picris hieracioides	1
A	only	Polygonum aviculare agg.	1
Agrostemma githago	1	Polygonum hydropiper	1
Anthemis cotula (ch)	1	Polygonum lapathifolium	1
Atriplex sp(p).	1	Polygonum persicaria	1
Avena sativa (spklts/fgts)	1	Potentilla cf. erecta	1
Avena sp(p).	1	Potentilla palustris	1
Avena sp(p). (part-ch spklts/fgts)	1	_	1 max 15mm
beetles	1	pottery Prunella vulgaris	1
Bilderdykia convolvulus	1	Ranunculus Section Ranunculus	1
bone fgts	1 max 15mm	Raphanus raphanistrum (pod segs/fgts)	1
burnt bone fgts	1 max 15mm		1
Calluna vulgaris (sht fgts)	1	Rhytidiadelphus cf. squarrosus root/rootlet fgts	1
Campylium cf. elodes	1	Rubus fruticosus agg.	1
Campylium stellatum	1		
Carex sp(p).	1	Rumex acetose lla agg.	1
Centaure a sp(p).	1	Rumex sp(p).	l 1
Cerealia indet.	1	Sambuc us nigra	1
cf. Ave na sp(p). (c haff)	1	Satureja hortensis	1
cf. Cladium mariscus (ch lf fgts)	1	Scirpus setaceus	1
cf. Glyceria sp(p).	1	Scorpidium scorpioides	1
charcoal	1 max 15mm	Secale cereale	1
Cladium mariscus (with perig)	1	Stachys sp(p).	1
Corylus avellana	1	Stellaria media	1
dicot lf fgts	1	Thlaspi arvense	1
Diphasium complanatum	1	Thuidium tamariscinum	1
Drepanoc ladus sp(p).	1	Triticum aestivo-compactum	1
Eleocharis palustris sl	1	Urtica urens	1
Eleoch aris sp(p).	1	Viola sp(p).	1
Filipendula ulmaria	1	woody root fgts (?modern)	1
fly puparia	1		
Fragaria cf. vesca	1	-	
Fragaria cf. vesca (ch)	1	Context 1011, Sample 7/SPT	
Galeopsis Subgenus Ladanum	1	Corylus avellana	1
Gramineae	1		
Gramineae/Cerealia (c/n)	1		
Gramineae/Cerealia (ch c/n)	1	Context 1013, Sample 16/SPT	
herbaceous detritus	1	Corylus avellana	1
Hordeum sp(p).	1		
Humulus lupulus	1		
Hylocomium cf. brevirostre	1	Context 1014, Sample 19/BS	
Hypnum cf. cupressiforme	1	Chenopodium album	2
Isatis tinctoria (pod fgts)	1 very	Menyanthes trifoliata	2
decayed	-	Sambuc us nigra	2
Isothecium myurum	1	?cynipid galls	1
Juncus bufonius	1	Aethusa cynapium	1
Lamium Section Lamiopsis	1	Anthemis cotula	1
Lapsana communis	1	Attriplex sp(p).	1
leather fgts	1 max 5mm	Attiplex sp(p). Avena sp(p).	1
Legumino sae (fls/pet)	1	one op(p).	•
* * *			

beetles	1	Atriplex sp(p).	1
Bilderdykia convolvulus	1	Bilderdykia convolvulus	1
bone fgts	1 max 40mm	Bild erdyk ia convolvul us (ff)	1
Brassica rapa	1	bone fgts	1 max 20mm
Brassica sp./Sinapis arvensis	1	Brassica rapa	1
brick/tile	1 max 10 mm	Brassica sp./Sinapis arvensis	1
Bromu s sp(p).	1	brick/tile	1 max 5mm
burnt bone fgts	1 max 10 mm	Bromus sp(p).	1
Cannabis sativa	1	Cannabis sativa	1 fragment(s)
Carex sp(p).	1		only
cf. Secale cereale	1	Carduus/Cirsium sp(p).	1
charcoal	1 max 20mm	cf. Avena sp(p).	1
Corylus avellana	1 including	charcoal	1 max 5mm
	material	Corylus avellana	1
	with apical	Diphasium complanatum	1
	knife marks	earthworm egg caps	1
Diphasium complanatum	1 very	Eleocharis palustris sl	1
decayed		fly puparia	1
earthworm egg caps	1	Galeopsis Subgenus Galeopsis	1
Euphorbia helioscopia	1	Gramineae	1
Galeopsis Subgenus Galeopsis	1	gravel	1 max 15mm
gravel	1 max 25mm	Lapsana communis	1
Hordeum sp(p).	1	Linum usitatissimum	1 fragment(s)
Humulus lupulus	1		only
Hyoscyamus niger	1	Melophagus ovinus (sheep ked)	1 fragment(s)
Lapsana communis	1		only
Linum usitatissimum	1	Menyanthes trifoliata	1
mortar	1 max 5mm	Neckera complanata	1
Polygonum aviculare agg.	1	Nepeta cataria	1
Polygonum hydropiper	1	Polygonum persicaria	1
Polygonum lapathifolium	1	Ranunculus sardous	1
Prunus spinosa	1	Raphanus raphanistrum (pod segs/fgts)	1
Prunus spinosa (thorns)	1	root moulds (min)	1
Ranunculus sardous	1	Rubia tinctorum	1
Ranunculus Section Ranunculus	1	Rumex sp(p). (per/segs)	1
Rubus fruticosus agg.	1	Sambuc us nigra	1
Rume $x sp(p)$.	1	Scorpidium scorpioides	1
Scirpus maritimus	1	Sonchus asper	1
Scorpidium scorpioides	1	Sonchus oleraceus	1
Sonchus cf. arvensis	1	Stellaria media	1
textile fgts	1 max 5mm	Triglochin maritima	1
twig fgts	1	Triticum sp(p).	1 fragment(s)
Urtica urens	1		only
Valerianella dentata	1	twig fgts	1 max 20mm
vivianite	1	Urtica dioica	1
wood fgts	1 max 25mm	Valerianella dentata	1
		wood chips	1 max 5mm
		wood fgts	1 max 25mm
Context 1014, Sample 20/T			
Anthemis cotula	2		
bark fgts	2 max 45mm	Context 1030, Sample 22/BS	
Chenopodium album	2	bark fgts	2 max 40mm
concreted sediment	2 max 10 mm	Aethusa cynapium	1
Urtica urens	2	Agrostemma githago	1
Aethusa cynapium	1	Anagallis arvensis	1
Agrostem ma githago (sf)	1	Anthemis cotula	1
Alnus glutinosa (b/bs)	1	Atriplex sp(p).	1
. /			

	1	Cambuananiana	1 ina fata	
Avena sp(p).	1	Sambuc us nigra	1 inc fgts	
beetles	1	Satureja hortensis Schoenus nigricans	1	
Betula cf. pendula (bark fgts)	1 max 25mm	_	1	
Betula sp(p).	1	Scorpidium scorpioides	1	
Betula sp(p). (fcs)	1	Sonchus asper	•	
Bilderdykia convolvulus	1	Sphagnum sp(p). (lvs)	1 sp., not	
bone fgts	1 max 15mm		papillosum	
Brassica rapa	1		or	
Bromus sp(p).	1	G. 11	imbricatum	1
Calliergon cf. giganteum	1	Stellaria media	1	
Cannabis sativa	1	Thuidium cf. tamariscinum	1	
Carex sp(p).	1 nutlets with	Triticum aestivo-compactum	1	
	utricles	Triticum sp(p).	1	
	and/or free	Triticum/Secale (w/l)	1 fragment(s))
	utricles		only	
Centaure a sp(p).	1	twig fgts (min)	1 max 10 mm	1
cf. Cratoneuron filicinum	1	Urtica urens	1	
cf. Rhytidiadelphus sp(p).	1	Valerianella dentata	1	
cf. Secale cereale	1	Viola sp(p).	1	
charcoal	1 max 25mm	wood fgts	1 max 30mm	Į.
Chenopodium album	1	wood fgts (min)	1 max 10 mm	n
Chenop odium mu rale	1			
cinders	1 max 10 mm			
coal	1 max 5mm	Context 1030, Sample 24/T		
Corylus avellana	1	Anthemis cotula	2	
Danthonia decumbens	1	Chenopodium album	2	
Diphasium complanatum	1	Dicranum scoparium	2	
Drepanoc ladus sp(p).	1	grit	2	
earthwom egg caps	1	Sambuc us nigra	2 inc fgts	
fly puparia	1	sand	2	
Galeopsis Subgenus Galeopsis	1	Sphagnum sp(p). (lvs)	2 sp., not	
Hordeum sp(p). (inc hulled)	1	Sphaghum sp(p). (1vs)	papillosum	,
Isothecium myurum	1		or	
Juglans regia	1		imbricatum	,
Lamium Section Lamiopsis	1	?clumped sawdust	1 max 10 mn	
Lapsana communis	1	?daub	1 max 25mm	
Legumino sae (cal)	1	Aethusa cynapium	1 1114 2 311111	L
Legumino sae (fls/pet)	1		1	
Legumino sae (pods/fgts)	1 max 5mm	Alnus glutinosa Atriplex sp(p).	1	
Leonto don sp(p).	1 max Jimiii	Attiplex sp(p). Avena sp(p).	1	
Linum usitatissimum	1 inc fgts		1	
Malus sylvestris	1 me igis	Aven a sp(p). (chaff)	1	
Melophagus ovinus (sheep ked)	1	Barbula sp(p).	1 max 20mm	
moss (contaminant)	1	bark fgts	1 max 20mm	1
	1	beetles	1	
Neckera complanata	1	Betula sp(p).	1	
Pedicularis palustris Pisum cf. sativum	1	bone fgts	1 max 4mm	
	1	Brassica rapa	1	
Polygonum lapathifolium	1	Brassica sp(p).	1	
Prunella vulgaris	l	brick/tile	1 max 40mm	
Prunus spinosa (thorns)	1	burnt bone fgts	1 max 20mm	1
Quercus sp(p). (b/bs)	1	Carduus/Cirsium sp(p).	1	
Ranunculus Section Ranunculus	1	Carex sp(p).	1	
Raphanus raphanistrum (pod segs/fgts)	1	Ceratodon purpureus	1	
Reseda luteola	1	cf. Amblystegium riparium	1	
Rubus/R osa sp(p). (prickles)	1	charcoal	1 max 10 mm	
Rume $x sp(p)$.	1	clinker	1 max 30mm	
Rumex sp(p). (per/segs)	1	coal	1 max 30mm	1

Corylus avellana Cruciferae Diphasium complanatum Eleocharis palustris sl (ch) Erica tetralix (lvs) Ficus carica fish bone fish scale fly puparia Galeopsis Subgenus Galeopsis Genista tinctoria (st fgts)	1 modern 1	bark fgts Betula sp(p). Betula sp(p). (fcs) Carex sp(p). cf. Calluna vulgaris (ch rt-tw fgts) charcoal Chenopodium album Hordeum vulgare (inc twstd) Linum usitatissimum (ch) Polygonum aviculare agg. Raphanus raphanistrum (ch pod segs/fgts)	1 max 25mm 1 ?modern 1 ?modern 1 1 max 10 mm 1 1
Gramineae gravel Homalothecium sericeum/lutescens Hylocomium splendens	1 1 max 15mm 1	root/rootlet fgts (modem) Triticum aestivo-compactum wood fgts	1 1 1 max 15mm
Hyoscyamus niger Hypnum cf. cupressiforme Hypocho eris sp(p). Isothecium myurum Lamium Section Lamiopsis Lapsana communis Leucobryum glaucum	1 1 1 1 1 1	Context 1034, Sample 31/T Anthemis cotula wood fgts bark fgts charcoal Chenopodium album	3 3 max 20mm 2 max 40mm 2 max 10 mm
Leucodon sciuroides Linum usitatissimum Melophagus ovinus (sheep ked)	1 inc fgts 1	Corylus avellana Diphasium complanatum decayed	2 2 very
mortar Neckera complanata Picris hieracioides Polygonum aviculare agg. Populus sp(p). (b/bs)	1 max 20mm 1 1	Leonto don sp(p). Valerianella dentata 'coils' ?bees	2 2 1 1
Populus sp(p). (b/bs) Potentilla cf. erecta pottery Prunus spinosa (thorns) Pteridium aquilinum (pinn fgts) Quercus sp(p). (b/bs) Ranunculus Section Ranunculus Raphanus raphanistrum	1 1 max 10 mm 1 1 1 1	?daub Aethusa cynapium Agrostem ma githago (sf) Anagallis arvensis Antitrichia curtipendula Aphanes arvensis agg. Aster tripolium Avena sp(p).	1 max 5mm 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Raphanus raphan istrum (pod segs/fgts) Rhytidiadelphus sp(p). root bark/epidermis fgts Rumex sp(p). Schoenus nigricans Scorpidium scorpioides	1 1 1 1 1	Aven a sp(p). (ch aff) bast fgts bone fgts Brassica rapa Brassica sp(p). Brassica sp./Sinapis arvensis	1 1 1 max 5mm 1 1
Silene alba small mammal tooth Sonchus asper Sonchus palustris/arvensis Stellaria media textile/yarn fgts	1 1 1 1 1	brick/tile burnt bone fgts Calliergon cf. giganteum Carex sp(p). Centaure a sp(p). Cladium mariscus (with perig)	1 max 4mm 1 max 5mm 1 1 1
Thuidium tamariscinum Urtica urens wood fgts Context 1031, Sample 26/BS	1 1 1 max 40mm	Compositae (inv fgts) concretions Daucus carota Drepanoc ladus sp(p). earthworm egg caps Eleocharis palustris sl	1 1 max 10 mm 1 1
Sambuc us nigra Avena sp(p).	2	Eurhynchium striatum fish bone	1 1 1 max 15mm

fly puparia	1	wood chips	2 max 10 mm
Galeopsis Subgenus Galeopsis	1	?amber	1 max 2mm
Gramineae	1	?daub	1 max 15mm
gravel	1 max 20mm	Aethusa cynapium	1
Homalothecium sericeum/lutescens	1	Atriplex sp(p).	1
Hordeum sp(p).	1	Atriplex sp(p). (ch)	1
Hyoscyamus niger	1	Avena sp(p).	1
Hypnum cf. cupressiforme	1	Avena sp(p). (part-ch spklts/fgts)	1
Iris pseudacorus	1	beetles	1
Lapsana communis	1	Bilderdykia convolvulus	1
leather fgts	1 max 15mm	bone fgts	1 max 15mm
Legumino sae (fls/pet)	1	Brassica rapa	1 inc fgts
Legumino sae (imm s)	1	Brassica sp./Sinapis arvensis	1
Legumino sae (pods/fgts)	1	Brassica sp./Sinapis arvensis (min cot)	1
Leucodon sciuroides	1	brick/tile	1 max 10 mm
Linum usitatissimum	1 inc fgts	burnt bone fgts	1 max 15mm
Menyanthes trifoliata	1	Calliergon cuspidatum	1
Neckera complanata	1	Carex sp(p).	1
Polygonum aviculare agg.	1	Centaure a sp(p).	1
Polygonum hydropiper	1	Cere alia in det. (chaff)	1
Polygonum persicaria/lapathifolium	1	cf. Calluna vulgaris (ch rt-tw fgts)	1 max 5mm
Populus sp(p). (b/bs)	1	charred herbaceous detritus	1
Primulaceae	1	Corylus avellana	1
Prunella vulgaris	1	Cu/alloy fgts	1 very
Ranunculus Section Ranunculus	1	decayed	
Raphanus raphanistrum (pod segs/fgts)	1	Daucus carota	1
Rubia tinctorum	1 max 5mm	dicot lf fgts	1 max 2mm
Rubia tinctorum (root bark)	1	Diphasium complanatum	1 very
Rumex acetosella agg.	1	decayed	
sand	1	Eleocharis palustris sl	1
Satureja hortensis	1	fish bone	1 max 15mm
Schoenus nigricans	1	fish scale	1 max 2mm
sclereids (from bark)	1 max 1mm	fly puparia	1
Scorpidium scorpioides	1	gravel	1 max 15mm
sealing wax	1 max 5mm	Homalothecium sericeum/lutescens	1
Silene vulgaris	1	Hyoscyamus niger	1
Sonchus asper	1	Hypnum cf. cupressiforme	1
Sonchus palustris/arvensis	1	Hypocho eris sp(p).	1
Stellaria palustris/graminea	1	leather fgts	1 very
Thuidium tamariscinum	1		decayed,
Triticum/Secale (w/l)	1	Loomto don an(n)	max 5mm
twig fgts	1 max 20mm	Leonto don sp(p). Linum usitatissimum	*
Viola sp(p).	1 max 10 mm	Linum usitatissimum (caps fgts)	1 inc fgts
wood chips	1 max 10 mm	Marrubium vulgare	1
		Menyanthes trifoliata	1
Contact 1025 Sample 22/T		mortar	1 max 5mm
Context 103 5, Sample 32/T wood fgts	2 may 10 mm	moss (contaminant)	1
Anthemis cotula	3 max 10 mm 2	Neckera complanata	1
bark fgts	2 max 20mm	Oxalis acetosella	1
charcoal	2 max 15mm	Plantago major	1
Chenopodium album	2	Polygonum aviculare agg.	1
grit	2 max 1mm	Polygonum lapathifolium	1
herbaceous detritus	2 mostly	Polygonum persicaria	1
north actions	<1mm	pottery	1 max 35mm
Quercus sp(p). (b/bs)	2	Prunella vulgaris	1
sand	2	Prunus spinosa (ch)	1 a single

	spec	dicot lf fgts	1
Ranunculus sardous	1	Diphasium complanatum	1 very
Ranunculus Section Ranunculus	1	decayed	
Raphanus raphanistrum (pod segs/fgts)	1	Drepanoc ladus sp(p).	1
Rhytidiade lphus sp (p).	1	earthworm egg caps	1
Rumex acetosella agg.	1	Eleocharis palustris sl	1
Rume $x sp(p)$.	1	Eurhynchium striatum	1
Salix sp(p). (b)	1	fly puparia	1
Sambuc us nigra	1 inc fgts	Genista tinctoria (st fgts)	1
sclereids (from bark)	1 max 2mm	Gramineae	1
Scorpidium scorpioides	1	Gramineae/Cerealia (c/n)	1
Secale cereale (rachis fgts)	1	gravel	1 max 25mm
Sonchus asper	1	grit	1
Sonchus oleraceus	1	Homalothecium sericeum/lutescens	1
Spergula arvensis	1	Hordeum sp(p).	1
Stellaria media	1	Hypnum cf. cupressiforme	1
Triticum aestivo-compactum	1	Isothecium myosuroides	1
twig fgts	1 max 10 mm	Lapsana communis	1
Ulota sp(p).	1	leather fgts	1 max 25mm
Urtica urens	1	Legumino sae (fls/pet)	1
Valerianella dentata	1	Leonto don sp(p).	1
Viola sp(p).	1	Leucodon sciuroides	1
1 (1)		part-burnt wood	1 max 25mm
		Polygonum aviculare agg.	1
Context 1037, Sample 29/SPT		Prunella vulgaris	1
Corylus avellana	1 including	Prunus spinosa (thorns)	1
material with apical knife marks	1 including	Ranunculus flammula	1
material with apieur knife marks		Ranunculus Section Ranunculus	1
		Raphanus raphanistrum (pod segs/fgts)	1
Contact 1020 Sample 22/T		Rhytidiade lphus sp (p).	1
Context 1039, Sample 33/T	2 40	Rubia tinctorum	1 max 4mm
bark fgts	3 max 40mm	sand	1
herbaceous detritus	3 mostly <	sclereids (from bark)	1 max 2mm
1.0	2mm	Sonchus asper	1
wood fgts	3 max 45mm	Stellaria media	1
Anthemis cotula	2	Thuidium tamariscinum	1
charcoal	2 max 25mm	Triticum/Secale ('bran' fgts)	1 mostly
Juncus bufonius	2	84)	<1 mm
Linum usitatissimum	2 inc fgts	twig fgts	1 max. 30 x
Aethusa cynapium	1		10 mm
Agrostem ma gi thag o (sf)	1	Ulota sp(p).	1
Alnus glutinosa (b/bs)	1	undisaggreg, compressed plant debris	1 max 5mm
Antitrichia curtipendula	1	Vicia faba (hila)	1
Aster tripolium	1	wood chips	1 max 25mm
Avena sp(p).	1	wood only o	1 111W11 2 0111111
Aven a sp(p). (chaff)	1		
beetles	1		
Bild erdyk ia convolvulus (ff)	1		
bone fgts	1 max 80mm		
Brassica sp./Sinapis arvensis	1		
brick/tile	1 max 5mm		
Calliergon cf. giganteum	1		
Calliergon cuspidatum	1		
Carex sp(p).	1		
Chenopodium album	1		
concretions	1 max 10 mm		
Corylus avellana	1		

Table 4. Assemblages of adult Coleoptera and Hemiptera (excluding Aphidoidea and Coccidoidea) from the 41-49 Walmgate, York (Time Team) site: main statistics by sample. For explanation of codes see Table 6.

Context	1003	1004	1005	1014	1030	1034	1035	1039	Whole
Sample	11	12	10	20	24	31	32	33	site
Ext	/T								
S	37	77	88	44	33	50	36	50	185
N	52	167	184	60	36	65	52	72	688
ALPHA	57	55	66	74	185	98	51	72	83
SEALPHA	16	7	8	20	107	28	14	17	5
SOB	9	17	17	14	6	16	8	13	65
PSOB	24	22	19	32	18	32	22	26	35
NOB	9	19	17	15	6	16	8	14	104
PNOB	17	11	9	25	17	25	15	19	15
ALPHAOB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	74
SEALPHAOB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	14
SW	1	2	2	1	0	2	1	3	7
PSW	3	3	2	2	0	4	3	6	4
NW	1	2	2	1	0	2	1	4	13
PNW	2	1	1	2	0	3	2	6	2
ALPHAW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SEALPHAW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SD	1	1	2	2	0	0	0	1	6
PSD	3	1	2	5	0	0	0	2	3
ND	1	1	2	2	0	0	0	1	7
PND	2	1	1	3	0	0	0	1	1
ALPHAD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SEALPHAD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SP	2	7	8	3	1	9	4	4	28
PSP	5	9	9	7	3	18	11	8	15
NP	2	8	8	4	1	9	4	4	40
PNP	4	5	4	7	3	14	8	6	6
ALPHAP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	42
SEALPHAP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	14
SM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PSM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PNM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ALPHAM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SEALPHAM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SL	3	4	3	2	0	3	3	1	7
PSL	8	5	3	5	0	6	8	2	4
NL	3	4	3	2	0	3	3	1	19
PNL	6	2	2	3	0	5	6	1	3
ALPHAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Context	1003	1004	1005	1014	1030	1034	1035	1039	Whole
Sample	11	12	10	20	24	31	32	33	site
Ext	/T								
SEALPHAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SRT	20	41	51	23	17	27	19	27	210
PSRT	54	53	58	52	52	54	53	54	114
NRT	35	117	135	37	19	40	35	41	459
PNRT	67	70	73	62	53	62	67	57	67
ALPHART	20	23	30	26	0	37	17	35	150
SEALPHART	6	3	4	8	0	12	5	11	12
SRD	5	11	12	4	5	7	6	6	56
PSRD	14	14	14	9	15	14	17	12	30
NRD	11	31	31	6	5	11	11	10	116
PNRD	21	19	17	10	14	17	21	14	17
ALPHARD	0	6	7	0	0	0	0	0	43
SEALPHARD	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	7
SRF	2	3	4	3	5	3	2	6	28
PSRF	5	4	5	7	15	6	6	12	15
NRF	3	7	4	3	6	5	3	10	41
PNRF	6	4	2	5	17	8	6	14	6
ALPHARF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	39
SEALPHARF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13
SSA	16	33	42	17	11	19	13	22	62
PSSA	43	43	48	39	33	38	36	44	34
NSA	26	103	119	23	12	27	28	31	369
PNSA	50	62	65	38	33	42	54	43	54
ALPHASA	18	17	23	30	0	29	10	34	21
SEALPHASA	7	3	3	14	0	12	3	13	2
SSF	7	16	22	9	3	12	5	13	32
PSSF	19	21	25	20	9	24	14	26	17
NSF	9	31	40	12	4	15	6	17	134
PNSF	17	19	22	20	11	23	12	24	19
ALPHASF	0	14	20	0	0	0	0	0	13
SEALPHASF	0	4	6	0	0	0	0	0	2
SST	8	13	15	8	7	6	7	8	25
PSST	22	17	17	18	21	12	19	16	14
NST	16	66	59	11	7	11	13	13	196
PNST	31	40	32	18	19	17	25	18	28
ALPHAST	0	5	7	0	0	0	0	0	8
SEALPHAST	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
SSS	1	4	5	0	1	1	1	1	5
PSSS	3	5	6	0	3	2	3	2	3
NSS	1	6	20	0	1	1	9	1	39
PNSS	2	4	11	0	3	2	17	1	6
ALPHASS	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
SEALPHASS	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
SG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Context	1003	1004	1005	1014	1030	1034	1035	1039	Whole
Sample	11	12	10	20	24	31	32	33	site
Ext	/T								
PSG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PNG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ALPHAG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SEALPHAG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 5. Insects and other macro-invertebrates from 41-49 Walmgate, York (Time Team) site: species lists by sample. Taxa are listed in descending order of abundance then in taxonomic order. Key: n - minimum number of individuals; q - quantification (s - semi-quantitative 'several', m - semi-quantitative 'many', both sensu Kenward et al. (1986), e - estimate); ecodes - ecological codes (see Table 6); * - not used in calculation of statistics in Table 4.

Context: 1003 Sample: 11/T ReM: S	*Oligochaeta sp. (egg capsule)	6	s	u
Weight: 2.00 E: 4.00 F: 3.00	*Proctotrupoidea sp.	6	S	u
_	*Pulex irritans	2	-	SS
Notes: Entered 28.2.2000. Recording approaching	*Lepidop tera sp. (pupa)	1	-	u
'detail'. Flot 1 cm in jar, much 'char'. Possibly some	*Diptera sp. (larva)	1	-	u
unrecognisable charred invertebrates in addition to	*Diptera sp. (puparium)	1	-	u
those listed. Recorded in flot, problems on filter paper.	*Syrphidae sp. (larva)	1	-	u
See sheet for details of charred remains.	*Coleoptera sp. (larva)	1	-	u

See sheet for details of charred remain	ins.			*Coleoptera sp. (larva)	1	-	u
				*Gastropoda sp.	1	-	u
Taxon	n	q	ecodes				
Xylodromus concinnus	7	-	rt-st				
Atomaria sp.	4	-	rd	Context: 1004 Sample: 12/T ReM:	S		
Cryptophagus sp.	3	-	rd-sf	Weight: 1.00 E: 3.50 F: 3.00			
Platystethus arenarius	2	-	rf				
Anotylus rugosus	2	-	rt	Notes: Entered 28/2/2000. Recording			-
Crataraea suturalis	2	-	rt-st	'detail'. Flot 6mm in jar. Recorded in t			
Lathridius minutus group	2	-	rd-st	paper. AH tube recorded: few remains	. NB	shri	velled
?Lyctocoris campestris	1	-	rd-st	Apion.			
Trechus quadristriatus	1	-	oa				
Bembidion (Philochthus) sp.	1	-	oa	Taxon	n	q	ecodes
Bembidion sp.	1	-	oa	Xylodromus concinnus	29	-	rt-st
Carabidae sp.	1	-	ob	Lathridius minutus group	10	-	rd-st
Helophorus sp.	1	-	oa-w	Cercyon analis	8	-	rt-sf
Cercyon analis	1	-	rt-sf	Crataraea suturalis	8	-	rt-st
Platystethus cornutus group	1	-	oa-d	Aleoch arinae sp. A	6	-	u
Anotylus nitidulus	1	-	rt	Cryptophagus scutellatus	6	-	rd-st
Leptacinus sp.	1	-	rt-st	Aleoch arinae sp. B	5	-	u
Gyrohypnus angustatus	1	-	rt-st	Platystethus arenarius	4	-	rf
Neobisnius sp.	1	-	u	Neobisnius sp.	4	-	u
Philonthus ?politus	1	-	rt-st	Anotylus nitidulus	3	-	rt
Staphylininae sp.	1	-	u	Gyrohypnus angustatus	3	-	rt-st
Falagria caesa or sulcatula	1	-	rt-sf	Cordalia ob scura	3	-	rt-sf
Aleoch arinae sp. A	1	-	u	Ptinus ?fur	3	-	rd-sf
Aleoch arinae sp. B	1	-	u	Atomaria nigripennis	3	-	rd-ss
Aleoch arinae sp. C	1	-	u	Carpelimus?bilineatus	2	-	rt-sf
Euplectini sp.	1	-	u	Anotylus complanatus	2	-	rt-sf
Aphodius sp.	1	-	ob-rf	Stenus sp. U	2	-	u
Anobium punctatum	1	-	l-sf	Gyrohypnus fracticornis	2	-	rt-st
Ptinus ?fur	1	-	rd-sf	Aphodius ?prodromus	2	-	ob-rf
Omosita sp.	1	-	rt-sf	Cryptop hagus sp. A	2	-	rd-sf
Corticaria sp.	1	-	rt-sf	Cryptop hagus sp. B	2	-	rd-sf
Tenebrio obscurus	1	-	rt-ss	Anthicus formicarius	2	-	rt-st
Salpingidae sp.	1	-	1	Phyllotreta nemorum group	2	-	oa-p
Anthicus floralis or formicarius	1	-	rt-st	Lyctocoris campestris	1	-	rd-st
Phymatodes alni	1	-	1	?Sphodrus leucophthalmus	1	-	oa
Longitarsus sp.	1	-	oa-p	Bembidion sp.	1	-	oa
Sitona sp.	1	-	oa-p	Pterostichus sp.	1	-	ob
				Agonum dorsale	1	-	oa

Carabidae sp.

15 m u

*Acarina sp.

Helophorus aquaticus or grandis	1	-	oa-w	*Melophagus o vinus (adult)	2	-	oa-w
Helophorus sp.	1	-	oa-w	*Melophagus ovinus (puparium)	1	-	u
Cercyon haemorrhoidalis	1	-	rf-sf	*Syrphidae sp. (larva)	1	-	u
Acritus nigricornis	1	-	rt-st	*Chalcidoidea sp.	1	-	u
Acrotrichis sp.	1	-	rt	*Insecta sp. (larva)	1	-	u
Catops sp.	1	-	u				
Silpha atrata	1	-	u				
Micropeplus sp.	1	-	rt	Context: 1005 Sample: 10/T ReM: S			
Phyllodrepa ?floralis	1	-	rt-sf	Weight: 1.00 E: 2.50 F: 2.50			
Dropephylla vilis	1	-	1				
Omalium ?rivulare	1	-	rt-sf	Notes: Entered 28.2.2000. Recording a			
Omalium sp.	1	-	rt	'detail'. Flot 1 cm in jar, remains part so			
Coprophilus striatulus	1	-	rt-st	paper during Time Team extravaganza			
Carpelimus sp.	1	-	u	flot and on filter paper. Aleocharinae r	epres	sent	a
Anotylus rugosus	1	-	rt	minimum of the taxa present			
Anotylus sculpturatus group	1	-	rt				
Oxytelus sculptus	1	-	rt-st	Taxon	n	q	ecodes
Stenus sp. A	1	-	u	Xylodromus concinnus	20	-	rt-st
Leptacinus ?pusillus	1	-	rt-st	Aglenus brunneus	14	-	rt-ss
Philonthus ?politus	1	-	rt-st	Cryptophagus scutellatus	8	-	rd-st
Philonthus sp.	1	-	u	Cercyon analis	6	-	rt-sf
Quedius sp.	1	-	u	Ptenidium sp.	5	-	rt
Staphylin inae sp. A	1	-	u	Leptacinus pusillus	5	-	rt-st
Staphylin inae sp. B	1	-	u	Aleoch arinae sp. A	5	-	u
Tachinus laticollis or marginellus	1	-	u	Gyrohypnus fracticornis	4	-	rt-st
Falagria caesa or sulcatula	1	-	rt-sf	Cryptop hagus sp. B	4	-	rd-sf
Aleoch arinae sp. C	1	-	u	Lathridius minutus group	4	-	rd-st
Aleoch arinae sp. D	1	-	u	Micropeplus fulvus	3	-	rt
Aleoch arinae sp. E	1	-	u	Omalium caesum or italicum	3	-	rt-sf
Cyphon sp.	1	-	oa-d	Carpelimus fuliginosus	3	-	st
Elateridae sp.	1	-	ob	Oxytelus sculptus	3	-	rt-st
Anobium punctatum	1	-	l-sf	Crataraea suturalis	3	-	rt-st
Lyctus linearis	1	-	l-sf	Atomaria nigripennis	3	-	rd-ss
Meligethes sp.	1	-	oa-p	Lyctocoris campestris	2	-	rd-st
Omosita ?discoidea	1	-	rt-sf	Catops sp.	2	-	u
Atomaria sp. A	1	-	rd	Omalium excavatum	2	-	rt-sf
Atomaria sp. B	1	-	rd	Carpelimus bilineatus	2	-	rt-sf
Ephistemus globulus	1	-	rd-sf	Anotylus nitidulus	2	-	rt
Corticaria sp.	1	-	rt-sf	Stenus sp.	2	-	u
Typhaea stercorea	1	-	rd-ss	Neobisnius sp.	2	-	u
Aglenus brunneus	1	-	rt-ss	Cordalia ob scura	2	-	rt-sf
Tenebrio obscurus	1	-	rt-ss	Aleoch arinae sp. B	2	-	u
Cerambycidae sp.	1	-	1	Aleoch arinae sp. E	2	-	u
Longitarsus sp.	1	-	oa-p	Pselaphidae sp.	2	-	u
Chaetocnema ?concinna	1	-	oa-p	Clambus ?pubescens	2	-	rt-sf
Apion (Oxystoma) ?subulatum	1	-	oa-p	Ptinus ?fur	2	-	rd-sf
Apion sp.	1	-	oa-p	Monotoma spinicollis	2	-	rt-st
Ceutorhynchus sp.	1	-	oa-p	Cryptop hagus sp. A	2	-	rd-sf
				Atomaria sp. A	2	-	rd
*Proctotrupoidea sp.	15	m	u	Orthoperus sp.	2	-	rt
*Acarina sp.	15	m	u	Cortic aria sp. B	2	-	rt-sf
*Pulex irritans	8	-	SS	Empicoris culiciformis	1	-	rt
*Oligochaeta sp. (egg capsule)	6	S	u	Chartoscirta ?cocksi	1	-	oa-w
*Diptera sp. (puparium)	6	S	u	Auchenorhyncha sp.	1	-	oa-p
*Coleop tera sp. (larva)	6	S	u	Bembidion sp.	1	-	oa
*Aranae sp.	6	-	u	Pterostichus (Poecilus) sp.	1	-	oa
*Auchenomyncha sp. (nymph)	3	-	oa-p	Odacanth a melanura	1	-	oa-d

Carabidae sp.	1	_	ob	*Daphnia sp. (ephippium)	1	_	oa-w
Cercyon haemorrhoidalis	1	_	rf-sf	*Cladocera sp. (ephippium)	1	_	oa-w
Cercyon unipunctatus	1	_	rf-st	*Heteroptera sp. (nymph)	1	_	u
Acritus nigricornis	1	_	rt-st	*Auchenorhyncha sp. (nymph)	1	_	oa-p
Ochthebius ?minimus	1	_	oa-w	*Coleoptera sp. (larva)	1	_	u
Acrotrichis sp.	1	_	rt	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
?Phyllodrepa salicis	1	_	rt-sf				
Platystethus arenarius	1	_	rf	Context: 1014 Sample: 20/T ReM: S			
Platystethus degener	1	_	oa-d	Weight: 1.00 E: 3.00 F: 3.00			
Anotylus complanatus	1	_	rt-sf				
Anotylus rugosus	1	_	rt	Notes: Entered 28/2/2000. Recording a	nnra	nach	inσ
Phacophallus parumpunctatus	1	_	rt-st	'detail'. Flot 6-8mm in jar, very coarse.			
Philonthus ?politus	1	_	rt-st	flot, problems on filter paper. AH tube			
Philon thus sp. A	1	_	u	consequence.	11500	G. 11	01
Philon thus sp. B	1	_	u				
Creophilus maxillosus	1		rt	Taxon	n	q	ecodes
Quedius sp.	1	-	u	Anotylus nitidulus	6	٩ -	rt
Staphylin inae sp. A	1	_	u U	Cercyon analis	3	_	rt-sf
Staphylin inae sp. A Staphylin inae sp. B	1	_		Xylodromus concinnus	3	_	rt-st
Tachinus laticollis or marginellus	1	-	u	Anotylus rugosus	3	_	rt rt
•	1		u rt-sf	Trechus micros	2	_	u
Falagria caesa or sulcatula	_	-		Gyrohypnus fracticornis	2	_	rt-st
Aleoch arinae sp. C	1	-	u	Cryptophagus sp.	2	_	rd-sf
Aleoch arinae sp. D	1	-	u	Atomaria sp.	2	_	rd
Aleoch arinae sp. F	1	-	u	Ceutorhynchus contractus	2	_	
Aleoch arinae sp. G	1	-	u	Clivina fossor	1		oa-p
Aphodius sp.	1	-	ob-rf		1	-	oa
Clambus sp.	1	-	rt-sf	Bembidion sp.		-	oa
Elateridae sp.	1	-	ob	Stomis pumicatus	1 1	-	oa o b
Anobium punctatum	1	-	l-sf	Carabidae sp.		-	ob
Lyctus linearis	1	-	l-sf	Hydraena sp.	1	-	oa-w
Meligethes sp.	1	-	oa-p	Omalium caesum or italicum	1	-	rt-sf
Monotoma sp.	1	-	rt-sf	Omalium ?rivulare	1	-	rt-sf
Cryptop hagus sp. C	1	-	rd-sf	Platystethus ?degener	1	-	oa-d
Atomaria sp. C	1	-	rd	Platystethus nitens	1	-	oa-d
Mycetaea hirta	1	-	rd-ss	Anotylus complanatus	1	-	rt-sf
Enicmus sp.	1	-	rt-sf	Oxytelus sculptus	1	-	rt-st
Cortic aria sp. A	1	-	rt-sf	Stenus sp.	1	-	u
Typhaea stercorea	1	-	rd-ss	Gyrohypnus angustatus	1	-	rt-st
Tenebrio obscurus	1	-	rt-ss	Neobisnius sp.	1	-	u
Salpingidae sp.	1	-	1	Falagria caesa or sulcatula	1	-	rt-sf
Anthicus floralis or formicanus	1	-	rt-st	Crataraea suturalis	1	-	rt-st
Phaedon sp.	1	-	oa-p	Aleoch arinae sp. A	1	-	u
Phyllotreta sp.	1	-	oa-p	Aleoch arinae sp. B	1	-	u
Chaetocnema sp.	1	-	oa-p	Aleoch arinae sp. C	1	-	u
Apion sp.	1	-	oa-p	Staphylinidae sp.	1	-	u
Dorytomus sp.	1	-	oa-p	Euplectini sp.	1	-	u
Ceutorhynchus contractus	1	-	oa-p	Aphodius granarius	1	-	ob-rf
				Aphodius prodromus	1	-	ob-rf
*Acarina sp.	100) e	u	Aphodius sp.	1	-	ob-rf
*Oligochaeta sp. (egg capsule)	15	m	u	Hoplia philanthus	1	-	oa
*Proctotrupoidea sp.	15	m	u	Anobium punctatum	1	-	l-sf
*Diptera sp. (pup a)	6	\mathbf{s}	u	Omosita sp.	1	-	rt-sf
*Diptera sp. (puparium)	6	\mathbf{s}	u	Cryptophagus scutellatus	1	-	rd-st
*Aranae sp.	6	-	u	Orthoperus sp.	1	-	rt
*Pulex irritans	3	-	SS	Lathridius minutus group	1	-	rd-st
*Coccoidea sp.	2	-	u	Corticana sp.	1	-	rt-sf
*Hymenoptera sp.	2	-	u	Anthicus floralis or formicarius	1	-	rt-st

Cerambycidae sp.	1	-	1
Longitarsus sp.	1	-	oa-p
Apion sp.	1	-	oa-p
*Acarina sp.	15	m	u
*Oligochaeta sp. (egg capsule)	6	S	u
*Proctotrupoidea sp.	3	-	u
*Diptera sp. (puparium)	2	-	u
*Pulex irritans	2	-	SS
*Coleoptera sp. (larva)	2	-	u
*Aranae sp.	2	-	u
*?Trichoptera sp.	1	-	oa-w
*Melophagus ovinus (puparium)	1	-	u
*Hymenoptera Parasitica sp.	1	-	u
*Insecta sp. (larva)	1	-	u

Context: 1034 Sample: 31/T ReM: S

Weight: 1.00 E: 3.50 F: 3.50

*Acarina sp.

*Proctotrupoidea sp.

*Siphonaptera sp.

*Apoidea sp.

*Formicidae sp.

*Diptera sp. (puparium)

*Sipпонарыта ър. *Coleoptera sp. (larva)

*Cladocera sp. F (ephippium)

*Melophagus ovinus (puparium)

Notes: Entered 28/2/2000. Flot 5mm in jar. Recorded in flot, problems on filter paper. AH tube listed: inconse quential. Subjectively, hints of heath/moor.

15 m u

3 - u

1 - u

1 - u

1 - u

- u

- oa-w 1 - u

2

1

Context: 1030 Sample: 24/T ReM: S Weight: 1.00 E: 3.50 F: 3.50

Notes: Entered 28/2/2000. One dish flot. Recorded in flot, problems on filter paper.

T.			
Taxon	n	_	ecodes
Carpelimus?bilineatus	2		rt-sf
Carpelimus pusillus group	2		u
Platystethus arenarius	2	-	rf
?Hemiptem sp.	1	-	u
?Trechus sp.	1	-	ob
Carabidae sp.	1	-	ob
Cercyon analis	1	-	rt-sf
Cercyon unipunctatus	1	-	rf-st
Cryptopleurum minutum	1	-	rf-st
Acritus nigricornis	1	-	rt-st
Carpelimus fuliginosus	1	-	st
Anotylus nitidulus	1	-	rt
Anotylus rugosus	1	-	rt
Oxytelus sculptus	1	-	rt-st
Stenus sp. A	1	-	u
Stenus sp. B	1	-	u
Lathrobium sp.	1	-	u
Neobisnius sp.	1	-	u
Philon thus sp. A	1	-	u
Philon thus sp. B	1	-	u
Falagria or Cordalia sp.	1	-	rt-sf
Aleoch arinae sp. A	1	-	u
Aleoch arinae sp. B	1	-	u
Aphodius ?granarius	1	-	ob-rf
Aphodius sp.	1	_	ob-rf
Ptinidae sp.	1	_	rd

Rhizophagus sp.

Chaetocnema sp.

Curculionidae sp.

Atomaria sp. Mycetaea hirta

Cryptophagus scutellatus

Lathridius minutus group

Taxon	n	q	ecodes
Xylodromus concinnus	4	-	rt-st
Carpelimus pusillus group	3	_	u
Platystethus arenarius	3	_	rf
Omalium caesum or italicum	2	_	rt-sf
Anotylus complanatus	2	_	rt-sf
Anotylus nitidulus	2	-	rt
Anotylus rugosus	2	_	rt
Cryptophagus scutellatus	2	-	rd-st
Cryptop hagus sp. B	2	-	rd-sf
Atomaria sp. B	2	_	rd
Lathridius minutus group	2	-	rd-st
Delphacidae sp. A	1	_	oa-p
Delph acidae sp. B	1	_	oa-p
Auchenorhyncha sp.	1	_	oa-p
Amara sp.	1	_	oa
Carabidae sp.	1	_	ob
Helophorus sp.	1	_	oa-w
Cercyon analis	1	_	rt-sf
Histerinae sp.	1	-	rt
Ochthebius sp.	1	-	oa-w
Acrotrichis sp.	1	-	rt
Phyllodrepa ?floralis	1	_	rt-sf
Dropephylla sp.	1	-	u
Omalium ?rivulare	1	-	rt-sf
Carpelimus?bilineatus	1	-	rt-sf
Stenus sp.	1	-	u
Gyrohypnus angustatus	1	-	rt-st
Gyrohypnus fracticornis	1	-	rt-st
Falagria or Cordalia sp.	1	-	rt-sf
Aleoch arinae sp. A	1	-	u
Aleoch arinae sp. B	1	-	u
Aleoch arinae sp. C	1	-	u
Trox scaber	1	-	rt-sf
Apho dius sp. A	1	-	ob-rf
Apho dius sp. B	1	-	ob-rf
Elateridae sp.	1		ob
Anobium punctatum	1	-	l-sf
Ptinus sp.	1	-	rd-sf

1

- u 1 - rd-st

1 - rd

1 - rd-ss 1 - rd-st

1 - oa-p 1 - oa

Cryptop hagus sp . A	1	-	rd-sf	Anotylus nitidulus	1	-	rt
Atomaria sp. A	1	-	rd	Stenus sp.	1	-	u
Aglenus brunneus	1	-	rt-ss	Gyrohypnus angustatus	1	-	rt-st
Anthicus floralis or formicarius	1	-	rt-st	Gyrohypnus ?fracticornis	1	-	rt-st
Phymatodes alni	1	-	1	Philon thus sp. A	1	-	u
Cerambycidae sp.	1	-	1	Philon thus sp. B	1	-	u
?Altica sp.	1	-	oa-p	Crataraea suturalis	1	-	rt-st
Halticinae sp.	1	-	oa-p	Aleoch arinae sp. A	1	-	u
Apion sp. A	1	-	oa-p	Aleoch arinae sp. B	1	-	u
Apion sp. B	1	-	oa-p	Trox scaber	1	-	rt-sf
?Strophosomus sp.	1	-	oa-p	Aphodius sp.	1	-	ob-rf
?Sitona sp.	1	-	oa-p	Lyctus linearis	1	-	l-sf
•			•	Atomaria sp. A	1	-	rd
*Acarina sp.	15	m	u	Atomaria sp. B	1	-	rd
*Diptera sp. (puparium)	6	S	u	Orthoperus sp.	1	-	rt
*Proctotrupoidea sp.	6	S	u	Cerambycidae sp.	1	-	1
*Pulex irritans	4	-	SS	Longitarsus sp.	1	-	oa-p
*Oligochaeta sp. (egg capsule)	3	-	u	Chaetocnema sp.	1	-	oa-p
*Coccoidea sp.	3	-	u	Cossoninae sp.	1	-	u
*Diptera sp. (adult)	2	-	u	Ceuthorhynchinae sp.	1	-	oa-p
*Forficula auricularia	1	-	rt	Leperisinus ?varius	1	-	1
*Auchenorhyncha sp. (nymph)	1	-	oa-p				
*Diptera sp. (pup a)	1	-	u	*Acarina sp.	15	m	u
*Melophagus o vinus (adult)	1	-	oa-w	*Coccoidea sp.	3	-	u
*Melophagus ovinus (puparium)	1	-	u	*Oligochaeta sp. (egg capsule)	2	-	u
*Syrphidae sp. (larva)	1	-	u	*Auchenorhyncha sp. (nymph)	2	-	oa-p
*Dermestes lardarius (larva)	1	-	rd-sf	*Cladocera sp. (ephippium)	1	-	oa-w
*?Apis mellifera	1	-	u	*Syrphidae sp. (larva)	1	-	u
*Chalcidoidea sp.	1	-	u	*Siphonaptera sp.	1	-	u
*Gastropoda sp.	1	-	u	*Insecta sp. (larva)	1	-	u
*Lophopus crystallinus	1	-	oa-w				

Context: 1035 Sample: 32/T ReM: S Weight: 1.00 E: 3.50 F: 2.50

Notes: Entered 29.2.2000. Two dish flot. Recorded in flot, problems on filter paper. Recording approaching 'detail'. AH tube, with few useful remains. Entire modern Carpelimus gracilis to reference collection.

Taxon	n	q	ecodes
Aglenus brunneus	9	-	rt-ss
Cryptophagus scutellatus	4	-	rd-st
Xylodromus concinnus	3	-	rt-st
Platystethus arenarius	2	-	rf
Cryptophagus sp.	2	-	rd-sf
Lathridius minutus group	2	-	rd-st
?Lyctocoris campestris	1	-	rd-st
?Paramesus nervosus	1	-	oa-p
Carabidae sp. A	1	-	ob
Carabidae sp. B	1	-	ob
Helophorus ?aquaticus	1	-	oa-w
Cercyon analis	1	-	rt-sf
Ptenidium sp.	1	-	rt
Carpelimus ?bilineatus	1	-	rt-sf
Carpelimus pusillus group	1	-	u

Context: 1039 Sample: 33/T ReM: S

Weight: 1.00 E: 3.50 F: 2.50

Notes: Entered 28/2/2000. Recording approaching 'detail'. Small flot. Recorded in flot, problems on filter paper. AH tube contained no significant remains.

Taxon	n	q	ecodes
Platystethus arenarius	5	-	rf
Carpelimus pusillus group	4	-	u
Anotylus complanatus	4	-	rt-sf
Lathridius minutus group	4	-	rd-st
Stenus sp. U	3	-	u
Aleoch arinae sp. B	3	-	u
Helophorus sp.	2	-	oa-w
Xylodromus concinnus	2	-	rt-st
Anotylus nitidulus	2	-	rt
Gyrohypnus ?fracticornis	2	-	rt-st
Cryptop hagus sp. A	2	-	rd-sf
Aphrodes sp.	1	-	oa-p
Delphacidae sp.	1	-	oa-p
Bembidion sp.	1	-	oa
Helophorus aquaticus or grandis	1	-	oa-w
Cercyon analis	1	-	rt-sf
Cercyon ?unipunctatus	1	-	rf-st

Hydraena sp.	1	-	oa-w
Scydmaenus sp.	1	-	u
Dropep hylla ?ioptera	1	-	u
Omalium caesum or italicum	1	_	rt-sf
Omalium ?rivulare	1	-	rt-sf
Coprophilus striatulus	1	_	rt-st
Carpelimus bilineatus	1	_	rt-sf
Carpelimus fuliginosus	1	_	st
Platystethus nitens	1	_	oa-d
Leptacinus pusillus	1	_	rt-st
Philonthus sp.	1	_	u
Staphylininae sp.	1	_	u
Falagria or Cordalia sp.	1	_	rt-sf
Aleoch arinae sp. A	1	-	u
Aleocharinae sp. C	1	_	u
Aleocharinae sp. D	1	-	u
Aleoch arinae sp. E	1	_	u
Euplectini sp.	1	-	u
Aphodius granarius	1	_	ob-rf
Aphodius ?prodromus	1	_	ob-rf
Apho dius sp. A	1	_	ob-rf
Apho dius sp. B	1	_	ob-rf
Anobium punctatum	1	_	l-sf
Ptinus sp.	1	-	rd-sf
?Meligethes sp.	1	_	oa-p
Omosita sp.	1	_	rt-sf
Cryptophagus ?scutellatus	1	_	rd-st
Cryptop hagus sp. B	1	-	rd-sf
Atomaria sp.	1	-	rd
Cortic aria sp. A	1	_	rt-sf
Cortic aria sp. B	1	-	rt-sf
Aglenus brunneus	1	-	rt-ss
?Longitarsus sp.	1	-	oa-p
*Diptera sp. (puparium)	300	e	u
*Acarina sp.	15	m	u
*Diptera sp. (pup a)	6	s	u
*Auchenorhyncha sp. (nymph)	3	-	oa-p
*Coccoidea sp.	3	-	u
*Coleoptera sp. (larva)	3	-	u
*Diptera sp. (adult)	2	-	u
*Oligochaeta sp. (egg capsule)	1	-	u
*Daphnia sp. (ephippium)	1	-	oa-w
*Melophagus o vinus (adult)	1	-	oa-w
*Siphonaptera sp.	1	-	u
*Chalcidoidea sp.	1	-	u
*Gastropoda sp.	1	-	u

Table 6. Abbreviations for ecological codes and statistics used for interpretation of insect remains in text and tables. Lower case codes in parentheses are those assigned to taxa and used to calculate the group values (the codes in capitals). See Table 2 for codes assigned to taxa from 41-49 Walmgate, York. Alpha - the index of diversity alpha (Fisher et al. 1943); Indivs - individuals (based on MNI); No - number.

No taxa	S	Percentage of indivs of grain pests	PNG
Estimated number of indivs (MNI)	N	No decomposer taxa ($rt + rd + rf$)	SRT
Index of diversity ()	alpha	Percentage of RT taxa	PSRT
Standard error of alpha	SE alpha	No RT indivs	NRT
No 'certain' outdoor taxa (oa)	SOA	Percentage of RT indivs	PNRT
		Index of diversity of RT component	alpha RT
Percentage of 'certain' outdoor taxa No 'certain' outdoor indivs	PSOA NOA	Standard error	SEalphaRT
	PNOA	No 'dry' decomposer taxa (rd)	SRD Percentage
Percentage of 'certain' outdoor indivs		of RD taxa	PSRD
No OA and probable outdoor taxa (oa+ob)			
Percentage of OB taxa	PSOB	No RD indivs	NRD
No OB indivs	NOB	Percentage of RD indivs	PNRD
Percentage OB indivs	PNOB	Index of diversity of the RD component	alphaRD
Index of diversity of the OB component	alphaOB	Standard error	SEalphaRD
Standard error	SEalphaOB	No 'foul' decomposer taxa (rf)	SRF
No aquatic taxa (w)	SW	Percentage of RF taxa	PSRF
Percentage of aquatic taxa	PSW	No RF indivs	NRF
No aquatic indivs	NW	Percentage of RF indivs	PNRF
Percentage of W indivs	PNW	Index of diversity of the RF component	alphaRF
Index of diversity of the W component	alphaW	Standard error	SEalphaRF
Standard error	SEalphaW	No synanthropic taxa(sf+st_ss)	SSA
No damp ground/waterside tax a (d)	SD	Percentage of synanthropic taxa	PSSA
Percentage D taxa	PSD	No synanthropic indivs	NSA
No damp D indivs	ND	Percentage of SA indivs	PNSA
Percentage of D indivs	PND	Index of diversity of SA component	ALPHASA
Index of diversity of the D component	alphaD	Standard error	SEALPHASA
Standard error	SEalphaD	No facultatively synanthropic indivs	SSF
No strongly plant-associated taxa (p)	SP	Percentage of SF taxa	PSSF
Percentage of P taxa	PSP	No SF indivs	NSF
No strongly P indivs	NP	Percentage of SF indivs	PNSF
Percentage of P indivs	PNP	Index of diversity of SF component	ALPHASF
Index of diversity of the P component	alphaP	Standard error	SEALPHASF
Standard error	SEalphaP	No typical synanthropic indivs	SST
No heathland/moorland tax a (m)	SM	Percentage of ST taxa	PSST
Percentage of M taxa	PSM	No ST indivs	NST
No M indivs	NM	Percentage of ST indivs	PNST
Percentage of M indivs	PNM	Index of diversity of ST component	ALPHAST
Index of diversity of the M component	alphaM	Standard error	SEALPHAST
Standard error	SEalphaM	No strongly synanthropic taxa	SSS
No wood-associated taxa (1)	SL	Percentage of SS taxa	PSSS
Percentage of L taxa	PSL	No SS indivs	NSS
No L indivs	NL	Percentage of SS indivs	PNSS
Percentage of L indivs	PNL	Index of diversity of SS component	ALPHASS
Index of diversity of the L component	alphaL	Standard error	SEALPHASS
Standard error	SEalphaL	No uncoded taxa (u)	SU
No indivs of grain pests (g)	NG	Percentage of uncoded indivs	PNU
1 to marvo or grain people (g)	1.0		. =

Table 7. 41-49 Walmgate, York (Time Team) site. Preservation records for assemblages of macro-invertebrates. Key: E - degree of chemical erosion; F - degree of fragmentation (in each case 0.5 - none ... 5.5 - extreme). For strength (of mode): W - weak; D - distinct; S - strong. See Kenward and Large (1998) for full expanation.

Context	Sample	E			F			Other
		Range	Mode	Strength	Range	Mode	Strength	
1003	11	3.0-5.0	4.0	W	2.0-5.0	3.0	W	Numerous charred remains present
1004	12	1.5-4.0	3.5	D	2.0-5.0	3.0	D	Trace of charred remains
,005	10	1.5-3.5	2.5	W	1.5-4.0	2.5	D	Crumpled <i>Pulex</i> head
1014	20	1.5-4.0	3.0	D	1.0-4.0	3.0	D	
1030	24	3.0-4.0	3.5	W	2.5-5.5	3.5	W	
1034	31	3.0-4.5	3.5	W	2.0-5.0	3.5	W	
1035	32	2.0-4.0	3.5	D	1.5-4.5	2.5	D	
1039	33	2.0-4.5	3.5	D	1.5-4.5	2.5	S	

Table 8. Assemblages of adult Coleoptera and Hemiptera (excluding Aphidoidea and Coccidoidea) from 41-49 Walmgate, York (Time Team) site: Numbers of taxa (s) and individuals (n) placed in Group A ('house fauna') by Carrott and Kenward (2000), by sample. Note that the various fleas, lice and flies placed in Group A are excluded. The 'core' group consists of taxa with strong affinities only within the group: 'shared' taxa have some affinities with members of other groups.

Context	Sample	Ext	N	s (core)	n (core)	n (core) as % of N	s (core + shared)	n (core + shared)	n (core + shared) as % of N
1003	11	/T	52	10	23	44	12	25	48
1004	12	/T	167	20	75	45	22	79	47
1005	10	/T	184	22	77	42	29	89	48
1014	20	/T	60	8	12	20	10	14	23
1030	24	/T	36	4	4	11	5	5	14
1034	31	/T	65	10	17	26	12	20	31
1035	32	/T	52	11	26	50	11	26	50
1039	33	/T	72	10	15	21	13	18	25

Table 9. 41-49 Walmgate, York (Time Team) site. Charred invertebrate remains from Sample 11/T, Context 1003. Key: abd - abdomen; hd - head capsule; th - prothorax or pronotum; us - thoracic sterna.

Taxon	Charred parts recorded			
Diptera puparia	fragment			
Pulex irritans	entire including most of appendages			
Carabidae sp.	leg			
Cercyon analis	?us+abd			
Xylodromus	one entire			
concinnus	hd (with antennae)+th+us			
	hd			
Euplectinae sp.	entire apart from appendages			
Cryptophagus sp.	?us+abd			
Atomaria sp.	hd+th+abd			
	us+abd			
Proctotrupoidea sp.	hd			
Acarina	several entire apart from distal parts of limbs			

Table 10. Summary of the shell remains recovered from well-dated contexts at 41-49 Walmgate, York (numbers of hand-collected and SRS recovered combined by Context). A '?' before numbers indicates possible numbers (e.g. '3(?4) = definitely 3, possibly 4, whereas '?3/4' = possibly 3, possibly 4).

Key (Oyster): 'Rv' = number of right (or upper) valves; 'Lv' = number of left (or lower) valves; 'Iv' = number of valves of indeterminate side; 'Knife marks' = number of valves showing damage characteristic of the oyster having been opened using a knife or similar implement; '?Meas' = estimated number of valves intact enough to be measured usefully; 'Worm' = number of valves showing damage by polychaet worms; 'Barn' = number of valves with barnacles; 'Dog whelk' = number of valves showing damage from dog whelk boring.

	Helix sp.	Mussel	Oyster							
Context			Rv	Lv	Iv	Knife marks	?Meas	Worm	Barn	Dog whelk
1013	1	0	5	8	0	1(?3)	3(?4)	0	0	0
1030	0	1	2	3	0	1	4	0	0	0
1031	0	0	0	0	?1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	1	1	7	11	?1	2(?4)	7(?8)	0	0	0

Table 11. Total numbers of vertebrate fragments, with numbers of measurable and subadult bones, mandibles and isolated teeth yielding ageing and sexing information and weights, by species, from 41-49 Walmgate (Time Team site), York.

Key: Total frags = total number of fragments; No. meas = number of measurable fragments; No. meand = number of mandibles; No. teeth = number of isolated mandibular teeth; No. unfused = number of unfused fragments.

Taxon		No. meas	No. unfused	No. mand	No. teeth	Total frags	Weight (g)
Vole/ mouse	Microtine/Murine	-	-	-	-	1	0.1
Bank vole	Clethrionomys glareolus (Schreber)	-	-	-	-	1	0.1
Mouse	Murine sp.	ı	-	-	-	1	0.1
Cat	Felis f. domestic	1	-	-	-	1	1.3
Pig	Sus f. domestic	-	-	1	1	16	152.2
Cattle	Bos f. domestic	1	1	1	1	24	636.8
Sheep/ goat	Caprovid	3	1	-	1	12	64.5
Duck	Anas sp.	1	-	-	-	1	1.7
?Fowl	cf. Gallus f. domestic	1	-	-	-	1	0.5
Chicken	Gallus f. domestic	2	-	-	-	2	7.2
Herring	Clupea harengus L.	-	-	-	-	25	0.6
Eel	Anguilla anguilla (L.)	-	-	-	-	5	0.4
Cod family	Gadid	-	-	-	-	3	2.9
Cod	Gadus morhua L.	-	-	-	-	9	9.7
Haddock	Melanogrammus aeglefinus (L.)	-	-	-	-	2	0.7
Subtotal		9	2	2	3	104	878.8
Large mam	nmal	-	-	-	-	126	1377.4
Medium-si	zed mammal 1	ı	-	-	-	164	377.7

Taxon	No. meas	No. unfused	No. mand	No. teeth	Total frags	Weight (g)
Bird	-	-	-	-	20	7.8
Fish	-	-	-	=	62	3.1
Unidentified	-	-	-	=	688	379.0
Subtotal	-	-	1	-	1060	2145
Total	9	2	2	3	1164	3023.8

Table 12. Number of vertebrate remains by phase from 41-49 Walmgate (Time Teamsite), York.

Taxon		Phase 1	Phase 3	Phase 4	Total no.
Vole/mouse	Microtine/Murine	1	-	-	1
Bank vole	Clethrionomys glareolus (Schreber)	-	-	1	1
Mouse	Murine sp.	-	1	-	1
Cat	Felis f. domestic	-	-	1	1
Pig	Sus f. domestic	1	1	14	16
Cattle	Bos f. domestic	5	-	19	24
Sheep/goat	Caprovid	1	=	11	12
Duck	Anas sp.	-	-	1	1
?Fowl	cf. Gallus f. domestic	-	-	1	1
Chicken	Gallus f. domestic	-	-	2	2
Herring	Clupea harengus L.	6	7	12	25
Eel	Anguilla anguilla (L.)	1	2	2	5
Cod family	Gadid	1	-	2	3
Cod	Gadus morhua L.	-	1	8	9
Haddock	Melanogrammus aeglefinus (L.)	-	-	2	2
Subtotal		16	12	76	104
Large mamm	al	22	6	98	126
Medium-size	d mammal 1	18	19	127	164
Bird		6	2	12	20
Fish		4	19	39	62
Unidentified		132	105	451	688
Subtotal		182	151	727	1060
Total		198	163	803	1164

Table 13. Number of vertebrate remains by recovery method from 41-49 Walmgate (Time Team site), York.

Taxon		Hand- collected	SRS	BS	GBA	Total no. frags
Vole/mouse	Microtine/Murine	-	-	-	1	1
Bank vole	Clethrionomys glareolus (Schreber)	-	-	-	1	1
Mouse	Murine sp.	-	-	1	-	1
Cat	Felis f. domestic	1	-	-	-	1
Pig	Sus f. domestic	4	7	5	-	16
Cattle	Bos f. domestic	15	8	1	-	24
Sheep/goat	Caprovid	7	4	1	-	12
Duck	Anas sp.	1	-	-	-	1
?Fowl	cf. Gallus f. domestic	-	1	-	-	1
Chicken	Gallus f. domestic	1	1	-	-	2
Herring	Clupea harengus L.	-	=	19	6	25
Eel	Anguilla anguilla (L.)	-	ı	3	2	5
Cod family	Gadid	-	1	1	1	3
Cod	Gadus morhua L.	-	8	1	-	9
Haddock	Melanogrammus aeglefinus (L.)	-	2	-	-	2
Subtotal		29	32	32	11	104
Large mamm	al	62	44	17	3	126
Medium-size	d mammal 1	49	64	51	-	164
Bird		1	10	9	-	20
Fish		-	3	57	2	62
Unidentified		63	145	480	-	688
Subtotal		175	266	614	5	1060
Total		204	298	646	16	1164

Table 14. Proportions of meat-bearing and non meat-bearing parts of the skeleton, from 41-49 Walmgate (Time Team site), York.

Species	Meat- bearing	Non meat- bearing	Total
Cattle	8	16	24
Caprovid	4	7	11
Pig	1	15	16
Total	13	38	51